DAMA

Exam Questions DMF-1220

Data Management Fundamentals

About Exambible

Your Partner of IT Exam

Found in 1998

Exambible is a company specialized on providing high quality IT exam practice study materials, especially Cisco CCNA, CCDA, CCNP, CCIE, Checkpoint CCSE, CompTIA A+, Network+ certification practice exams and so on. We guarantee that the candidates will not only pass any IT exam at the first attempt but also get profound understanding about the certificates they have got. There are so many alike companies in this industry, however, Exambible has its unique advantages that other companies could not achieve.

Our Advances

* 99.9% Uptime

    All examinations will be up to date.

* 24/7 Quality Support

    We will provide service round the clock.

* 100% Pass Rate

    Our guarantee that you will pass the exam.

* Unique Gurantee

    If you do not pass the exam at the first time, we will not only arrange FULL REFUND for you, but also provide you another exam of your claim, ABSOLUTELY FREE!

NEW QUESTION 1
The placement of Data Governance is most effective when:

A. It is defined by Compliance because most of what is governed is driven by regulatory and compliance issues
B. The Database Administrators incorporate Data Governance in their database design
C. It has a Data Governance manager and some data stewards
D. Defined at the department level at which is most important
E. When it is at the enterprise level so it can support all other data management initiatives that cross functional boundaries

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 2
To build models, data modellers heavily rely on previous analysis and modelling work.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3
What are some of the business drivers for the ethical handling of data that Data Governance should satisfy?

A. Develop Employee Awareness of the organizational risks on unethical data handling
B. All of these
C. Define what ethical handling of data means to the organization
D. Achieve the preferred culture and actions in handling data
E. Monitor, Measure and adjust the organizations approach to data ethics

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 4
Data governance can be understood in terms of political governance. It includes the following three function types:

A. Legislative-like functions
B. Judicial-like functions
C. Ethical-like functions
D. Executive functions
E. Data-like functions
F. Morality-like functions

Answer: ABD

NEW QUESTION 5
Risk classifications describe the sensitivity of the data and the likelihood that it might be sought after for malicious purposes.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6
Repositories facilitate the collection, publishing and distribution of data in a centralized and possibly standardized way. Data is most often used to:

A. Make sure the DBAs are not creating new tables and columns
B. Document and organize the provided data
C. To support the business users not the technical users
D. Give developers all the data they will need for programming
E. Find new initiatives for the business to pursue

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7
Master data management includes several basic steps, which include: Develop rules for accurately matching and merging entity instances.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8
Device security standard include:

A. Installation of anti-malware and encryption software

B. Relational security policies
C. Access policies regarding connections using mobile devices
D. Regulation compliance standards
E. None of the above
F. Awareness of security vulnerabilities

Answer: ACF

NEW QUESTION 9
The Belmont principles that may be adapted for Information Management disciplines, include:

A. Respect for Persons
B. Respect for Machines
C. Beneficence
D. Criminality
E. Justice

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 10
Differentiating between data and information. Please select the correct answers based on the sentence below: Here is a marketing report for the last month [1]. It is based on data from our data warehouse[2]. Next month these results [3] will be used to generate our month-over-month performance measure [4].

A. [1] Information, [2] Information, [3] Data, [4] Information
B. [1] Data, [2] Information, [3] Data, [4] Data
C. [1] Data, [2] Data, [3] Data, [4] Information
D. [1] Information, [2] Data, [3] Data, [4] Information

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10
Sample value metrics for a data governance program include:

A. Reduction of risk
B. Improved efficiency in operations
C. Effectiveness of education
D. Achievements of goals and objectives
E. Contributions to business objectives
F. Effectiveness of communication

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 11
Metrics tied to Reference and Master Data quality include:

A. Strategic usage reporting
B. Amsterdam Information Model
C. Data change activity
D. Total cost of ownership

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 16
What key components make up the Data Governance Charter?

A. Vision/Mission Statement, Data Governance data principles, Business drivers
B. Data Stewardship Metrics, Data Governance, Business Drivers
C. Vision/Mission statement, Data quality framework, Data stewardship metrics
D. Data processes, data principles and the timeframe for implementation
E. The Enterprise data architecture, data security practices and industry regulations

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 17
Data Integration and Interoperability (DII) describes processes related to the movement and consolidation of data within and between data stores, applications and organizations.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 18
Master data is an aggregation of:

A. Transaction Structure Data
B. Database Structure Data
C. Reference Data
D. Enterprise Structure Data

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 22
Data asset valuation is the process of understanding and calculating the economic value of data to an organisation. Value comes when the economic benefit of using data outweighs the costs of acquiring and storing it, as

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 24
An image processing system captures, transforms and manages images of paper and electronic documents.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 25
Part of alignment includes developing organizational touchpoints for data governance work. Some examples of touchpoints include: Procurement and Contracts; Budget and Funding; Regulatory Compliance; and the SDLC framework.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 29
Reference data management entails the preventative maintenance of undefined domain values, definitions and the relationship within and across domain values.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 31
When it comes to Data Governance, what does the Operations Plan include?

A. The list of events required to implement and operate Data Governance activities
B. A risk assessment for the enterprise
C. The types of enterprise operations that need Data Governance
D. The metrics needed for each department within the organization
E. The list of activities the Data Stewards will follow to define the data

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 36
A database uses foreign keys from code tables for column values. This is a way of implementing:

A. Master data
B. Event data
C. Reference data
D. Star schema data
E. Temporal data

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39
Record management starts with a vague definition of what constitutes a record.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 44
Disciplines within the enterprise architecture practice does not include:

A. Technology architecture
B. Application architecture
C. Information architectureService Architecture
D. Business architecture

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 46
Top down' and "bottom up' data analysis and profiling is best done in concert because:

A. It gets everyone involved
B. It balances business relevance and the actual state of the data
C. Data quality tools are more productive when they are effectively configured
D. It gives something for the architects to do while the profilers get on with thework
E. It allows the profiler to show the business the true state of the data

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 48
What type of key is used in physical and sometimes logical relational data modelling schemes to represent a relationship?

