

Exam Questions DP-200

Implementing an Azure Data Solution

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/DP-200/>



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to ensure that phone-based polling data can be analyzed in the PollingData database. How should you configure Azure Data Factory?

- A. Use a tumbling schedule trigger
- B. Use an event-based trigger
- C. Use a schedule trigger
- D. Use manual execution

Answer: C

Explanation:

When creating a schedule trigger, you specify a schedule (start date, recurrence, end date etc.) for the trigger, and associate with a Data Factory pipeline.

Scenario:

All data migration processes must use Azure Data Factory

All data migrations must run automatically during non-business hours

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/how-to-create-schedule-trigger>

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to ensure polling data security requirements are met.

Which security technologies should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Context	Security technology
SQL Server	Azure Active Directory user <input type="checkbox"/>
	Domain Active Directory user <input type="checkbox"/>
	Managed Identity <input type="checkbox"/>
PolyBase	Database scoped credential <input type="checkbox"/>
	Database encryption key <input type="checkbox"/>
	Application role <input type="checkbox"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Azure Active Directory user Scenario:

Access to polling data must set on a per-active directory user basis

Box 2: DataBase Scoped Credential

SQL Server uses a database scoped credential to access non-public Azure blob storage or Kerberos-secured Hadoop clusters with PolyBase.

PolyBase cannot authenticate by using Azure AD authentication. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/statements/create-database-scoped-credential-transact-sql>

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some questions sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to implement diagnostic logging for Data Warehouse monitoring. Which log should you use?

- A. RequestSteps
- B. DmsWorkers
- C. SqlRequests
- D. ExecRequests

Answer: C

Explanation:

Scenario:

The Azure SQL Data Warehouse cache must be monitored when the database is being used.

Metric	Description
A	Low cache hit %, high cache usage %
B	Low cache hit %, low cache usage %
C	High cache hit %, high cache usage %

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/system-dynamic-management-views/sys-dm-pdw-sql-r>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some questions sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

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You need to configure data encryption for external applications. Solution:

1. Access the Always Encrypted Wizard in SQL Server Management Studio
2. Select the column to be encrypted
3. Set the encryption type to Randomized
4. Configure the master key to use the Windows Certificate Store
5. Validate configuration results and deploy the solution Does the solution meet the goal?

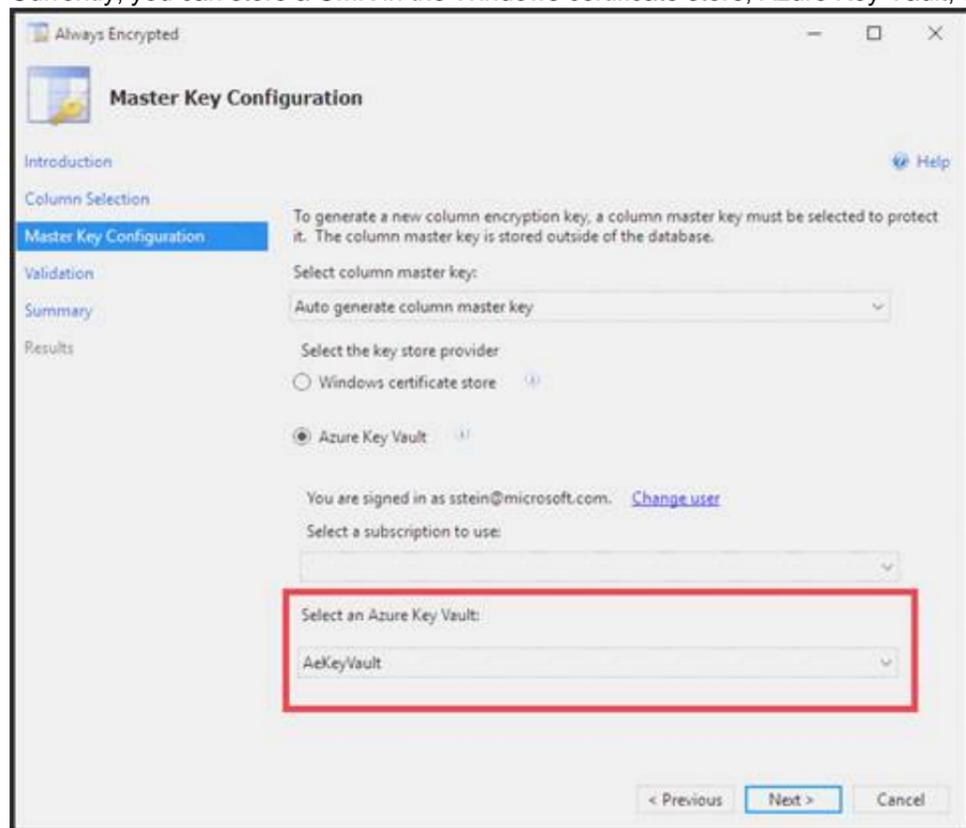
- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Use the Azure Key Vault, not the Windows Certificate Store, to store the master key.

