

# Cisco

## Exam Questions 352-001

CCDE Written Exam



### NEW QUESTION 1

As part of network design, two geographically separated data centers must be interconnected using Ethernet-over-MPLS pseudowire. The link between the sites is stable, the topology has no apparent loops, and the root bridges for the respective VLANs are stable and unchanging. Which aspect must be the part of the design to mitigate the risk of connectivity issues between the data centers?

- A. Enable 802.1d on one data center, and 802.1w on the other.
- B. Ensure that the spanning tree diameter for one or more VLANs is not too large.
- C. Enable UDLD on the link between the data centers.
- D. Enable root guard on the link between the data centers.

**Answer: B**

### NEW QUESTION 2

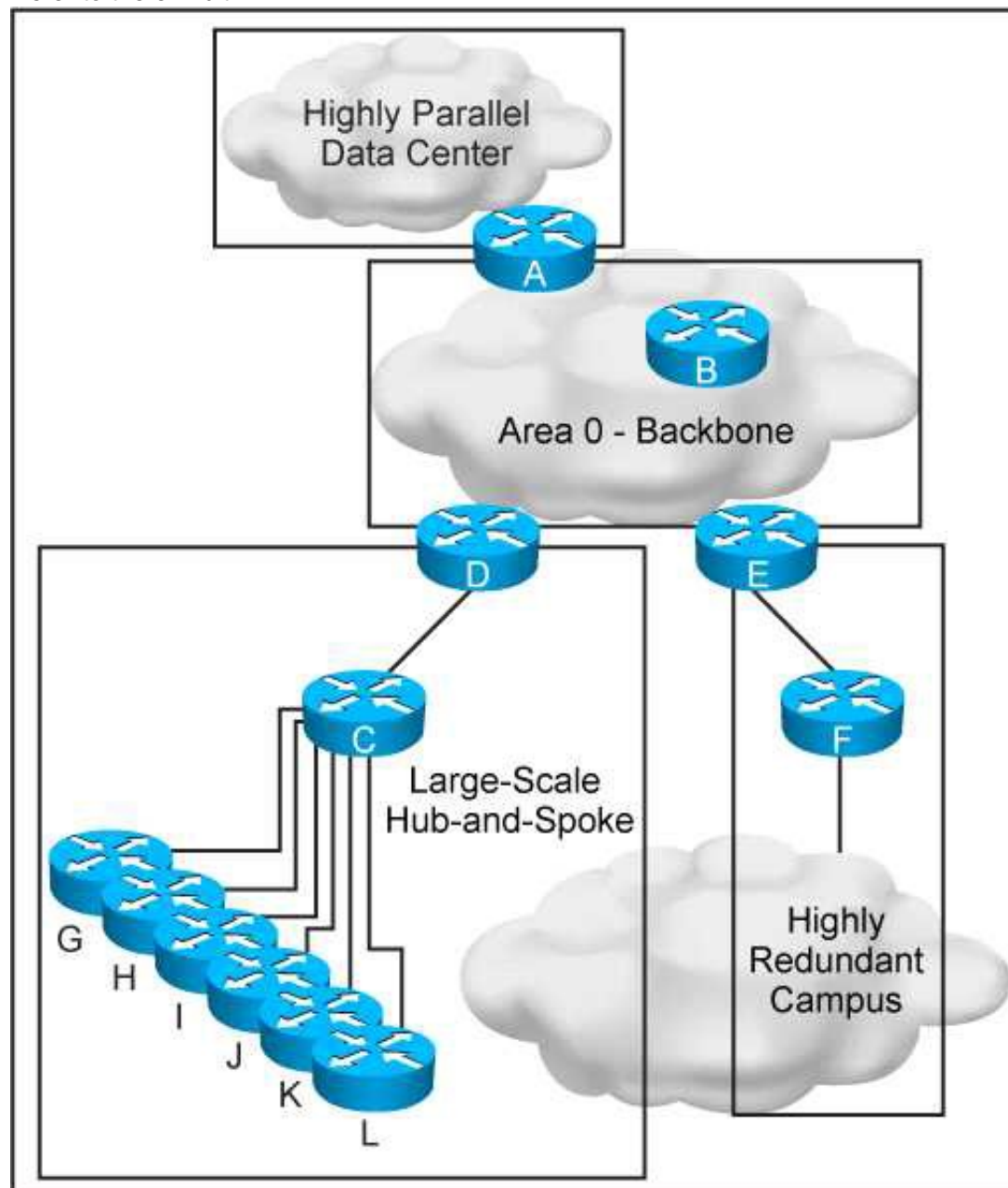
What are two benefits of following a structured hierarchical and modular design? (Choose two.)

- A. Each component can be designed independently for its role.
- B. Each component can be managed independently based on its role.
- C. Each component can be funded by different organizations based on its role.
- D. Each component can support multiple roles based on the requirements.
- E. Each component can provide redundancy for applications and services.

**Answer: AB**

### NEW QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit.



This new OSPF network has four areas, but the hub-and-spoke area experiences frequent flapping. In order to fix this design failure, which two mechanisms can you use to isolate the data center area from the hub-and-spoke area without losing Ip connectivity? (Choose two)

- A. Use OSPF distribute-list filtering on router A
- B. Deploy a prefix summarization on router D
- C. Make the data center area a NSSA
- D. Make the data center area totally stub
- E. Convert the data center area to EIGRP protocol

**Answer: BD**

### NEW QUESTION 4

Which IEEE standard is commonly used at the data link layer for an access network, in an IoT environment?

- A. Wireless Regional Area Network

- B. Low-Rate Wireless Network
- C. Wireless Local Area Network
- D. Broadband wireless metropolitan Network

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

Which statement about TAP and TUN devices, which are used in a Linux/KVM cloud deployment model, is true?

- A. TUN is for handling IP packets, but TAP is for handling Ethernet frames
- B. TUN is for handling Ethernet frames, but TAP is for handling IP packets
- C. TUN is for tunneling IP packets, but TAP is for tapping IP packets
- D. TUN is for tunneling Ethernet frames, but TAP is for tapping Ethernet frames

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

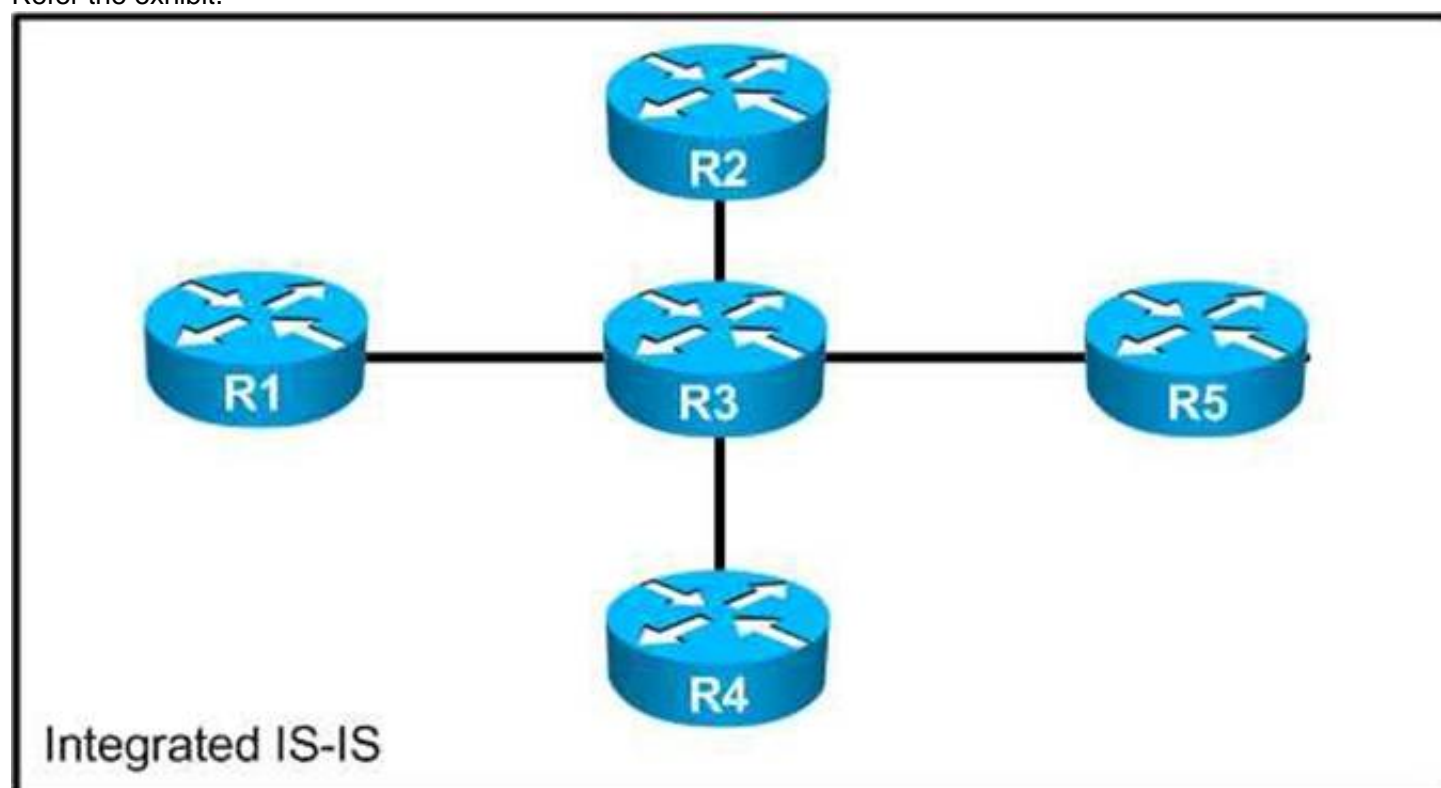
A regional ISP is running MPLS TE. These tunnels are configured manually using paths. Which technology centralizes the traffic engineering decisions to reduce operational complexity?