A. Primary key
B. Foreign key
C. Network key
D. Applications key
E. Door key
F. All of the above

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 50
A control activity in the metadata management environment includes loading statistical analysis.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 51
A Business Glossary forces a business to adopt a single definition of a business term.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 55
Uniqueness, as a dimension of data quality, states no entity exists more than once within the data set.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 60
MPP is an abbreviation for Major Parallel Processing.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 65
The first two steps of the Reference data Change request process, as prescribed DMBOk2, include:

A. Decide and Communicate
B. Receive Change Request
C. Update and Inform
D. Identify Stakeholder
E. Identify Impact

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 69

Select the areas to consider when constructing an organization??s operating model:

A. Cultural Factors
B. Business model
C. Impact of the regulation
D. None of the above
E. Value of the data to the organisation
F. All of the above

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 71
A content strategy should end with an inventory of current state and a gap assessment.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 72
Quality Assurance Testing (QA) is used to test functionality against requirements.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 76
Data parsing is the process of analysing data using pre-determined rules to define its content or value.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 78
Data flows map and document relationships between data and locations where global differences occur.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 81
A deliverable in the data architecture context diagram includes an implementation roadmap.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 86
Which of the following provides the strongest tangible reason for driving initiation of a Data Governance process in an enterprise?

A. Each division of an enterprise may have its own way to describe its business and associated metrics
B. There is disagreement among divisions on the meaning of key metrics
C. There is typically significant waste in an enterprise through duplication of reports and metrics
D. Increasing regulation in industry can impose real penalties in terms of substantial fines or jail terms for non-compliance to properly managed data (e.
E. accuratereporting/accounting)
F. I've been to a conference and found that lots of our competitors are doing it

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 88
Which model has one Data Governance organization coordinate with multiple Business Units to maintain consistent definitions and standards?

A. Federated Data Governance Model
B. Central Data Governance Model
C. Cognitive Data Governance Model
D. Replicated Data Governance Model
E. Associative Data Governance Model

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 89
A completely distributed architecture maintains a single access point. The metadata retrieval engine responds to user requests by retrieving data from source systems in real time.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 90
The best way to validate that a database backup is working, is to:

A. Periodically recover from the backup file
B. Appoint a special DBA in charge of backups
C. Check the size of the backup file
D. Check the backup logs every day
E. Check for the automatic email notification of backup success

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 93
ANSI standard 859 has three levels of control of data, based on the criticality of the data and the perceived harm that would occur if data were corrupt or otherwise unavailable, including:

A. Basic
B. Formal
C. Informal
D. Custody
E. Revision
F. None of the above

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 97
Project that use personal data should have a disciplined approach to the use of that data. They should account for:

A. What activities analytics will focus on
B. How they select their populations for study
C. All of the above
D. How data will be captured
E. How results will be made accessible

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 99
Poorly managed metadata leads to:

A. Row-orientated metadata
B. Graph metadata issues
C. Redundant data and data management processes
D. Doubt about the reliability of metadata and data
E. Redundant master data
F. Document inefficiencies

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 103
Data access control can be organized at an individual level or group level, depending on the need.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 104
What are the three characteristics of effective Data Governance communication?

A. It must be clear, unambiguous, and consistent
B. It must be consistent, unambiguous, engaging
C. It must be viral, vital, and have volume
D. It must be colorful, engaging, using multi-media
E. It must be clear, structured, repetitive

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 109
Sustainable Data Governance depends on:

A. Rapid response to critical data issues
B. The maturity level of the organization
C. Business leadership, sponsorship, and ownership
D. Well-documented policies
E. Definition of 10-11 principles

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 114
A data architecture team is best described as:

A. A group of strong database administrators
B. A strategic planning and compliance team
C. An operational data provisioning group
D. The authors of reference data
E. A well-managed project of architectural development

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 115
What types of data are considered Technical Data?

A. Data standards; ETL job details; source-to-target mappings
B. Valid value constraints; File format schemas; data models; data access rights
C. Attributes that are only used for status reporting; data quality rules; data usage, database table names
D. Physical database and column names; ETL job details; recovery and backup rules; data access rights
E. Physical data models; calculations and algorithms; program and application names

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 116
Which of the following is a Data Quality principle?

A. Prevention
B. Governance
C. Criticality
D. Standards Driven
E. All of these

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 121
The first two steps in the data science process are:

A. Define Big Data data strategy & Business Need(s)
B. Choose Data Sources
C. Develop Data Science Hypotheses and Mehods
D. Acquire & Ingest Data source(s)

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 122
The loading of country codes into a CRM is a classic:

A. Reference data integration
B. Fact data integration
C. Master data integration
D. Analytics data integration
E. Transaction data integration

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 123
The acroymn ACID stands for.

A. Atomicity, completeness, independence and durability
B. Actual, created, identifled and deleted
C. Avallable, completeness, isolation and dangerous
D. Atomicity, consistency, isolation and durability
E. Available, corrupt, isolation and durable

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 125
Please select the correct component pieces that form part of an Ethical Handling Strategy and Roadmap.

A. Emotions matrix
B. None of the above
C. All of the above
D. Compliance framework
E. Values Statement
F. Roadmap

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 126
What are the business objectives for building a business glossary?