Note: The Master Key Configuration page is where you set up your CMK (Column Master Key) and select the key store provider where the CMK will be stored. Currently, you can store a CMK in the Windows certificate store, Azure Key Vault, or a hardware security module (HSM).



References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-always-encrypted-azure-key-vault>

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to set up Azure Data Factory pipelines to meet data movement requirements. Which integration runtime should you use?

- A. self-hosted integration runtime
- B. Azure-SSIS Integration Runtime
- C. .NET Common Language Runtime (CLR)
- D. Azure integration runtime

Answer: A

Explanation:

The following table describes the capabilities and network support for each of the integration runtime types:

IR type	Public network	Private network
Azure	Data movement Activity dispatch	
Self-hosted	Data movement Activity dispatch	Data movement Activity dispatch
Azure-SSIS	SSIS package execution	SSIS package execution

Scenario: The solution must support migrating databases that support external and internal application to Azure SQL Database. The migrated databases will be supported by Azure Data Factory pipelines for the continued movement, migration and updating of data both in the cloud and from local core business systems and repositories.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/concepts-integration-runtime>

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are designing a new Lambda architecture on Microsoft Azure. The real-time processing layer must meet the following requirements: Ingestion:

- Receive millions of events per second
- Act as a fully managed Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) solution

- Integrate with Azure Functions
- Stream processing:
- Process on a per-job basis
 - Provide seamless connectivity with Azure services
 - Use a SQL-based query language

Analytical data store:

- Act as a managed service
- Use a document store
- Provide data encryption at rest

You need to identify the correct technologies to build the Lambda architecture using minimal effort. Which technologies should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Architecture requirement	Answer Area								
Ingestion	<table border="1"> <tr><td>HDInsight Kafka</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Azure Event Hubs</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>HDInsight Storm</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>HDInsight Spark</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> </table>	HDInsight Kafka	<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Event Hubs	<input type="checkbox"/>	HDInsight Storm	<input type="checkbox"/>	HDInsight Spark	<input type="checkbox"/>
HDInsight Kafka	<input type="checkbox"/>								
Azure Event Hubs	<input type="checkbox"/>								
HDInsight Storm	<input type="checkbox"/>								
HDInsight Spark	<input type="checkbox"/>								
Stream Processing	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Azure Stream Analytics</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>HDInsight with Spark Streaming</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Azure Cosmos DB Change Feed</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Azure Analysis Services</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> </table>	Azure Stream Analytics	<input type="checkbox"/>	HDInsight with Spark Streaming	<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Cosmos DB Change Feed	<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Analysis Services	<input type="checkbox"/>
Azure Stream Analytics	<input type="checkbox"/>								
HDInsight with Spark Streaming	<input type="checkbox"/>								
Azure Cosmos DB Change Feed	<input type="checkbox"/>								
Azure Analysis Services	<input type="checkbox"/>								
Analytical Data Store	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Hive LLAP on HDInsight</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Azure Analysis Services</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Azure Cosmos DB</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> <tr><td>SQL Data Warehouse</td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td></tr> </table>	Hive LLAP on HDInsight	<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Analysis Services	<input type="checkbox"/>	Azure Cosmos DB	<input type="checkbox"/>	SQL Data Warehouse	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hive LLAP on HDInsight	<input type="checkbox"/>								
Azure Analysis Services	<input type="checkbox"/>								
Azure Cosmos DB	<input type="checkbox"/>								
SQL Data Warehouse	<input type="checkbox"/>								

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Azure Event Hubs

This portion of a streaming architecture is often referred to as stream buffering. Options include Azure Event Hubs, Azure IoT Hub, and Kafka.