- A. BGP Link State
- B. DiffServ-TE
- C. TE autobandwidth
- D. Shared Risk link Group

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 7

Refer the exhibit.



You have designed a IPv6 migration plan, and now you need to determine the impact on the existing IPv4 network. Which is likely to happen when you enable IPv6 routing on the link between R3 and R2, starting at R3?

- A. R3 advertises the link from R3-R2 to R1, R4 and R5 only.
- B. R2 receives an IPv6 default route from R3.
- C. Only R3 and R2 have IPv4 and IPv6 reachability.
- D. Loopback reachability between all routers for IPv4 is lost.
- E. All routers except R2 are reachable through IPv4.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 8

What are two possible drawbacks of ending Loop-Free Alternate to support fast convergence for most destination IGP prefixes? (Choose two)

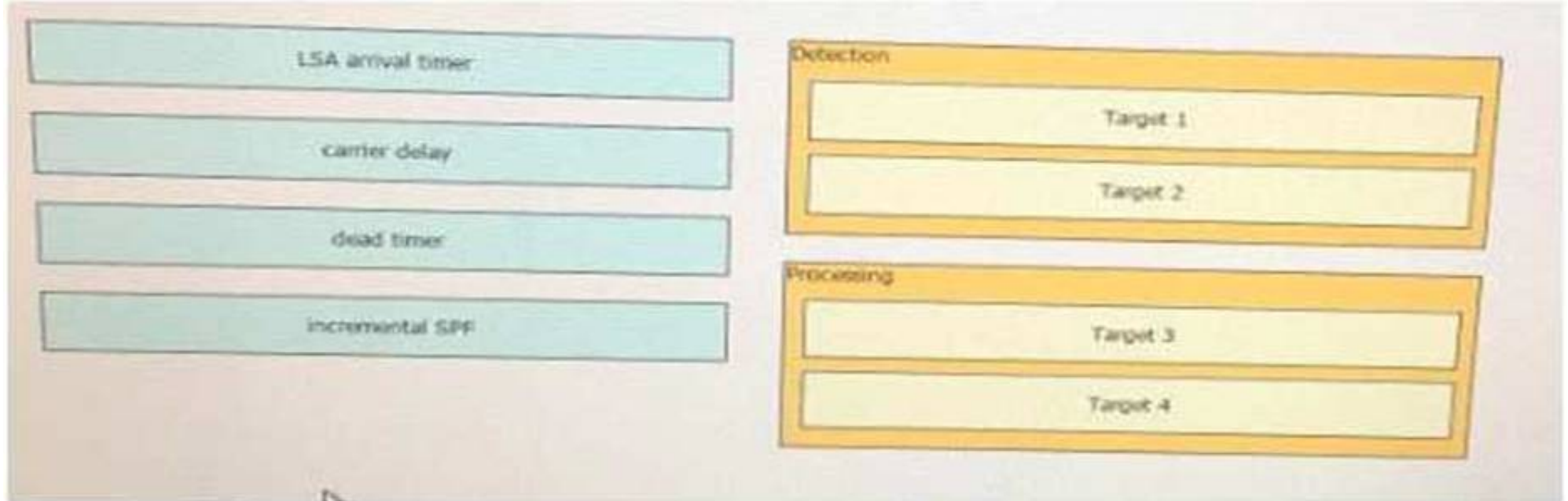
- A. The IGP topology might need to be adjust
- B. Loop-free alternate's convergence in less than 100 milliseconds is not possible
- C. Loop-free alternate's are supported only for prefixes that are considered external tot the IGP
- D. Loop-free alternates are not supported in global VPN VRF OSPF instances
- E. Additional path computations are needed

**Answer: AE**

#### NEW QUESTION 9

DRAG DROP

Classify the OSPF Fast Network Convergence technique by dragging the techniques on the left and dropping them into the corresponding categories on the right.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

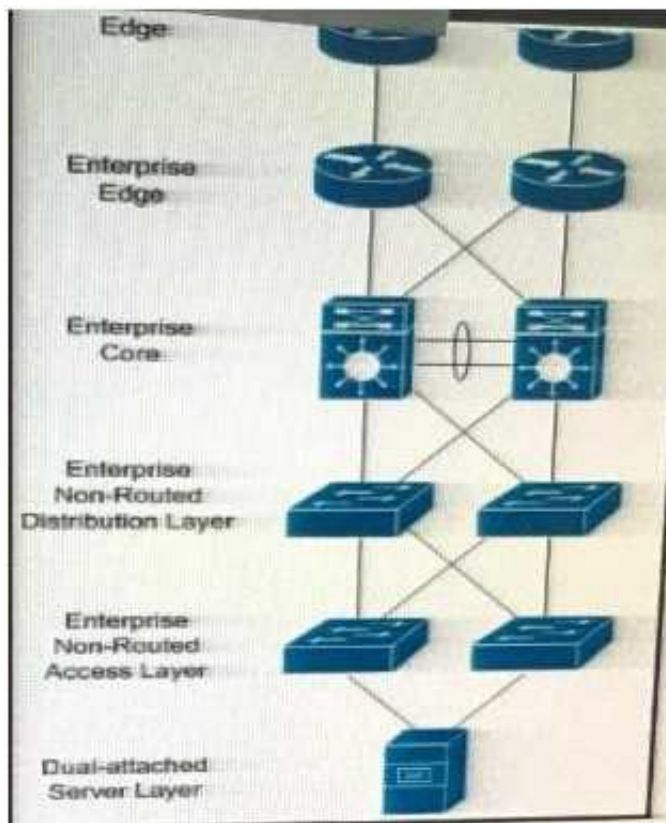
**Explanation:**

Detection: carrier delay, dead timer

Processing: LSA arrival timer, incremental SPF

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Refer to the Exhibit.



In which three Layers should you use nonstop Forwarding to reduce service impact in case of failure? (Choose three)

- A. Enterprise Edge
- B. Enterprise Core
- C. Service provider Edge
- D. Dual-attached sever Layer
- E. Enterprise Non-Routed Access Layer
- F. Enterprise Non-Routed Distribution Layer.