A. To have a place to store physical schemas for the DBAs
B. Make sure that the data stewards have valid work to perform, & justify that the budget for Data Governance
C. Take all the core data elements from the data models and store them in the glossary
D. Establish a common understanding of core business concepts and terminology & enable access to documented institutional knowledge
E. Create a place to manage metadata and lineage

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 127
Which of the following is NOT a responsibility of a Data Steward?

A. Data Standards
B. Operational Data Activities
C. Data Quality
D. Performance Tuning
E. Metadata Management

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 129
Data governance requires control mechanisms and procedures for, but not limited to, identifying, capturing, logging and updating actions.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 134
The neutral zone is one of the phases in the Bridges?? transition phases.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 136
When data is classified as either security data or regulatory data, the result will be:

A. Business employees are restricted from viewing the data but technical employees can store the data in databases
B. Employees will never see classified data for any reason
C. Employees know they have to aggregate the data
D. Employees, both business & technical know the sensitivity of the data
E. Employees know they cannot use the data because it has been classified

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 140
Characteristics that minimise distractions and maximise useful information include, but not limited to, consistent object attributes

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 141
Accomplish repository scanning in two distinct approaches, including:

A. Semi- proprietary integration
B. Proprietary interface
C. Semi-proprietary interface

D. Proprietary integration

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 142
The data-vault is an object-orientated, time-based and uniquely linked set of normalized tables that support one or more functional areas of business.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 144
Confirming and documenting understanding of different perspectives facilitate:

A. Formalization
B. Normalization
C. Scope definition
D. Knowledge retention/documentation

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 147
Which of the following is NOT required to effectively track data quality incidents?

A. An effective service level agreement with defined rewards and penalties
B. An assignment process to appropriate individuals and teams
C. A standard vocabulary for classifying data quality issues
D. A well defined system of escalation based on the impact, duration, or urgency ofan issue
E. An operational workflow that ensures effective resolution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 149
Where is the best place to find the following metadata: database table names, column names and indexes?

A. Logical data model
B. Security access authorisation
C. Database catalogue
D. Enterprise data model
E. Detailed business processes

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 151
Confidentiality classification schemas might include two or more of the five confidentiality classification levels. Three correct classifications levels are:

A. Consistency
B. Internal use only
C. Restricted confidential
D. System development
E. Confidential
F. None of the above

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 152
An application DBA leads the review and administration of procedural database objects.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 153
Emergency contact phone number would be found in which master data management program?

A. Location
B. Asset
C. Service
D. Employee
E. Product

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 154
Managing business party Master Data poses these unique challenges:

A. Difficulties in unique dimensions
B. Difficulties in unique identification
C. Reference data anomaly detection
D. The number of data sources and the differences between them

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 159
Change Data Capture is a method of reducing bandwidth by filtering to include only data that has been changed within a defined timeframe.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 164
An organization has a legitimate interest in commercializing data. So why is the economic value of data a core concept of data handling ethics?

A. It is critical that customers are not exploited in ways that are detrimental to the customer in the long run
B. In owning data, we have a commitment to society to determine how value can be accessed and who can derive this value
C. Data is used in every business proces
D. The effectiveness of the process is dependent on the quality of the data it is dependent on
E. An organization does not own its customer data so it is illegal to monetize the data
F. Organizations dependent on information to provide product and services that meet Customer and Community needs, must ensure the ethical handling of customer information

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 169
A ??Golden Record?? means that it is always a 100% complete and accurate representation of all entities within the organization.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 173
The process of building architectural activities into projects also differ between methodologies. They include:

A. Waterfall methods
B. Incremental methods
C. Kanban method
D. Agile iterative method
E. Duck and dive method
F. Pump and dump method

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 174
The business glossary should capture business terms attributes such as:

A. Lineage
B. Utilization
C. Common misunderstanding in terms
D. System development
E. Algorithms to supporting definitions
F. All of the above

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 178
Examples of transformation include:

A. Format changes, structure changes, replication conversion, re-duplication anddata ordering
B. Application changes, infrastructure changes, software conversion, de-duplicationand re- ordering
C. Data modelling changes, structure changes, metric conversion, de-duplicationand reordering
D. Format changes, structure changes, semantic conversion, de-duplication and re- ordering
E. Organisation changes, location changes, business strategy conversion, down-sizing and outsourcing

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 181

Architects seek to design in a way that brings value to an organisation. To reach these goals, data architects define and maintain specifications that:

A. Align data architecture with enterprise strategy and business architecture
B. Provide a standard business vocabulary for data and components
C. Outline high-level integrated designs to meet these requirements.
D. Integrate with overall enterprise architecture roadmap
E. Define the current state of data in the organization.
F. Express strategic data requirements

Answer: ABCDEF

NEW QUESTION 184
Data can be assessed based on whether it is required by:

A. Regulatory reporting
B. Capturing policy
C. Ongoing operations
D. Provide the starting point for customizations, integration or even replacement of an application
E. Business policy
F. Make the integration between data management and data analytics possible

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 187
Normalisation is the process of applying rules in order to organise business complexity into stable data structures.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 191
When measuring the value of data architecture one should be most concerned about

A. Improved coding efficiency
B. Project speed
C. Number of Projects reviewed
D. Added business value
E. Cost savings

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 194
Which of the following would NOT be an interest of Data Governance?

A. Inconsistent definitions
B. Competing versions of source data
C. Metadata
D. Database development
E. Redundant data

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 197
Which of the following is a type of data steward?

A. Divisional
B. Tactical
C. Enterprise
D. Operating
E. Profiling Analyst

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 200
In a global organization which must operate under many local jurisdictions, each with their own legislative and compliance laws, which type of Data Governance Operating Model Type would best apply?