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 3)

Your company has on-premises Microsoft SQL Server instance.

The data engineering team plans to implement a process that copies data from the SQL Server instance to Azure Blob storage. The process must orchestrate and manage the data lifecycle.

You need to configure Azure Data Factory to connect to the SQL Server instance.

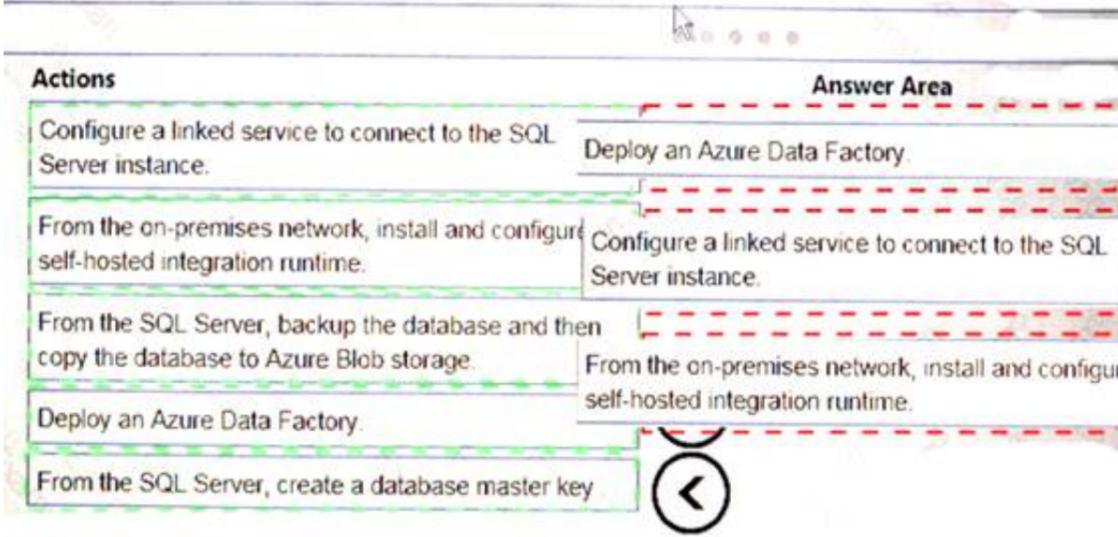
Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Configure a linked service to connect to the SQL Server instance.	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px;"></div> </div>
From the on-premises network, install and configure a self-hosted integration runtime.	
From the SQL Server, backup the database and then copy the database to Azure Blob storage.	
Deploy an Azure Data Factory	
From the SQL Server, create a database master key	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are a data engineer implementing a lambda architecture on Microsoft Azure. You use an open-source big data solution to collect, process, and maintain data. The analytical data store performs poorly.

You must implement a solution that meets the following requirements:

- Provide data warehousing
- Reduce ongoing management activities
- Deliver SQL query responses in less than one second

You need to create an HDInsight cluster to meet the requirements. Which type of cluster should you create?