**Answer:** ABC

**NEW QUESTION 10**

A very large enterprise customer is migrating from EIGRP to IS-IS .What is your main concern in regards to change in the path packets take after the migration is complete?

- A. The areas sizes.
- B. The number of prefixes
- C. The redistribution points.
- D. The bandwidth and metrics of the links.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 13**



A large enterprise network running IS-IS wants to deploy IGP traffic engineering, but they are concerned that the IS-IS default metrics are not flexible enough. Which feature must be enabled to provide traffic engineering with the minimum amount of changes?

- A. IS-IS Narrow Metrics
- B. IS-IS DIS
- C. IS-IS Wide Metrics
- D. IS-IS Multitopology

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 16

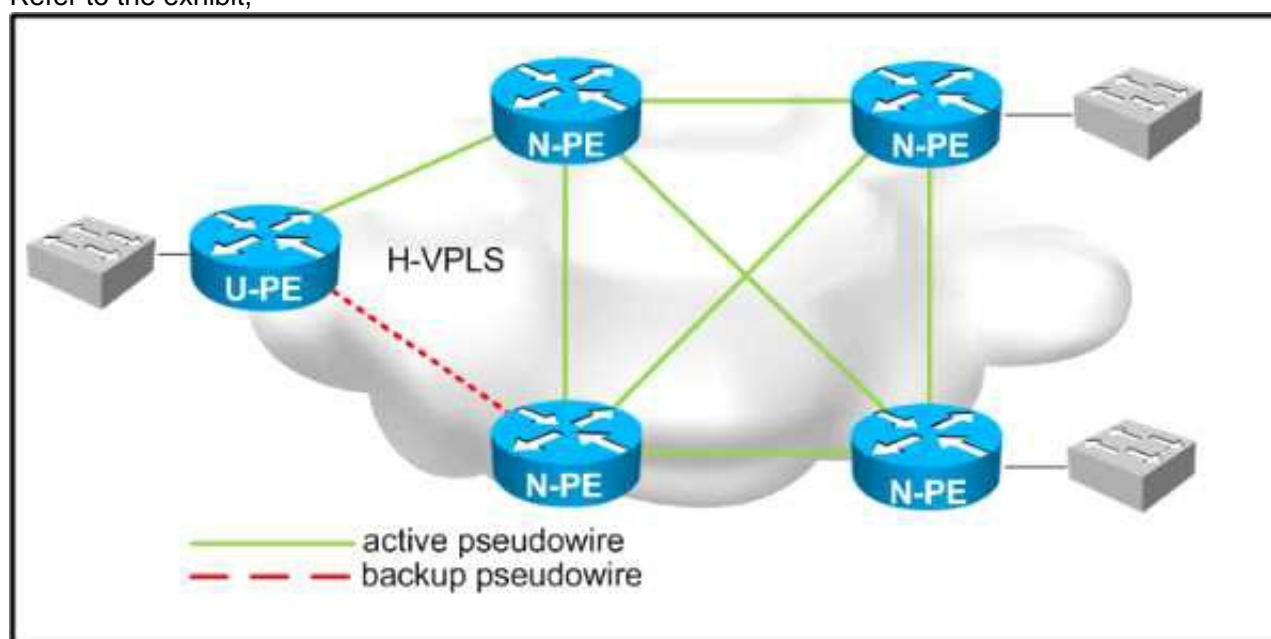
A network designer wants to improve a company network design due to multiple network crashes. Which technology would allow for the restore of a network connection without informing the Layer 3 protocol?

- A. Bidirectional Forwarding Detection
- B. automatic protection switching
- C. UDLD
- D. Ethernet OAM

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 19

Refer to the exhibit,



Which two design considerations should be implemented on the pseudowire between N-PE and U-PE routers for a loop-free hierarchical VPLS service? (Choose two)

- A. Disable split horizon towards the U-PE router.
- B. Disable MAC learning on the U-PE router.
- C. Enable split horizon towards the N-PE routers.
- D. Disable MAC learning on the U-PE routers.
- E. Disable MAC learning on the U-PE routers.
- F. Enable split horizon towards the U-PE routers.
- G. Disable split horizon toward the N-PE routers.

**Answer: AC**

#### NEW QUESTION 24

A data center provider has designed a network using these requirements

Two data center sites are connected to the public internet

Both data centers are connected to different Internet providers

Both data centers are also directly connected with a private connection for the internal traffic can also be at this direct connection The data center provider has only /19 public IP address block

Under normal conditions, Internet traffic should be routed directly to the data center where the services are located. When one Internet connections fails to complete traffic for both data centers should be routed by using the remaining Internet connection in which two ways can this routing be achieved? (Choose two)

- A. One /20 block is used for the first data center and the second /20 block is used for the second data cente
- B. The /20 block from the local data center is sent out without path prepending and the /20 block from the remote data center is sent out with path prepending at both sites
- C. One /20 block is used for the first data center and the second /20 block is used for the second data cente
- D. Each /20 block is only sent out locall
- E. The /19 block is sent out at both Internet connections for the backup case to reroute the traffic through the remaining internet connection
- F. One /20 block is used for the first data center and the second /20 block is used for the second data cente
- G. The /20 block from the local data center is sent out with a low BGP local preference and the/20 block from the remote data center is sent out with a higher BGP local preference of both sites
- H. BGP will always load-balance the traffic to both data center sites
- I. One /20 block is used for the first data center and the second /20 block is used for the second data cente
- J. The /20 block from the local data center is sent out with a low BGP weight and the /20 block from the remote data center is sent out with a higher BGP weight at both sites
- K. The data center provider must have an additional public IP address block for this routing

**Answer: AB**

#### NEW QUESTION 29

An ISP provides VoIP and internet services to its customers. For security reasons, these services must be transported in different MPLS Layer 3 VPNs over the ISP core network. The customer CEs do not have the ability to segment the services using different VLANs and have only one uplink interface that does not support VLAN tagging. How should you design the network to ensure that VoIP traffic that is received from the CE goes in the VoIP VPN, and that Internet traffic goes into the Internet VPN on the ISP PE devices?

- A. Use a secondary interface IP address to differentiate between VoIP and Internet traffic
- B. Extend the Layer 3 VPN toward the CE
- C. Enable NBAR on the PE to direct the traffic into the correct VRF
- D. Use a subinterface on the PE for each service, VoIP and Internet, with different subnets
- E. Use policy-based routing to direct traffic into the correct VRF

**Answer: E**

#### NEW QUESTION 33

How can a network designer reduce the amount of LSA flooding occurring in a large, single area fully-meshed OSPF topology?

- A. Implemented passive OSPF interfaces on the routers not participating on the DR/BDR election.
- B. Use access control lists to control outbound advertisements.
- C. Ensure DR and BDR routers are placed optimally in the topology.
- D. Place all point-to-point links in their own dedicated areas.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 37

You are presented with requirements to design a development, testing and production environments. These environment should communicate with each other, yet they should be kept as separate failure domains. Which routing protocol should be configured on the links between the networks to support the design requirements?

- A. OSPF
- B. EIGRP
- C. IS-IS
- D. BGP

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 38

You are consultant network designer for a large GET VPN deployment for a large bank with International coverage. Between 1800 and 2000 remote locations connect to the central location through four hubs using an MPLS backbone and using two keys servers. The bank is concerned with security and replay attacks. Which two actions should you use to tune the GET VPN to meet the bank requirements? (Choose two)

- A. Increase the cryptographic key size.
- B. Replace unicast rekey with multicast rekey.
- C. Reduce the SAR clock interval duration
- D. Increase the TEK and KEK lifetime.
- E. Reduce the Dead Peer Detection periodic timer.

**Answer: BC**

#### NEW QUESTION 42

A large enterprise network has two data centers and a WLAN edge with a large hub-and spoke network. The complete network is configured as a single OSPF area, and spoke routers are connected to unreliable WAN links. Which two changes should you make to deploy LSA on the spoke routers? (Choose two)

- A. Place spoke routers in stub areas
- B. Make the hub routers ABR
- C. Make the hub routers ASBR
- D. Place spoke routers in totally stubby areas
- E. Keep the spoke routers in normal areas

**Answer: BD**

#### NEW QUESTION 44

A customer has a DMVPN network with EIGRP as the overlay protocol. EIGRP timers cannot be shortened, yet the customer requires the detection of lost connectivity between neighbors in less than three seconds. Which action achieves this requirement?

