



EC-Council

Exam Questions 212-89

EC Council Certified Incident Handler (ECIH v2)

NEW QUESTION 1

Which of the following terms may be defined as “a measure of possible inability to achieve a goal, objective, or target within a defined security, cost plan and technical limitations that adversely affects the organization’s operation and revenues?”

- A. Risk
- B. Vulnerability
- C. Threat
- D. Incident Response

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 2

The goal of incident response is to handle the incident in a way that minimizes damage and reduces recovery time and cost. Which of the following does NOT constitute a goal of incident response?

- A. Dealing with human resources department and various employee conflict behaviors.
- B. Using information gathered during incident handling to prepare for handling future incidents in a better way and to provide stronger protection for systems and data.
- C. Helping personal to recover quickly and efficiently from security incidents, minimizing loss or theft and disruption of services.
- D. Dealing properly with legal issues that may arise during incidents.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

Identify the network security incident where intended authorized users are prevented from using system, network, or applications by flooding the network with high volume of traffic that consumes all existing network resources.

- A. URL Manipulation
- B. XSS Attack
- C. SQL Injection
- D. Denial of Service Attack

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 4

Incident handling and response steps help you to detect, identify, respond and manage an incident. Which of the following steps focus on limiting the scope and extent of an incident?

- A. Eradication
- B. Containment
- C. Identification
- D. Data collection

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

An incident recovery plan is a statement of actions that should be taken before, during or after an incident. Identify which of the following is NOT an objective of the incident recovery plan?

- A. Creating new business processes to maintain profitability after incident
- B. Providing a standard for testing the recovery plan
- C. Avoiding the legal liabilities arising due to incident
- D. Providing assurance that systems are reliable

Answer: A

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- B. An attacker redirecting user to a malicious website and infects his system with Trojan
- C. An attacker infecting a machine to launch a DDoS attack
- D. An attacker using email with malicious code to infect internal workstation

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- A. Evidence Supervisor
- B. Evidence Documenter
- C. Evidence Manager
- D. Evidence Examiner/ Investigator

Answer: D

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- A. SAM service
- B. POP3 service
- C. SMTP service
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Answer: D

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Answer: D

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- D. Identification - Preparation - Containment - Recovery - Follow-up - Eradication

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Organizations or incident response teams need to protect the evidence for any future legal actions that may be taken against perpetrators that intentionally attacked the computer system. EVIDENCE PROTECTION is also required to meet legal compliance issues. Which of the following documents helps in protecting evidence from physical or logical damage:

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NEW QUESTION 25

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- B. Partially outsourced
- C. Fully insourced
- D. All the above

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 49

Which of the following is a correct statement about incident management, handling and response:

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- B. Incident handling is on the functions provided by incident response
- C. Triage is one of the services provided by incident response
- D. Incident response is one of the services provided by triage

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- C. Log, maintain contacts, inform, release information, follow up and reporting
- D. Log, maintain contacts, release information, inform, follow up and reporting

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 58

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- C. Malware attacks
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NEW QUESTION 60

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- A. Trojan
- B. Worm
- C. Virus
- D. RootKit

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- B. Viruses require a host file to propagate while Worms don't
- C. Viruses don't require user interaction; they are self-replicating malware
- D. Viruses and worms are common names for the same malware

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 68

The sign(s) of the presence of malicious code on a host infected by a virus which is delivered via e-mail could be:

- A. Antivirus software detects the infected files
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Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 72

Keyloggers do NOT:

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- B. Alter system files
- C. Secretly records URLs visited in browser, keystrokes, chat conversations, ...etc

D. Send log file to attacker's email or upload it to an ftp server

Answer: B

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Spyware tool used to record malicious user's computer activities and keyboard strokes is called:

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- C. Rootkit
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Answer: B

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