- A. Interactive Query
- B. Apache Hadoop
- C. Apache HBase
- D. Apache Spark

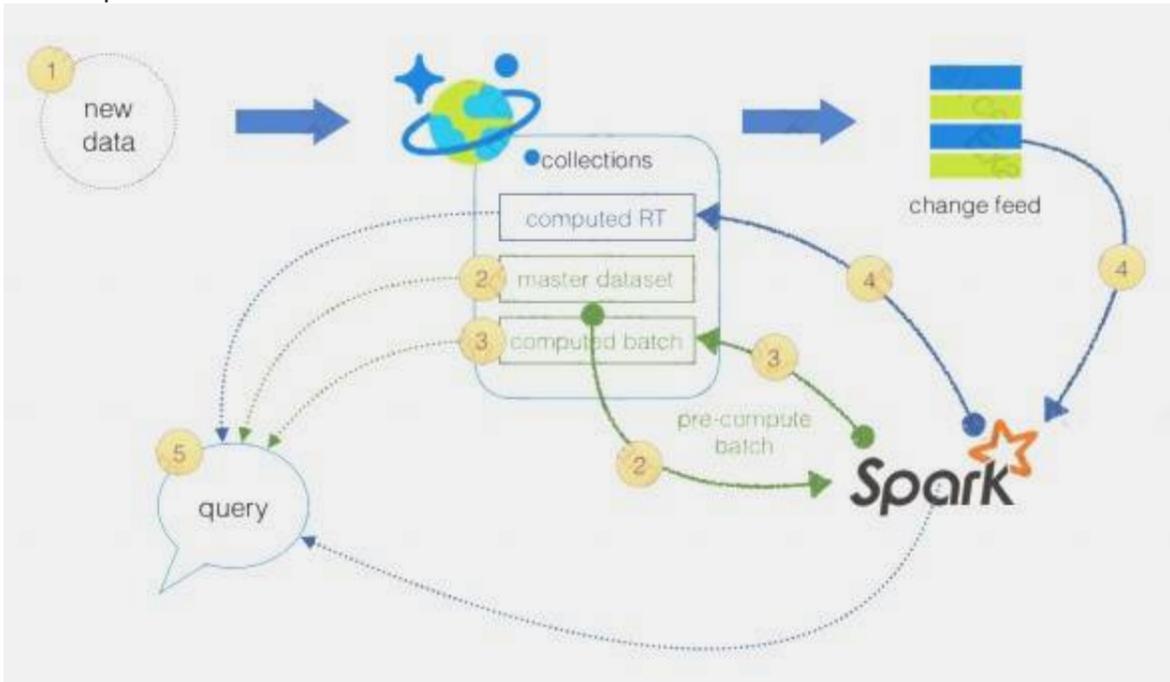
Answer: D

Explanation:

Lambda Architecture with Azure:

Azure offers you a combination of following technologies to accelerate real-time big data analytics:

- Azure Cosmos DB, a globally distributed and multi-model database service.
- Apache Spark for Azure HDInsight, a processing framework that runs large-scale data analytics applications.
- The Spark to Azure Cosmos DB Connector



Note: Lambda architecture is a data-processing architecture designed to handle massive quantities of data by taking advantage of both batch processing and stream processing methods, and minimizing the latency involved in querying big data.

References:

<https://sqlwithmanoj.com/2018/02/16/what-is-lambda-architecture-and-what-azure-offers-with-its-new-cosmos->

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 3)

A company is deploying a service-based data environment. You are developing a solution to process this data. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Use an Azure HDInsight cluster for data ingestion from a relational database in a different cloud service
- Use an Azure Data Lake Storage account to store processed data
- Allow users to download processed data

You need to recommend technologies for the solution.

Which technologies should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Data process	Technology	
Ingest	RevoScaleR	v
	Apache Sqoop	
	Apache DistCp	
	Azure CLI	
Process	Apache DistCp	v
	Apache Kafka	
	C#	
	Apache Hive	
Download	Apache Sqoop	v
	MapReduce	
	RevoScaleR	
	Ambari Hive View	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Apache Sqoop is a tool designed for efficiently transferring bulk data between Apache Hadoop and structured datastores such as relational databases. Azure HDInsight is a cloud distribution of the Hadoop components from the Hortonworks Data Platform (HDP).

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contain a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

You develop data engineering solutions for a company.

A project requires the deployment of resources to Microsoft Azure for batch data processing on Azure HDInsight. Batch processing will run daily and must:

Scale to minimize costs

Be monitored for cluster performance

You need to recommend a tool that will monitor clusters and provide information to suggest how to scale. Solution: Monitor clusters by using Azure Log Analytics and HDInsight cluster management solutions. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

HDInsight provides cluster-specific management solutions that you can add for Azure Monitor logs. Management solutions add functionality to Azure Monitor logs, providing additional data and analysis tools. These solutions collect important performance metrics from your HDInsight clusters and provide the tools to search the metrics. These solutions also provide visualizations and dashboards for most cluster types supported in HDInsight. By using the metrics that you collect with the solution, you can create custom monitoring rules and alerts.

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

You develop data engineering solutions for a company.

A project requires analysis of real-time Twitter feeds. Posts that contain specific keywords must be stored and processed on Microsoft Azure and then displayed by using Microsoft Power BI. You need to implement the solution.