- A. Adjust the GRE keepalive timers
- B. Enable BFD
- C. Deploy IPsec dead peer detection
- D. Adjust the NHRP timers.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 48

When designing a network .Which method can be used to control the exit point for traffic an autonomous system, at the layer 3 control plane?

- A. Prepending AS path.
- B. Tuning the multi-exit discriminator.
- C. Setting the site of Origin extended community.
- D. Tuning the metric of the under-tying IGP.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 51

Which two general SDN characteristics? (Choose two)

- A. Southbound interfaces are interfaces used between the control plane and the data plane
- B. OpenFlow is considered one of the first Northbound APIs used by SDN controllers
- C. Northbound interfaces are open interfaces used between the control plane and the data plane
- D. The separation of the control plane from the data plane
- E. OVSDB is an application database management protocol

**Answer:** AD

#### NEW QUESTION 56

You work as a network designer for a company that is replacing their Frame Relay WAN with an MPLS VPN service, where the PE-to-CE routing protocol is BGP. The company has 3000 routes in their distribution routers, and they would like to advertise their access routers through the MPLS network. Their service provider, however, only supports 1000 prefixes per VRF. Which two design solutions can be applied to ensure that your access routers will be able to reach all devices in your network? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure the distribution routers to send a default route to the MPLS network
- B. Configure null routes and aggregate routes for the prefixes in your network on the distribution routers
- C. Summarize the routes on MPLS WAN interfaces of the distribution routers
- D. Use prefix lists on the distribution routers to control which routes are sent to MPLS network
- E. Configure the access routers to send a default route to the MPLS network

**Answer:** AC

#### NEW QUESTION 61

Which two options are design considerations when introducing FCoE into an existing network? (Choose two)

- A. The FCoE QoS markings may overlap with call signaling QoS markings
- B. Optical cabling is needed to transmit FCoE traffic between a server and its directly connected Ethernet switch
- C. The existing network must support a MTU of 3280 bytes
- D. Twinaxial cabling can be used to transmit FCoE traffic between a server and its directly connected Ethernet switch, if it is less than 10 meters
- E. All the servers in the data center must be retrofitted with converged Network Adapters

**Answer:** AE

#### NEW QUESTION 64

A service provider is designing a new backbone based on an IGP and MPLS what are two valid reasons for implementing MPLS-TE as well? (Choose two)

- A. MPLS-TE is required to reroute traffic within less than 1 second in case of a link failure inside the backbone
- B. MPLS-TE can detect and react to neighbor failures faster than IGPs can
- C. MPLS-TE is required to route different MPLS QoS Service classes through different paths
- D. MPLS-TE is required to create backup paths independently from the IGP
- E. MPLS-TE is a prerequisite for implementing RSVP in the backbone

**Answer:** CD

#### NEW QUESTION 69

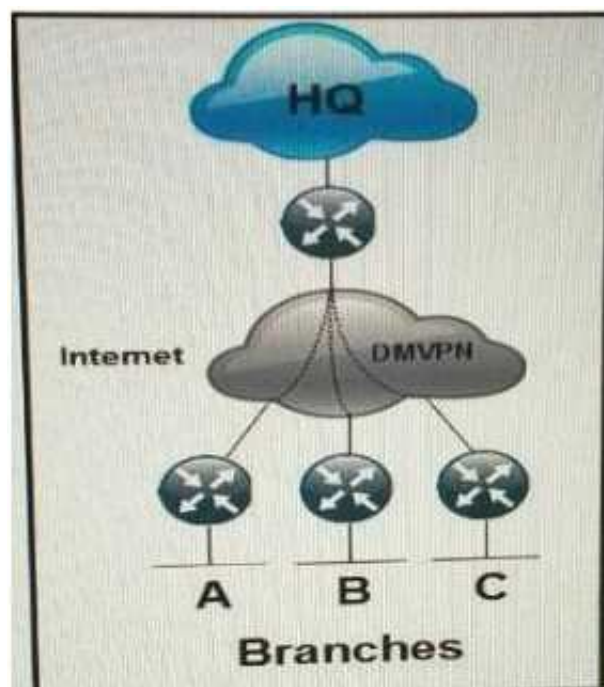
Company ABC grew organically and now their single-area OSPF network has an unacceptably slow convergence time after a topology change. To address the slow convergence time, they want to introduce a multiarea OSPF design and implement address summarization at the area border routers, which option should be their main concern about this redesign?

- A. Routing is suboptimal
- B. SPF calculation takes longer
- C. Operations complexity is increased
- D. More memory is needed across the routers on the network

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 73

Refer to the exhibit.



Which routing solution is the most scalable to connect the branches to the HQ and to connect the branches together over the internet using DMVPN?

- A. EIGRP
- B. EIGRP with the branch routers setup as stubs
- C. OSPF with each branch router as an ABR
- D. IS-IS L2 in all locations
- E. OSPF Area 0 in all locations

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 77

A network is designed to use OSPF to reach eBGP peers. For eBGP peers to stay stable in case of a link failure, what condition should be avoided?

- A. Advertise IP addresses used on eBGP statements via a normal OSPF area
- B. Use an ACL to block BGP in one direction
- C. Disable BGP synchronization
- D. Advertise IP addresses used on eBGP peer statements via eBGP

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 82

Which three processes are part of the ITILv3 Service Operation? (Choose three)

- A. Release and deployment management
- B. Problem management
- C. Incident management
- D. Event management
- E. Service-level management
- F. Change management

**Answer: BCD**

#### NEW QUESTION 85

You must make IGP redesign recommendations for a client that has old equipment, with low CPU power and memory, that they do not have budget replace. They are very concerned about CPU load on routers. They are using IS-IS as the IGP in a single I1 area and all routers are connected to each other with point-to-point links. Which method do you recommend to reduce or limit CPU overhead caused by IS-IS?

- A. Use mesh groups to limit flooding of LSAs
- B. Implement wide style metrics for IS-IS on all routers
- C. Select a router to act as a pseudowire to limit topology synchronization
- D. Divide the router into multiple areas and implement address summarization

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 87

You are hired to assist an enterprise customer to design their global WAN network. A protected DWDM circuit with disjoint fiber routes and guaranteed restoration times is ordered to connect two hub sites. Which option is a BFD design consideration in relation to protected DWDM?

- A. BFD failure detection must be faster than DWDM restoration time
- B. The BFD hello timer must match the DWDM circuit restoration time
- C. BFD failure detection must be longer than DWDM restoration time
- D. BFD cannot be used with protected DWDM

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 90



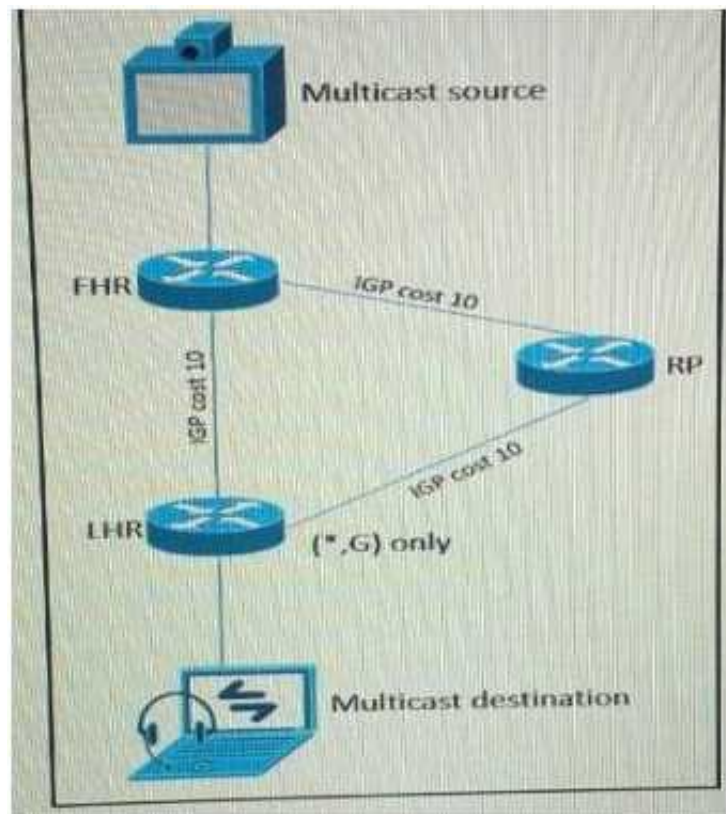
Which two options describe the advantages of using DWDM over traditional optical networks?  
 (Choose two)