A. Centralized
B. Globalized
C. Replicated
D. Federated
E. Contemporary

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 204
Several global regulations have significant implications on data management practices. Examples include:

A. BCBS 239
B. Data Standards
C. Privacy laws
D. Effectiveness of education Standards
E. SPCA
F. PCI-DSS

Answer: ACF

NEW QUESTION 206
A goal of data governance is to enable an organisation to manage its data as a liability.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 210
When assessing tools to implement master data management solutions, functionality must include:

A. Auto-normalization features
B. Backup and recovery utilities
C. Document and content management
D. Sophisticated integration capability
E. Advanced analytics capabilities

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 211
The search function associated with a document management store is failing to return known artefacts. This is due to a failure of:

A. Effective data quality metrics
B. Business intelligence implementation
C. Maintaining public access to all documents in the document management store
D. Maintaining appropriate metadata on each document
E. Data privacy and confidentiality procedures

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 212
Examples of interaction models include:

A. Hub-and-spoke
B. Publish - subscribe
C. Point-to-point
D. Wheel-and-spike

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 216
The goals of data security include:

A. Managing performance of data assets
B. Enable appropriate access to enterprise data assets
C. Managing the availability of data throughout the data lifecycle
D. Understand and comply with all relevant regulations and policies for privacy and confidentiality
E. Managing the performance of data transactions
F. Ensure that the privacy and confidentiality needs of all stakeholders are enforced and audited

Answer: BDF

NEW QUESTION 219
Naming standards for data domains should:

A. Contain acronyms that are relevant to the organization because everyone should know them
B. Be approved by the database administrators
C. Minimize name changes across environments
D. Should reflect their specific environment such as QA, Pre-Prod and Production
E. Be short for ease of use

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 220
Adoption of a Data Governance program is most likely to succeed:

A. When the CDO is a charismatic leader
B. In 1 or 2 months with a large consulting team
C. When the entire enterprise is partaking at once
D. When dictated by senior executives
E. With an incremental rollout strategy

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 224
Business metadata focuses largely on the content and condition of the data and includes details related to data governance.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 226
The ISO 11179 Metadata registry, an international standard for representing Metadata in an organization, contains several sections related to data standards, including naming attributes and writing definitions.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 231
What result(s) is/are Data Handling Ethics trying to avoid?

A. Loss of reputation for the organization and loss of customers
B. Unethical use of information by staff to achieve business outcomes; customers trust so they are willing to pay more
C. Increased Risk for people whose data is exposed and criminal proceedings
D. Ensure that Data Governance is in line with Corporate Governance and ethic business statements
E. Ensure that organizations are adhering to ethical standards set by industry and bodies such as the World Economic Forum

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 236
What are the three characteristics of effective Data Governance communication?

A. It must be clear, unambiguous, and consistent
B. It must be clear, structured, repetitive
C. It must be viral, vital, and have volume
D. It must be colorful, engaging, using multi-media
E. It must be consistent, unambiguous, engaging

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 238
A business driver for Master Data Management program is managing data quality.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 240
The implementation of a Data Warehouse should follow guiding principles, including:

A. Data Efficiency
B. One size does not fit all
C. Contracts
D. Focus on the business goals
E. Start with the end in mind
F. Collaborate

Answer: BDEF

NEW QUESTION 241
Operational reports are outputs from the data stewards.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 245
You are a reporting Data Analyst. A new Management Report has been requested. What is the most effective way to ensure you receive the appropriate data at the correct level of accuracy to meet the business need?

A. Hold a meeting to understand the timelines of when data will be provided
B. Supply a detailed definition document which includes timelines, data requirements, calculation details, etc
C. Supply a detailed definition template document and request completion by relevant managers
D. Send a general email to the manager of the department(s)
E. Write a general definitions statement describing conceptually what is required

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 250
Integrating data security with document and content management knowledge areas. guides the implementation of:

A. Appropriate access and authorization to unstructured data
B. Fitness for purpose metrics for unstructured data
C. Appropriate privacy controls on data marts
D. Appropriate access and authorization to structured data
E. Straight-through processing for NoSQL queries

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 253
Examples of the ??Who?? entity category include: employee; patient; player; and suspect.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 255
JSON is an open, lightweight standard format for data interchange.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 257
Use business rules to support Data Integration and Interoperability at various points, to:

A. Direct the flow of data in the organization
B. Monitor the organization??s operational data
C. Software alerts when events are triggered
D. Direct when to automatically trigger events and alerts
E. Consistency in allocation event resources
F. None of the above

Answer: ABD

NEW QUESTION 258
Some document management systems have a module that may support different types of workflows such as:

A. Quality Assurance Testing (QA)
B. Manual workflows that indicate where the user send the document
C. User Acceptance Testing (UAT)
D. Dynamic rules that allow for different workflows based on content
E. All of the above
F. None of the above

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 259
Enterprise service buses (ESB) are the data integration solution for near real-time sharing of data between many systems, where the hub is a virtual concept of the standard format or the canonical model for sharing data in the organization.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 260
Once the most critical business needs and the data that supports them have been identified, the most important part of the data quality assessment is actually looking data, querying it to understand data content and relationships, and comparing actual data to rules and expectations.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 261
The process of identifying how different records may relate to a single entity is called:

A. Meshing
B. Munging
C. Mirroring
D. Matching
E. Mangling

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 265
A database uses foreign keys from code tables for column values. This is a way of implementing:

A. Event data
B. Temporal data
C. Reference data
D. Master data
E. Star schema data

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 268
A Data Management Maturity Assessment (DMMA) can be used to evaluate data management overall, or it can be used to focus on a single Knowledge Area or even a single process.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 271
The goals of implementing best practices around document and content management include:

A. Ensuring effective and efficient retrieval and use of data and information in unstructured formats
B. Ensuring integration capabilities between structured and unstructured data
C. Complying with legal obligations and customer expectations
D. Enduring integration competencies between semi-structured systems
E. Managing the performance of data transactions
F. Make the integration between data management and data analytics possible

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 274
Issue management is the process for identifying, quantifying, prioritizing and resolving data governance related issues, including:

A. Contracts
B. Authority
C. Compliance
D. All of the above
E. Conflicts
F. Data Efficiency

Answer: ABCE

NEW QUESTION 277
The standard for a strong password is set by the:

A. Data security standard
B. Data access standard
C. Identity management standard
D. Data modelling standard
E. Data naming standard

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 280
Please select the two classifications of database types:

A. Centralized
B. Generic
C. Distributed
D. MapReduce

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 284
The business glossary application is structured to meet the functional requirements of the three core audiences:

A. Data users
B. Application users
C. Innovation users
D. Business users
E. Data stewards
F. Technical users

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 286
Which of the following is NOT a valid Data Governance programme Key Performance Indicator (KPI)?

A. Number of duplicated customer records
B. Number of data stewards actually in post
C. Number of incomplete product records
D. Number of data definitions completed and signed off
E. Number of customer complaints received

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 287
Archiving is the process of moving data off immediately accessible storage media and onto media with lower retrieval performance.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 292
Which of the following is NOT a type of Data Steward?

A. Coordinating
B. Enterprise
C. Operational
D. Business
E. Executive

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 297
The creation of overly complex enterprise integration over time is often a symptom of:

A. Multiple data warehouses
B. Multiple integration technologies
C. Multiple metadata tags
D. Multiple application coding languages
E. Multiple data owners

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 301
An effective team is based on two simple foundations: trust and a common goal.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 303
Which of the following is NOT a stage of the Data Quality Management Cycle?

A. Check

B. Do
C. Plan
D. Act
E. Intervene

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 305
Orchestration is the term used to describe how multiple processes are organized and executed in a system.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 310
A goal of reference and master data management is for data to ensure shared data is:

A. Continuous, consistent, current and private
B. Complete, consistent, current and authoritative
C. Secure, auditable, publicly available and free
D. Complete, consistent, content and relevant
E. Secure, auditabl
F. complete and relevant

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 311
Small reference data value sets in the logical data model can be implemented in a physical model in three common ways:

A. Create a matching separate code table
B. Create a master shared code table
C. None of the above
D. Program integration by joining tables
E. Embed rules or valid codes into the appropriate object??s definition.
F. Roadmap Development

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 316
Data Fabric is:

A. A way of sewing together different data concepts into a single data warehouse
B. A metadata repository
C. A form of data lake that automates data acquisition and initial data quality processing
D. A superior star schema strategy
E. Just another data warehouse with no distinguishing features

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 318
A data dictionary is necessary to support the use of a DW.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 321
Data mining is a sub-field of supervised learning where users attempt to model data elements and predict future outcomes through the evaluation of probability estimates.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 323
People often incorrectly combine the concepts of data management and information technology into one. Which of the following is NOT an example of this?

A. A significant focus on identity in the call centre has reduced duplication by 50%
B. The rollout of reporting corrections has been delayed by the Big Data Project
C. The migration of customer data to a new platform failed to reduce the amount of returned mail
D. Collaboration will be improved by the new document management system
E. The delivery of the DG portal is critical to achieving any benefits of Data Governance

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 324
Please select the correct general cost and benefit categories that can be applied consistently within an organization.

A. Cost of erasing data from servers
B. Cost of improving data
C. What the data could be sold for
D. Benefit of higher quality data
E. Cost of replacing data if it were lost
F. What competitors would pay for data

Answer: BCDF

NEW QUESTION 327
Decentralized informality can be made more formal through a documented series of connections and accountabilities via a RACI matrix.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 330
In an information management context, the short-term wins and goals often arise from the resolution of an identified problem.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 334
Business rules describe why business should operate internally, in order to be successful and compliant with the outside world.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 338
The purpose of data governance is to ensure that data is managed properly, according to policies and best practices. Data governance is focused on how decisions are made about data and how people and processes are expected to behave in relation to data.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 340
There is a global trend towards increasing legislative protection of individual's information privacy. Which of these is an emerging topic related to online ethical behaviours?

A. The right to have your personal information erased from the web, company databases, et
B. pending the request does not conflict with legislative retention requirements
C. The right to have your personal information de-identified
D. The right to have your personal information protected in a manner that you select
E. The right to have your personal information erased from the web and company databases, regardless of legislative retention requirements
F. The right to have your personal information sent to you for review prior to use by another person or organization

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 343
The need to manage data movement efficiently is a primary driver for Data Integration and Interoperability.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 344
Obfuscating or redacting data is the practice of making information anonymous ot removing sensitive information. Risks are present in the following instances:

A. Data storage
B. Data marketing

C. Data aggregation
D. Data marking
E. Data masking
F. Data integration

Answer: CDE

NEW QUESTION 347
If data is a governed resource, like other resources (e.g., human resources, finance, property), how is Data Governance different from other types of Governance?