Which five actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Create an HDInsight cluster with the Hadoop cluster type.	
Create a Jupyter Notebook.	
Run a job that uses the Spark Streaming API to ingest data from Twitter.	
Create a Runbook.	
Create an HDInsight cluster with the Spark cluster type.	
Create a table.	
Load the hvac table into Power BI Desktop.	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: Create an HDInsight cluster with the Spark cluster type Step 2: Create a Jupyter Notebook

Step 3: Create a table

The Jupyter Notebook that you created in the previous step includes code to create an hvac table. Step 4: Run a job that uses the Spark Streaming API to ingest data from Twitter

Step 5: Load the hvac table into Power BI Desktop

You use Power BI to create visualizations, reports, and dashboards from the Spark cluster data. References:

<https://acadgild.com/blog/streaming-twitter-data-using-spark>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/hdinsight/spark/apache-spark-use-with-data-lake-store>

NEW QUESTION 11

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to develop a pipeline for processing data. The pipeline must meet the following requirements.

- Scale up and down resources for cost reduction.
- Use an in-memory data processing engine to speed up ETL and machine learning operations.
- Use streaming capabilities.
- Provide the ability to code in SQL, Python, Scala, and R.
- Integrate workspace collaboration with Git. What should you use?

- A. HDInsight Spark Cluster
- B. Azure Stream Analytics
- C. HDInsight Hadoop Cluster
- D. Azure SQL Data Warehouse

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 3)

A company is designing a hybrid solution to synchronize data and on-premises Microsoft SQL Server database to Azure SQL Database.

You must perform an assessment of databases to determine whether data will move without compatibility issues.

You need to perform the assessment. Which tool should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Data Sync
- B. SQL Vulnerability Assessment (VA)
- C. SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)
- D. Microsoft Assessment and Planning Toolkit
- E. Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

Answer: E

Explanation:

The Data Migration Assistant (DMA) helps you upgrade to a modern data platform by detecting compatibility issues that can impact database functionality in your new version of SQL Server or Azure SQL Database. DMA recommends performance and reliability improvements for your target environment and allows you to move your schema, data, and uncontained objects from your source server to your target server.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/dma/dma-overview>

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

A company uses Azure Data Lake Gen 1 Storage to store big data related to consumer behavior. You need to implement logging.

Solution: Create an Azure Automation runbook to copy events. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 24

- (Exam Topic 3)

You plan to create a new single database instance of Microsoft Azure SQL Database.

The database must only allow communication from the data engineer's workstation. You must connect directly to the instance by using Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio.

You need to create and configure the Database. Which three Azure PowerShell cmdlets should you use to develop the solution? To answer, move the appropriate cmdlets from the list of cmdlets to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Azure PowerShell cmdlets	Answer Area
New-AzureRmSqlElasticPool	
New-AzureRmSqlServerFirewallRule	
New-AzureRmSqlServer	
New-AzureRmSqlServerVirtualNetworkRule	
New-AzureRmSqlDatabase	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: New-AzureSqlServer Create a server.

Step 2: New-AzureRmSqlServerFirewallRule

New-AzureRmSqlServerFirewallRule creates a firewall rule for a SQL Database server. Can be used to create a server firewall rule that allows access from the specified IP range. Step 3: New-AzureRmSqlDatabase

Example: Create a database on a specified server

PS C:\>New-AzureRmSqlDatabase -ResourceGroupName "ResourceGroup01" -ServerName "Server01"

-DatabaseName "Database01"

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/scripts/sql-database-create-and-configure-database-powershell>

NEW QUESTION 27

- (Exam Topic 3)

A company builds an application to allow developers to share and compare code. The conversations, code snippets, and links shared by people in the application are stored in a Microsoft Azure SQL Database instance. The application allows for searches of historical conversations and code snippets.

When users share code snippets, the code snippet is compared against previously share code snippets by using a combination of Transact-SQL functions including SUBSTRING, FIRST_VALUE, and SQRT. If a match is found, a link to the match is added to the conversation.

Customers report the following issues:

- Delays occur during live conversations
- A delay occurs before matching links appear after code snippets are added to conversations

You need to resolve the performance issues.

Which technologies should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate technologies to the correct issues. Each technology may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Technologies	Answer Area	
	Issue	Technology
columnstore index	Delays in conversations	
non-durable table	Delays in match links	
materialized view		
memory-optimized table		

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: memory-optimized table

In-Memory OLTP can provide great performance benefits for transaction processing, data ingestion, and transient data scenarios.