- A. Inherent topology flexibility with intelligent chromatic dispersion
- B. Inherent topology flexibility and service protection provided without penalty through intelligent oversubscription of bandwidth reservation
- C. Inherent topology flexibility with built-in service protection
- D. Inherent topology flexibility with a service protection provided through a direct integration with an upper layer protocol
- E. Ability to expand bandwidth over existing optical infrastructure

**Answer:** AE

#### NEW QUESTION 93

Refer to the exhibit.



As part of a redesign project, you must predict multicast behavior. What is the resultant multicast traffic receiving on the shared tree( , G), if it is received on the LHR interface indicated?

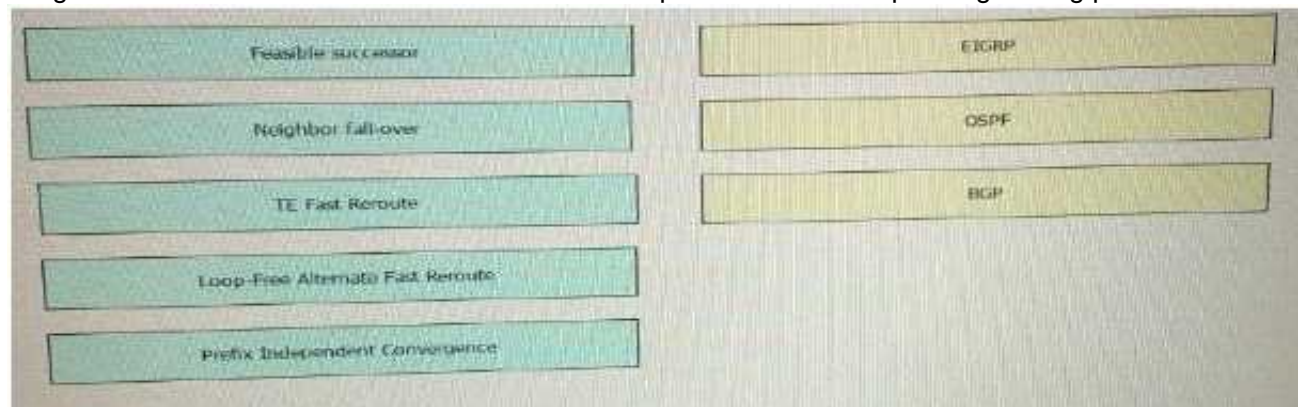
- A. It is dropped due to an unsuccessful RPF check against the multicast receiver
- B. It is switched due to a successful RPF check against the routing table
- C. It is switched given that no RPF check is performed
- D. It is dropped due to an unsuccessful RPF check against the multicast source

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 97

DRAG DROP

Drag the fast Reroute mechanism on the left and drop it onto the corresponding routing protocol on the right



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

A, D, E

#### NEW QUESTION 101

The service provider that you work for wants to offer IPv6 internet service to its customers without upgrading all of its access equipment to support IPv6, which transition technology do you recommend?

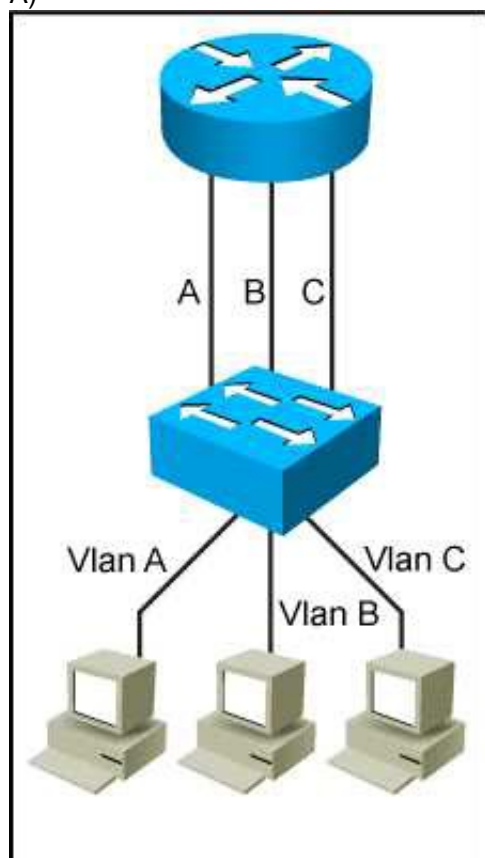
- A. NAT64
- B. CGN
- C. Dual-stack CPE
- D. 6RD

Answer: D

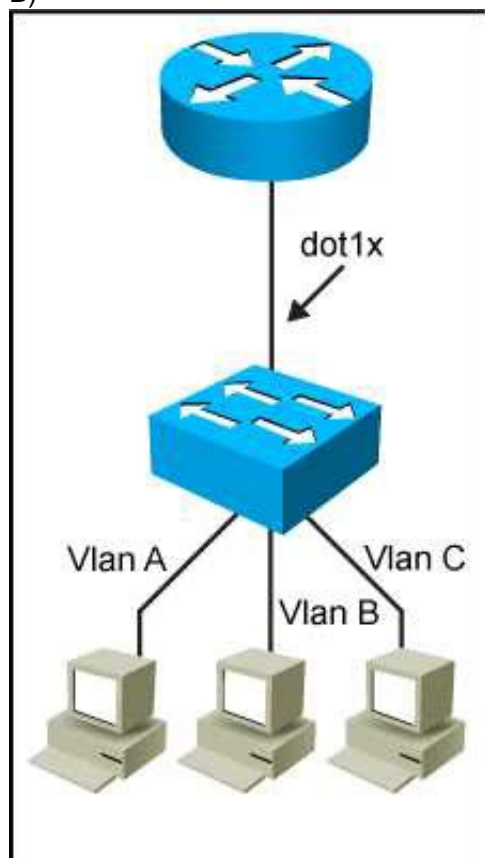
**NEW QUESTION 106**

Which network topology is characterized by a link fate-sharing situation?

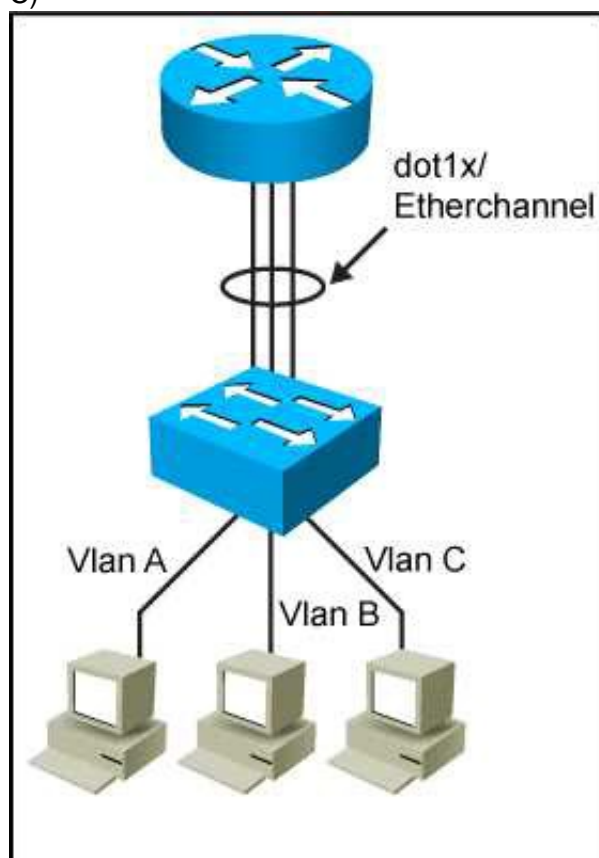
A)