A. Oversight of a particular resource
B. Agreed models for risk management over the particular resource
C. Oversight of a resource that represents other resources, therefore supporting other resource governance
D. Ensuring compliance with regulation for the particular resource
E. Agreed models for decision making and decision rights, defined authority, and escalation paths for the resource

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 352
Data security internal audits ensure data security and regulatory compliance policies are followed should be conducted regularly and consistently.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 356
Deliverables in the Metadata Management context diagram include:

A. Metadata Strategy
B. Metadata Standards
C. Data Lineage
D. Metadata Architecture
E. Metadata design
F. Data storage and operations

Answer: ABCD

NEW QUESTION 358
There are several methods for masking data:

A. Substitution
B. Temporal variance
C. Temporal stagnation
D. Value stagnation
E. Value variance
F. All of the above

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 362
Please select the three types of data models:

A. Innovative Data Model
B. Logical Data Model
C. Dimensional Data model
D. Conceptual Data Model
E. Idea Data Model
F. Physical Data Model

Answer: BCF

NEW QUESTION 363
Please select the answer that best fits the following description: Contains only real-time data.

A. Batch layer
B. Speed layer
C. Serving layer
D. Real-time layer

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 364
Barriers to effective management of data quality include:

A. Inappropriate or ineffective instruments to measure value
B. Lack of awareness on the part of leadership and staff
C. Lack of leadership and management
D. Lack of business governance
E. None of the above
F. Difficulty in justification of improvements

Answer: ABCDF

NEW QUESTION 366
Communications are essential to the success of a DMM or Data Governance assessment. Communications are important because:

A. Communications can influence the socialization and acceptance of the results and implementation of a data management or Data Governance program
B. Many organizations will overlook the communications aspect of a data management or Data Governance assessment
C. Findings may affect stakeholder's positions and roles
D. Each organization will approach data management and Data Governance communications differently
E. Data management and Data Governance communications are different from each other

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 369
Operational Metadata describes details of the processing and accessing of data. Which one is not an example:

A. Error logs
B. Schedule anomalies
C. Purge criteria
D. Failure logs

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 374
The acronym BASE is made up of:

A. Basically available
B. Basically not available
C. Software state
D. Soft state
E. Eventual consistency
F. Everything considered

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 378
Document and content management is defined as planning, implementation and control activities for storage management of data and information found in any form or medium.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 383
The most common drivers for initiating a Mater Data Management Program are:

A. Metadata insecurity
B. Managing data quality
C. Reducing risk
D. Managing the costs of data integration
E. Meeting organizational data requirements
F. Reducing latency

Answer: BCDE

NEW QUESTION 388
Latency can be:

A. Batch
B. Event-driven
C. Distributed
D. Real-time synchronous

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 390
The warehouse has a set of storage areas, including:

A. Staging area
B. Data marts
C. Consistent object attributes
D. Operational data store (ODS)
E. Cubes
F. Central warehouse

Answer: ABDEF

NEW QUESTION 391
Metadata is described using a different set of categories, not including:

A. Descriptive metadata
B. Database metadata
C. Structural metadata
D. Administrative metadata

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 393
Organizations are legally required to protect privacy by identifying and protecting sensitive data. Who usually identifies the confidentiality schemes and identify which assets are confidential or restricted?

A. Data Security
B. Record Retention Department
C. Data Owners
D. Regulations/Laws
E. Business Analysts

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 394
The goals of Data Integration and Interoperability include:

A. Provide data securely, with regulatory compliance, in the format and timeframe needed.
B. Lower cost and complexity of managing solutions by developing shared models and interfaces.
C. Managing the availability of data throughout the data lifecycle
D. Provide the starting point for customizations, integration or even replacement of anapplication
E. Identify meaningful events and automatically trigger alerts and actions.
F. Support business intelligence, analytics, master data management and operational efficiency efforts.

Answer: ABEF

NEW QUESTION 396
Which Data Architecture artefact contains the names of key business entities, their relationships, critical guiding business rules and critical attributes?

A. Enterprise Data Standards
B. Enterprise Business Glossary
C. Enterprise Semantic Model
D. Enterprise Data Model
E. Enterprise Data Flows

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 397
When developing a Data Governance operating framework, what areas should be considered?

A. Impacts of regulations, the value of data to the organization, data modelling skills, & third-party data policies
B. Data inputs, context diagrams, methods and procedures
C. Data management skills, budget considerations & organization strategy
D. Cultural factors, the role of a data steward, & third-party data policies
E. A model that documents the business, cultural factors, the impacts of regulations, and the value of data to the organization

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 399
Every DMM and Data Governance assessment must define how the assessment team will interact with its subjects (after defining the subject/stakeholder list). This is important because:

A. Each type of stakeholder may need a different form of interaction, and each process evaluation may lend itself to a different form of information gathering
B. Data management and Data Governance assessments will have different types of stakeholders
C. The definition of stakeholder interaction depends on the executive sponsor
D. Assessment teams may not know what a stakeholder is
E. Each type of stakeholder may need a different form of data and security

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 403
Please select the types of DBA specializations:

A. Data
B. Application
C. Innovation
D. Development
E. Procedural
F. All of the above

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 406
A weakness or defect in a system that allows it to be successfully attacked and compromised is a:

A. Risk
B. Threat
C. Feature
D. Vulnerability
E. Chasm

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 408
Why is the GDPR called the most important change in data and data privacy regulation in 20 years?

A. Because most Europeans say they want the same data protection rights across the EU and regardless of where their data is processed
B. Because most Europeans don??t want their data used by any country but the one in which they live
C. Because most Europeans don??t care if EU companies have their data but they don??t want it shared with non-EU companies
D. Because most Europeans are on social media because they don??t want their data exposed
E. Because most Europeans believe other countries are stealing their data

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 411
Why is it important to create short-term wins when rolling out a Data Governance initiative?

A. Staff turnover in most organisations makes longer term planning impossible
B. Short term wins help ensure on-going political support
C. Short term wins help to distract stakeholders from delayed delivery on bigger issues
D. You need to align your deliverables with internal project budgeting cycles
E. People find it hard to sustain commitment to change if they do not see compelling results within a relatively short time period

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 412
What area do you not consider when developing a 'Data Governance operating model?