Box 2: materialized view

To support efficient querying, a common solution is to generate, in advance, a view that materializes the data in a format suited to the required results set. The Materialized View pattern describes generating prepopulated views of data in environments where the source data isn't in a suitable format for querying, where generating a suitable query is difficult, or where query performance is poor due to the nature of the data or the data store.

These materialized views, which only contain data required by a query, allow applications to quickly obtain the information they need. In addition to joining tables or combining data entities, materialized views can include the current values of calculated columns or data items, the results of combining values or executing transformations on the data items, and values specified as part of the query. A materialized view can even be optimized for just a single query.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/patterns/materialized-view>

NEW QUESTION 28

- (Exam Topic 3)

You configure monitoring for a Microsoft Azure SQL Data Warehouse implementation. The implementation uses PolyBase to load data from comma-separated value (CSV) files stored in Azure Data Lake Gen 2 using an external table.

Files with an invalid schema cause errors to occur. You need to monitor for an invalid schema error. For which error should you monitor?

- A. EXTERNAL TABLE access failed due to internal error: 'Java exception raised on call to HdfsBridge_Connect: Error[com.microsoft.polybase.client.KerberosSecureLogin] occurred while accessing external files.'
- B. EXTERNAL TABLE access failed due to internal error: 'Java exception raised on call to HdfsBridge_Connect: Error [No FileSystem for scheme: wasbs] occurred while accessing external file.'
- C. Cannot execute the query "Remote Query" against OLE DB provider "SQLNCLI11": for linked server "(null)", Query aborted- the maximum reject threshold (0 rows) was reached while regarding from an external source: 1 rows rejected out of total 1 rows processed.
- D. EXTERNAL TABLE access failed due to internal error: 'Java exception raised on call to HdfsBridge_Connect: Error [Unable to instantiate LoginClass] occurredwhile accessing external files.'

Answer: C

Explanation:

Customer Scenario:

SQL Server 2016 or SQL DW connected to Azure blob storage. The CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE DDL points to a directory (and not a specific file) and the directory contains files with different schemas.

SSMS Error:

Select query on the external table gives the following error: Msg 7320, Level 16, State 110, Line 14

Cannot execute the query "Remote Query" against OLE DB provider "SQLNCLI11" for linked server "(null)". Query aborted-- the maximum reject threshold (0 rows) was reached while reading from an external source: 1 rows rejected out of total 1 rows processed.

Possible Reason:

The reason this error happens is because each file has different schema. The PolyBase external table DDL when pointed to a directory recursively reads all the files in that directory. When a column or data type mismatch happens, this error could be seen in SSMS.

Possible Solution:

If the data for each table consists of one file, then use the filename in the LOCATION section prepended by the directory of the external files. If there are multiple files per table, put each set of files into different directories in Azure Blob Storage and then you can point LOCATION to the directory instead of a particular file. The latter suggestion is the best practices recommended by SQLCAT even if you have one file per table.

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Exam Topic 3)

You develop data engineering solutions for a company.

You must integrate the company's on-premises Microsoft SQL Server data with Microsoft Azure SQL Database. Data must be transformed incrementally.

You need to implement the data integration solution.

Which tool should you use to configure a pipeline to copy data?

- A. Use the Copy Data tool with Blob storage linked service as the source
- B. Use Azure PowerShell with SQL Server linked service as a source
- C. Use Azure Data Factory UI with Blob storage linked service as a source
- D. Use the .NET Data Factory API with Blob storage linked service as the source

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Integration Runtime is a customer managed data integration infrastructure used by Azure Data Factory to provide data integration capabilities across different network environments.

A linked service defines the information needed for Azure Data Factory to connect to a data resource. We have three resources in this scenario for which linked services are needed:

- On-premises SQL Server
- Azure Blob Storage
- Azure SQL database

Note: Azure Data Factory is a fully managed cloud-based data integration service that orchestrates and automates the movement and transformation of data. The key concept in the ADF model is pipeline. A pipeline is a logical grouping of Activities, each of which defines the actions to perform on the data contained in Datasets. Linked services are used to define the information needed for Data Factory to connect to the data resources.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf>

NEW QUESTION 38

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

You develop a data ingestion process that will import data to a Microsoft Azure SQL Data Warehouse.

The data to be ingested resides in parquet files stored in an Azure Data lake Gen 2 storage account.