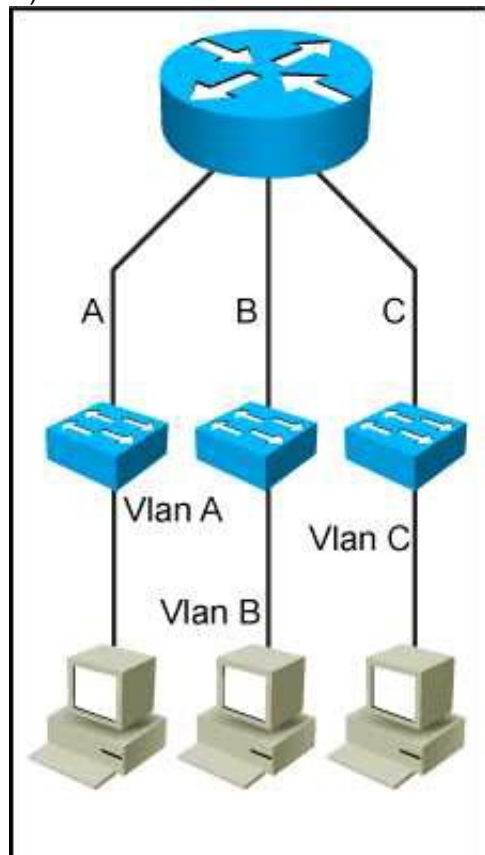
B)



C)



D)



- A. Exhibit A
- B. Exhibit B
- C. Exhibit C
- D. Exhibit D

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 110

You are reviewing a new data center design for a customer. They chose to leverage a tunnel-based overlay technology for quick deployment and multitenant security. Which design concern can affect the availability across the data center?

- A. Nonoverlapping IP address space between the overlay networks
- B. MTU size on the underlay links
- C. Review of common paths on the underlay links
- D. Paper placement of STP root bridge in overlay networks

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 113

Which native mechanism does OSPF use to prevent loops in MPLS VPNs?

- A. CE devices that run OSPF set the DN bit toward the PE router
- B. PE devices that run OSPF clear the DN bit toward the CE router
- C. CE devices that run OSPF clear the DN bit toward the PE router
- D. Creation of PE to PE OSPF sham link across the MPLS-created super backbone
- E. PE routers verify OSPF domain IDs used by CE OSPF processes
- F. PE devices that run OSPF set the DN bit toward the CE router

**Answer: F**

#### NEW QUESTION 114

An enterprise network has two core routers that connect to 200 distribution routers and uses full-mesh iBGP peering between these routers as its routing method. The distribution routers are experiencing high CPU utilization due to the BGP process. Which design solution is the most effective?

- A. Increase the memory on the distribution routers
- B. Increase the memory on the core routers
- C. Implement route reflectors on the two core routers
- D. Increase bandwidth between the core routers
- E. Implement eBGP between the core and distribution routers

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 119

Which two statements about AToM are true? (Choose two)

- A. It encapsulates Layer 2 frames at the egress PE
- B. When using AToM, the IP precedence field is not copied to the MPLS packet
- C. AToM supports connecting different L2 technologies using interworking option
- D. The loopback address of the PE router must be either /24 or /32
- E. It provides support for L2VPN features on ATM interfaces



**Answer:** CE

**NEW QUESTION 124**

Which option reduces jitter in a VoIP network?

- A. Deploy WRED
- B. Deploy call Admission Control
- C. Adjust the playout delay buffer at the receiver
- D. Increase the bandwidth of the links

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 126**

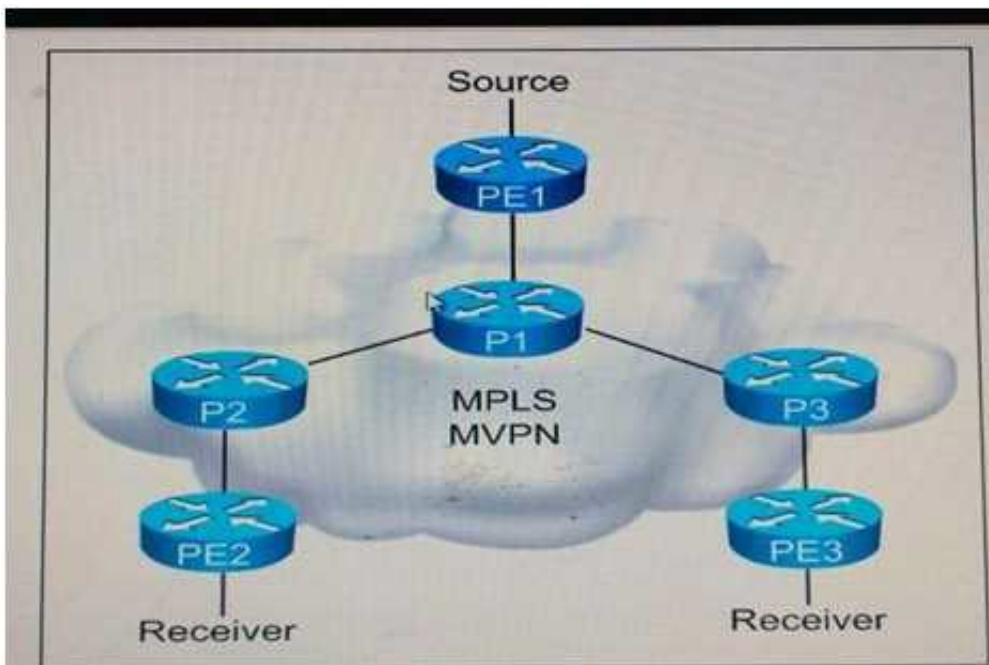
Which option describes the fundamental design differences between an IP-based network design and a SAN-based?

- A. An IP-based design has redundant connectivity in the fabric and high amounts of east-west traffic, whereas a SAN-based design uses redundancy from a dual-attached host, which uses separate fabrics and has very little east-west traffic
- B. An IP-based design has redundancy from the host and high amounts of east-west traffic, whereas a SAN-based design uses redundancy in the fabric and very little east-west traffic
- C. An IP-based design has redundant connectivity in the fabric and high amounts of east-west traffic, whereas a SAN-based design uses zoning based redundancy which uses separate fabrics and has very little east-west traffic
- D. An IP-based design has redundant connectivity in the fabric and very little east-west traffic, whereas a SAN-based design uses redundancy in the host, which uses separate fabrics and has high amounts of east-west traffic

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 128**

Refer to the exhibit.



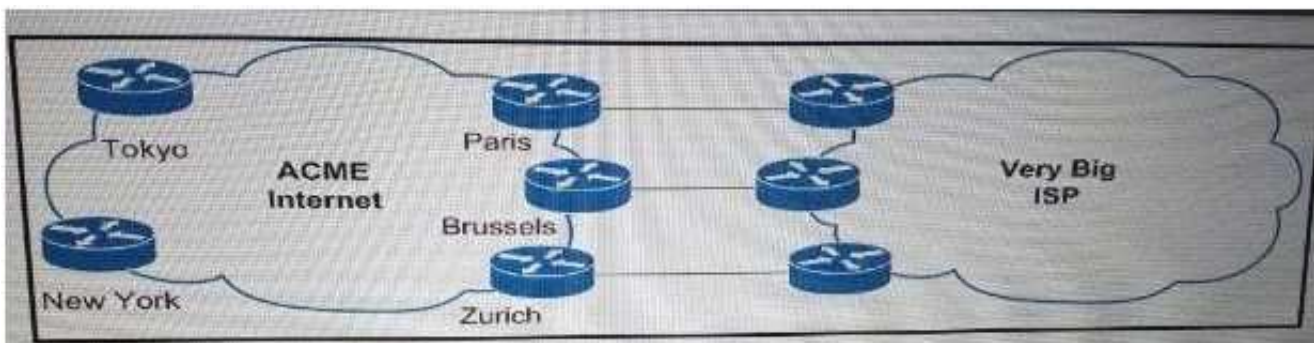
You are a network designer who is given these design requirements: Multicast services must be provided for Layer 3 VPN customers  
 The same forwarding technology must be used as Layer 3 VPN unicast packets  
 Replication of multicast traffic is not allowed on the ingress PE  
 Which multicast VPN technology conforms to the design requirements?