A. Impact of regulation
B. Cultural factors - such as acceptance of discipline and adaptability to change
C. The availability of industry data models
D. The business model - decentralised versus centralised
E. The value of data to the organization

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 413
What position should be responsible for leading the Data Governance Council (DGC)?

A. Chief Data Steward or Chief Data Officer
B. Chief Information Officer or Chief Technology Officer
C. DGC Chair should rotate among executive positions
D. Chief Data Architect or Chief Data Modeler
E. Any executive can chair the DGC

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 414
The list of V??s include:

A. Volatility
B. Volume
C. Veracity
D. Viscosity
E. Variety
F. Validity

Answer: ABCDE

NEW QUESTION 418
Issues caused by data entry processes include:

A. Training issues
B. List entry replacement
C. Software issues
D. Soft state issues
E. Change to business processes
F. Inconsistent business process execution

Answer: ABEF

NEW QUESTION 419
How can the Data Governance process in an organisation best support the requirements of various Regulatory reporting needs?

A. By creating a map of where the enterprise data is located in IT systems.
B. By providing a Business Glossary based look up facility for data definitions.
C. By ensuring that data is properly categorized, owned, understood, defined, documented and controlled
D. By highlighting the challenges of multiple data definitions within the enterprise
E. By performing an as-is data audit

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 422
What position is responsible for the quality and use of their organization's data assets?

A. Data Architect
B. Data Steward
C. Data Scientist
D. Chief Information Officer
E. Data Modeler

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 423
Data flows map and document relationships between data and:

A. Locations where local differences occur
B. Situations where local differences occur
C. Network segments
D. Applications within a business process
E. None of the above
F. All of the above

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 425
Service accounts are convenient because they can tailor enhanced access for the processes that use them.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 429
When starting a Data Governance initiative it is important to understand what the Business cannot achieve due to data issues because:

A. It is important to understand the data quality issues that will need to be addressed
B. Unless you correctly identify the most important business stakeholders it is harder to sustain political buy-in to Data Governance
C. It is essential to identify key stakeholders so you can sell your vision of Data Governance to them
D. Change management creates a sense of dissatisfaction.
E. Aligning Data Governance with actual business needs makes it easier to communicate the vision and value of Data Governance

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 434
A general principle for managing metadata includes Responsibility.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 437
The target of organizational change is expedition.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 440
During the intial scoping of a project, a data model can be used to:

A. Identify detailed impact on all the tables in a database that must be changed
B. Determine the security requirements for accessing the data
C. Provide a clear definition of affected and non-affected data entities
D. Determine the impact of business processes and customer lifecycles
E. Plan the structure of the metadata repository

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 442
What key components must be included in the Implementation Roadmap?

A. Timeframes and resources for data quality requirements, policies and directives and testing standards
B. Data metrics, physical data structures, and data model designs
C. Timeframes and resources for Policies and Directives, a Business Glossary Architecture, Business and IT processes and role descriptions
D. Testing requirements, risk assessment, data security and privacy policies and database design
E. Timeframes and resources for policies and directives Architecture, Tools and Control Metrics

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 443
Which Data Architecture Artifact describes how data transforms into business assets?

A. Implementation Roadmap
B. Data Value Chain
C. Master Data Models
D. Business Value Chains
E. Data Flows

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 447
Modeling Bid data is a non-technical challenge but critical if an organization that want to describe and govern its data.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 450
Some ways to measure value of data include:

A. Replacement cost
B. Market value
C. Selling Data
D. Risk cost
E. Identified opportunities
F. All of the above

Answer: F

NEW QUESTION 454
Instant Messaging (IM) allows a user to message each other in real-time.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 456
All metadata management solutions include architectural layers including:

A. Metadata Quality Assurance Testing
B. Metadata integration
C. Metadata usage

D. Metadata delivery
E. Metadata control and management
F. None of the above

Answer: BCDE

NEW QUESTION 459
Data science involves the iterative inclusion of data sources into models that develop insights. Dat science depends on:

A. Consistency
B. Rich data sources
C. Information alignment and analysis
D. Information delivery
E. Presentation of findings and data insights
F. All of the above

Answer: BCDE

NEW QUESTION 461
Oversight for the appropriate handling of data falls under both Data Governance and Legal Counsel. What are they NOT required to do?

A. Data Governance and Legal Counsel are required to reduce the risk of ethical impropriety by making sure employees know of their obligations
B. Data Governance must set standards and policies for and provide insight of data handling practices
C. Data Governance is required to review plans and decisions proposed by Business Intelligence, Analytics, and Data Science studies
D. Data Governance and Legal Counsel are required to keep up-to-date on legal changes
E. Legal Counsel is required to audit their organizations on ethical compliance

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 462
The goals of data storage and operations include:

A. Managing performance of data assets
B. Capture and document explicit knowledge about an organization??s data and systems
C. Managing the availability of data throughout the data lifecycle
D. Provide the starting point for customizations, integration or even replacement of an application
E. Managing the performance of data transactions
F. Make the integration between data management and data analytics possible

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 466
Please select the four domains of enterprise architecture:

A. Enterprise software architecture
B. Enterprise technology architecture
C. Enterprise business architecture
D. Enterprise data architecture
E. Enterprise hardware architecture
F. Enterprise application architecture

Answer: BCDF

NEW QUESTION 468
Resource Description Framework (RDF), a common framework used to describe information about any Web resource, is a standard model for data interchange in the Web.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 470
Which of the following is not a step in the 'document and content management lifecycle'?

A. Capture records and content
B. Manage versions and control
C. Audit documents and records
D. Create a content strategy
E. Manage retention and disposal

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 475
Common understanding of the core business concepts and terminology is the objective of which deliverable?