You need to load the data from the Azure Data Lake Gen 2 storage account into the Azure SQL Data Warehouse.

Solution;

1. Create an external data source pointing to the Azure Data Lake Gen 2 storage account.
2. Create an external tile format and external table using the external data source.
3. Load the data using the CREATE TABLE AS SELECT statement.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 41

- (Exam Topic 3)

You implement 3 Azure SQL Data Warehouse instance.

You plan to migrate the largest fact table to Azure SQL Data Warehouse The table resides on Microsoft SQL Server on-premises and e 10 terabytes (TB) in size. Incoming queues use the primary key Sale Key column to retrieve data as displayed in the following table:

SaleKey	CityKey	CustomerKey	StockItemKey	InvoiceDateKey	Quantity	UnitPrice	TotalExcludingTax
49309	90858	70	89	10/22/13	8	16	128
49313	55710	126	69	10/22/13	2	16	32
49343	44710	234	88	10/22/13	10	16	160
49352	66109	163	70	10/22/13	4	16	64
49448	65312	230	70	10/22/13	8	16	128
49646	85877	271	70	10/24/13	1	16	16
49798	41238	288	89	10/24/13	1	16	16

You need to distribute the fact table across multiple nodes to optimize performance of the table. Which technology should you use?

- A. hash distributed table with clustered ColumnStore index
- B. hash distributed table with clustered index
- C. heap table with distribution replicate
- D. round robin distributed table with clustered index
- E. round robin distributed table with clustered ColumnStore index

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 3)

You manage a Microsoft Azure SQL Data Warehouse Gen 2.

Users report slow performance when they run commonly used queries. Users do not report performance changes for infrequently used queries

You need to monitor resource utilization to determine the source of the performance issues. Which metric should you monitor?

- A. Cache used percentage
- B. Local tempdb percentage
- C. WU percentage
- D. CPU percentage

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 47

- (Exam Topic 3)

You manage a financial computation data analysis process. Microsoft Azure virtual machines (VMs) run the process in daily jobs, and store the results in virtual hard drives (VHDs.)

The VMs product results using data from the previous day and store the results in a snapshot of the VHD. When a new month begins, a process creates a new VHD.

You must implement the following data retention requirements:

- Daily results must be kept for 90 days
- Data for the current year must be available for weekly reports
- Data from the previous 10 years must be stored for auditing purposes
- Data required for an audit must be produced within 10 days of a request. You need to enforce the data retention requirements while minimizing cost.

How should you configure the lifecycle policy? To answer, drag the appropriate JSON segments to the correct locations. Each JSON segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bat between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Code segments

- delete
- blockBlob
- baseBlob
- snapshot
- tierToCool
- tierToArchive

Answer Area

```

{
  "version": "0.5",
  "rules": [
    {
      "name": "dataRetention",
      "type": "Lifecycle",
      "definition": {
        "actions": {
          "": {
            "": (daysAfterModificationGreaterThan": 365),
            "": (daysAfterModificationGreaterThan": 3650)
          }
        }
      }
    },
    "": {
      "": {"daysAfterCreationGreaterThan": 90}
    }
  ]
}

```

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Set-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicy cmdlet creates or modifies the management policy of an Azure Storage account.

Example: Create or update the management policy of a Storage account with ManagementPolicy rule objects.

Action -BaseBlobAction Delete -daysAfterModificationGreaterThan 100

PS C:\>\$action1 = Add-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicyAction -InputObject \$action1 -BaseBlobAction TierToArchive -daysAfterModificationGreaterThan 50

PS C:\>\$action1 = Add-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicyAction -InputObject \$action1 -BaseBlobAction TierToCool -daysAfterModificationGreaterThan 30

PS C:\>\$action1 = Add-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicyAction -InputObject \$action1 -SnapshotAction Delete -daysAfterCreationGreaterThan 100

PS C:\>\$filter1 = New-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicyFilter -PrefixMatch ab,cd

PS C:\>\$rule1 = New-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicyRule -Name Test -Action \$action1 -Filter \$filter1

PS C:\>\$action2 = Add-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicyAction -BaseBlobAction Delete

-daysAfterModificationGreaterThan 100

PS C:\>\$filter2 = New-AzStorageAccountManagementPolicyFilter References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/az.storage/set-azstorageaccountmanagementpolicy>

NEW QUESTION 51

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