- A. Multipoint-to-point LDP
- B. MSDP
- C. MLDP VPN
- D. Rosen Draft using LDP

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 130**

Refer to the exhibit.



Service provider ACME Internet just added a 100 GB/s peering in Paris that it wants to use by default for outbound traffic to Big ISP. Which routing policy achieves the desired outcomes?

- A. Use traffic engineering by injecting a preferred LOCAL\_PREF attribute to routes advertised from Very Big ISP in Paris
- B. Apply an import policy in New York that adds a Weight attribute to routes learned from Very Big ISP via Paris
- C. Apply an export policy in Paris by applying a MED or community attribute with a preference that very Big ISP act upon
- D. Apply an import policy that filters longer prefixes than /24 in Brussels and Zurich



**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 133**

Which main IoT migration aspect should be reviewed for a manufacturing plant?

- A. Sensors
- B. Security
- C. Applications
- D. Wi-Fi Infrastructure
- E. Ethernet Switches

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 136**

Which open source message broker is in the Cisco Cloud Center?

- A. Apache kafka
- B. HornetQ
- C. RabbitMQ
- D. Fuse Message Broker
- E. Oracle Message Broker

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 138**

Which two items are required for data plane hardening of an infrastructure device? (Choose two)

- A. Disable unused services
- B. Routing protocol authentication
- C. SNMPv3
- D. Redundant AAA servers
- E. Infrastructure ACLs
- F. Warning banners
- G. Control Plane Policing

**Answer:** AE

**NEW QUESTION 141**

You are redesigning a high-speed transit network due to congestion-related issues. Which congestion avoidance mechanism can you apply to the existing network?

- A. NBAR
- B. FIFO
- C. WRED
- D. Rate-limit
- E. Policy-Based Routing

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 145**

Which effect of designing a Layer 2 network using the PortFast fast feature with PVST+ is true?

- A. It shuts down the port when receiving the superior BPDU
- B. It accelerates the network convergence on the trunk uplinks
- C. In combination with BPDU filtering, it causes the switch port to stay in the forwarding state
- D. It moves the switch port directly to the forwarding state

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 149**

Which MPLS attribute is required for links to carry a given MPLSTE tunnel?

- A. TE tunnel destination address
- B. Tunnel path-selection metric
- C. Affinity
- D. Next-hop backup tunnel

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 151**

Which DCI technology utilizes a “flood and learn” technique to populate the Layer 2 forwarding table?

- A. OTV
- B. E-VPN

- C. VPLS
- D. LISP

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 156

After a large EIGRP network had automatic summarization enabled throughout, it started experiencing routing loops. Which action should you take to quickly resolve the routing loops yet to perform summarization?

- A. Redistribute connected routes at major IP networks boundaries
- B. Redesign the IP addressing scheme
- C. Increase the AD of the automatically summarized routes
- D. Replace the automatic summarization with more specific summary routes

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 159

You are working on a network design plan for a company with approximately 2000 sites. The sites will be connected using the public Internet. You plan to use private IP addressing in the network design, which will be routed without NAT through an encrypted WAN network. Some sites will be connected to the Internet with dynamic public IP addresses, and these addresses may change occasionally. Which VPN solution will support these design requirements?

- A. GET VPN must be used, because DMVPN does not scale to 2000 sites.
- B. DMVPN must be used, because GET VPN does not scale to 2000 sites.
- C. GET VPN must be used, because private IP addresses cannot be transferred with DMVPN through the public Internet.
- D. DMVPN must be used, because private IP addresses cannot be transferred with GET VPN through the public Internet.
- E. GET VPN must be used, because DMVPN does not support dynamic IP addresses for some sites.
- F. DMVPN must be used, because GET VPN does not support dynamic IP addresses for some sites.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 164

A Mobile Service Provider would like to design and deploy an Ethernet service which has similar physical link failover/failback characteristics on the active/backup links as the APS/MSP SONET properties. Which Layer 2 service addresses should be considered to address this design feature?

- A. Port-Channel
- B. MLPPP
- C. Flex Link
- D. Ethernet Pseudowire

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 165

Which two statements about VXLAN are true? (Choose two)

- A. VXLAN is a Cisco proprietary solution
- B. VXLAN is an encapsulation method used to create a Layer 3 overlay network
- C. VXLAN can be used to enforce Layer 2 isolation in a multitenant infrastructure
- D. VXLAN uses the Spanning Tree protocol for loop prevention
- E. VXLAN overcomes the 802.1Q virtual LAN address space limitation

**Answer:** BE

#### NEW QUESTION 169

A new video multicast application is deployed in the network. The application team wants to use the 239.0.0.1 multicast group to stream the video to users. They want to know if this choice will impact the existing multicast design. What impact will their choice have on the existing multicast design?

- A. Because 239.0.0.1 is a private multicast range, a flood of PIM packets that have to be processed by the CPU and hosts will be sent by the routers in the network.
- B. Because 239.0.0.1 is a private multicast range, the rendezvous point has to send out constant group updates that will have to be processed by the CPU and hosts.
- C. The multicast application sends too many packets into the network and the network infrastructure drops packets.
- D. The 239.0.0.1 group address maps to a system MAC address, and all multicast traffic will have to be sent to the CPU and flooded out all ports.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 174

When is it required to leak routes into an IS-IS level 1 area?

- A. When MPLS L3VPN PE devices are configured in the level 1 areas
- B. When unequal cost load balancing is required between the backbone and nonbackbone areas
- C. When a multicast RP is configured in the nonbackbone area
- D. When equal cost load balancing is required between the backbone and nonbackbone areas

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 177

What is a design benefit of PortFast?

- A. PortFast allows small, unmanaged switches to be plugged into ports of access switches without risking switch loops
- B. PortFast disables spanning-tree on the port, which puts the port into the forwarding state immediately after it is connected
- C. Portfast does not generate a spanning-tree topology change when a station on a port is connected or disconnected
- D. PortFast detects one-way communications on the physical port, when prevents switch loops
- E. PortFast prevents switched traffic from traversing suboptimal paths on the network
- F. PortFast prevents switch loops that are caused by a unidirectional point-to-point link condition on Rapid PVST+ and MST

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 182

A service provider must provide Internet connectivity to an MPLS Layer 3 VPN customer. Which solution allows this customer to have Internet access?

- A. Implement a global default route with a next hop in the VRF late on PE
- B. Implement policy-based routing between PE and CE
- C. Implement a default route in the VRF with a next hop in the global routing table of PE
- D. Implement destination NAT between the VRF and the global RIB of PE

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 183

Which two SAN designs appropriate to support large-scale SAN environments? (Choose two)

- A. Edge-core-edge design
- B. Fibre Channel forwarder
- C. Split fabric design
- D. Core-edge design
- E. Dual fabric design

**Answer: AD**

#### NEW QUESTION 188

When a multiprotocol routing environment is designed to have several routers redistributing among the routing domains, how can routing loops be avoided?

- A. By implementing spanning tree
- B. By activating split horizon
- C. By using the AS-path attribute
- D. By using route tags

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 190

An enterprise campus is adopting a network virtualization design solution with these requirements

It must include the ability to virtualize the data plane and control plane by using VLANs and VRFs It must maintain end-to-end logical path transport separation across the network

resources available grouped at the access edge

Which two primary models can this network virtualization design be categorized? (Choose two)

- A. Path isolation
- B. Session isolation
- C. Group virtualization
- D. Services virtualization
- E. Edge isolation

**Answer: AD**

#### NEW QUESTION 193

A large enterprise network has a partial mesh network with multiples redundant links. OSPF is used

as IGP and it is implemented in a single-area. The network has slow convergence times and there is a high CPU utilization on the routers. Which solution can address these issues while ensuring that the network scales?

- A. Break the routing domain into separate OSPF areas
- B. Make it a hub-and-spoke topology
- C. Replace OSPF with BGP
- D. Reduce the number of links between routers in the network
- E. Upgrade the routers with higher CPU and memory resources

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 194

On a large enterprise security solution, which two options are IDS or IPS modes of operation?

(Choose two)

- A. Transparent mode
- B. Routed mode
- C. Inline mode
- D. Traffic discovery mode
- E. Promiscuous mode

**Answer:** C&E

#### NEW QUESTION 195

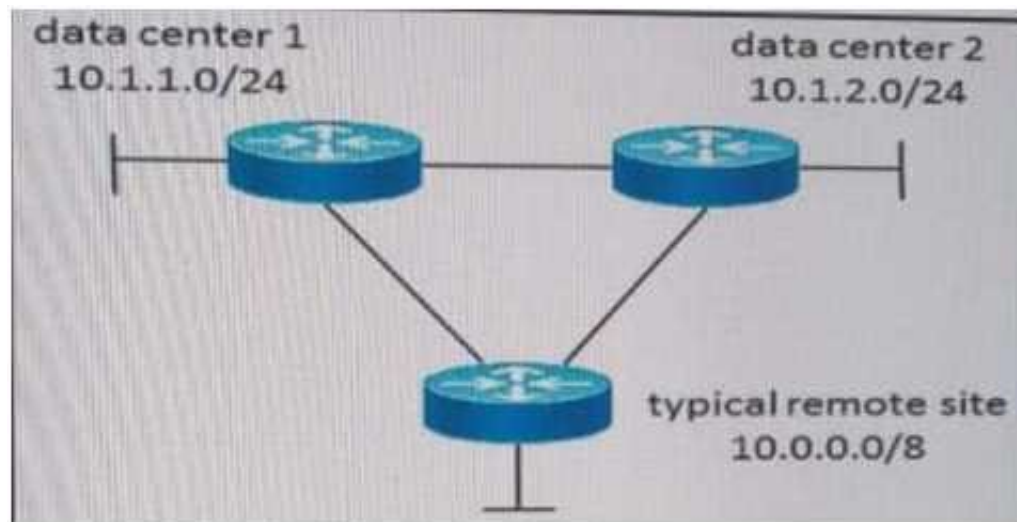
In a network with dynamic mutual redistribution between multiple OSPFv2 and EIGRP boundaries, which two mechanisms avoid suboptimal routing? (Choose two)

- A. Route filtering
- B. AD manipulation
- C. Matching EIGRP process ID
- D. Matching OSPF external routes
- E. Route tagging

**Answer:** AE

#### NEW QUESTION 196

Refer to the exhibit.



A customer currently has a large EIGRP-based network with several remote sites attached. All remote sites connect to the two corporate data centers, depicted as 10.1.1.0 and 10.1.2.0. The customer has experienced several network-wide failures where neighbors were stuck-in-active and had other network stability issues due to some links flapping. Which two redesign options increase stability and reduce the load on the remote site routers, still maintaining optimal routing between remote sites and the two data centers? (Choose two)

- A. Set the data center routers as stub-routers
- B. Perform summarization at the data centers, selectively leaking routes sent to the remote sites
- C. Perform summarization at the remote sites, selectively leaking routes sent to the data centers
- D. Set the hello interval timer to be larger than the hold interval
- E. Increase the hold interval to accommodate lost hello packets on error-prone links

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 201

What is an effect of using ingress filtering to prevent spoofed addresses on a network design?

- A. It reduces the effect of DDoS attacks when associated with DSCP remarking to Scavenger
- B. It protects the network infrastructure against spoofed DDoS attacks
- C. It filters RFC 1918 addresses
- D. It classifies bogon traffic and remarks it with DSCP bulk

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 203

DRAG DROP

A service provider offers Layer 2 multipoint services to their customers. Drag the protocol on the left to the target on the right to indicate the protocols that can be used to signal pseudowires.

LDP	<div>Protocols</div> <div></div> <div></div>
RSVP	
BGP	
L2TPv3	

A. Mastered



B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

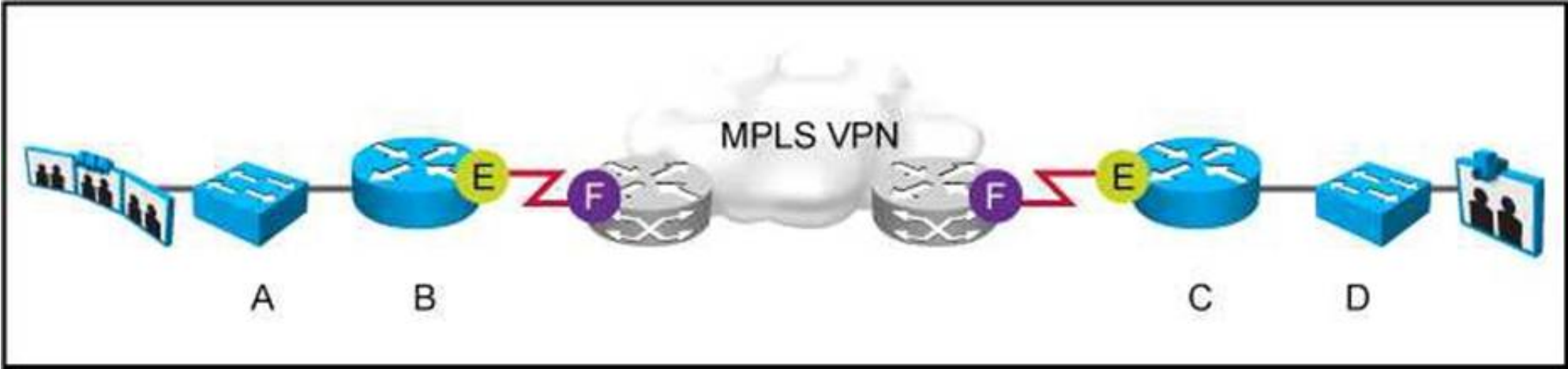
Explanation:

Protocols
LDP
BGP

NEW QUESTION 205

DRAG DROP

Refer to the exhibit.



Company ACME is adding a Cisco TelePresence system for real-time collaboration and wants to ensure the highest user experience. Drag and drop the necessary QoS mechanisms from the left to the right in any order. Not all options will be used.

Enable policer on switches A and D

Enable LLQ or CBWFQ for real-time interactive (CS4)

Rewrite DSCP to 0 to ensure equal treatment for all traffic

Enable HQoS shaper on router interface E if necessary

Enable HQoS shaper on router interface F

Enable CBWFQ for signaling traffic (CS3)

Remark traffic at router interface F

Trust DSCP at switches A and D

Remark DSCP at router interface E

QoS mechanism 1

QoS mechanism 2

QoS mechanism 3

QoS mechanism 4

QoS mechanism 5

A. Mastered  
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Enable LLQ or CBWFQ for real-time interactive (CS4)

Enable HQoS shaper on router interface E if necessary

Enable CBWFQ for signaling traffic (CS3)

Trust DSCP at switches A and D

Remark DSCP at router interface E

NEW QUESTION 208

DRAG DROP

You are designing a new data center network. Drag and drop new data center requirements on the left into the appropriate design principle on the right.

design a VLAN dedicated for storage traffic

design for server NIC teaming

design a single VLAN per access switch

design diverse cabling cabinets

fault isolation

redundancy

segmentation

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

design a single VLAN per access switch

design for server NIC teaming

design a VLAN dedicated for storage traffic

NEW QUESTION 209

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