A. Security Framework
B. Data Dictionary
C. Data Warehouse Architecture
D. Business Glossary
E. Metadata Repositories

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 479
Organizations conduct capability maturity assessments for a number of reasons, including:

A. Organizational change
B. Data management issues
C. Regulation
D. Data governance
E. Data modeling
F. New technology

Answer: ABCDF

NEW QUESTION 481
A point to point interface architecture will, in general, have more or less interfa formats than a service oriented architecture?

A. A few less
B. About the same
C. A few more
D. Many less
E. Many more

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 486
GDPR and PIPEDA are examples of:

A. Global data modelling standards
B. Content management systems
C. Data program rules
D. Primary information parsing algorithms
E. Data protection regulations

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 487
Enterprise data architects in an application migration project are primarily concerned with:

A. Mapping of data to business processes
B. Changes to business processes
C. Resolving data complexity
D. Data mapping specifications
E. Mapping outliers

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 489
The Data Governance Council (DGC) manages data governance initiatives, issues, and escalations.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 494
Field overloading: Unnecessary data duplication is often a result of poor data management.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 499
Please select the user that best describes the following description: Uses the business glossary to make architecture, systems design, and development decisions, and to conduct the impact analysis.

A. Business user
B. Technical user

C. Analytical user
D. None of the above
E. Advanced user

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 500
The main difference between a System of Record and a System of Reference is:

A. A system of reference is the source of transaction data; the system of record is the source of master data
B. The data does not originate in the system of reference
C. A system of record is the source of master data; a system of reference is the source of reference data
D. They are the same thing
E. The data does not originate in the system of record

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 505
Those responsible for the data-sharing environment have an obligation to downstream data consumers to provide high quality data.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 507
Issues caused by data entry processes include:

A. Data entry interface issues
B. List entry placement
C. Field overloading
D. None of the above
E. Training issues
F. Changes to business processes

Answer: ABCEF

NEW QUESTION 512
Please select valid modelling schemes or notations

A. NoSQL
B. Dimensional
C. Relational
D. Object-orientated
E. Fact-based
F. Matrix-based

Answer: ABCDE

NEW QUESTION 513
Enterprise data architecture influences the scope boundaries of project and system releases. An example of influence is data replication control.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 515
The steps followed in managing data issues include:

A. Standardization, Allocation, Assignment, and Correction
B. Standardization, Explanation, Ownership, and Completion
C. Read, Guess, Code, Release
D. Standardization, Assignment, Escalation, and Completion
E. Escalation, Review, Allocation and Completion

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 520
A "Data Governance strategy" usually includes the following deliverables:

A. A Statement of Intent, a Decision Framework, an Implementation Roadmap, and a Governance Toolkit
B. A Charter, a Data Architecture, a Program Data Model, and a Plan for Operational Success
C. A Program Plan, a Resource Plan, an Implementation Plan, and a Test Plan
D. A Charter, an Operating Framework, an Implementation Roadmap, and a Plan for Operational Success

E. A Charter, a Security Strategy, a Solution Roadmap, and a User Experience Plan

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 523
Bold means doing something that might cause short term pain, not just something that looks good in a marketing email.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 528
In a data warehouse, where the classification lists for organisation type are inconsistent in different source systems, there is an indication that there is a lack of focus on:

A. Metadata Management
B. Data Storage
C. Data Modelling
D. Master Data
E. Reference data

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 530
Over a decade an organisation has rationalised implementation of party concepts from 48 systems to 3. This is a result of good:

A. Data quality and data governance
B. Data architecture and data warehousing
C. Data operations and system rationalization
D. System rationalization and metadata management
E. Data architecture and data governance

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 532
A data governance strategy defines the scope and approach to governance efforts. Deliverables include:

A. Charter
B. Operating framework and accountabilities
C. Implementation roadmap
D. Plan for operational success
E. All of the above
F. None of the above

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 536
A security mechanism that searches for customer bank account details in outgoing emails is achieving the goal of:

A. Ensuring stakeholder requirements for concise definitions and usage are met
B. Ensuring stakeholder requirements for confidentiality and privacy are met
C. Ensuring stakeholder requirements for openness and transparency are met
D. Ensuring stakeholder requirements for response time and availability levels aremet
E. Ensuring stakeholder requirements for service design and experience are met

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 539
Inputs in the Data Integration and Interoperability context diagram include:

A. Data needs & standards
B. Data semantics
C. Business goals & strategies
D. Source data

Answer: ABCD

NEW QUESTION 541
Please select the option that correctly orders the models in decreasing level of detail:

A. None of the above
B. Conceptual model, Subject Area model, Logical model, Logical & Physical models for a project.
C. Logical model, Conceptual model, Subject Area model, Logical & Physical models for a project.
D. Conceptual model, Logical model, Subject Area model, Logical & Physical models for a project.

E. Subject Area model, Conceptual model, Logical model, Logical & Physical models for a project.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 542
CIF stands for:

A. Company Information Factory
B. Corporate Information Floor
C. Corporate Information Factories
D. Corporate Information Factory

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 547
A sandbox environment can either be a sub-set of the production system, walled off from production processing or a completely separate environment.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 551
Issue management is the process for identifying, quantifying, prioritizing, and resolving Data Governance issues. Which of the following are areas where that issues might arise:

A. Contract negotiations regarding data sharing & resolution of data quality issues
B. Documenting accounting procedures
C. Documenting physical assets
D. Authority and decision rights Change management escalations Meeting Compliance requirements
E. Conformance issues related to policies, standards and principles

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 554
Data Governance requires which of the following?

A. Culture Change
B. Data Reference Model
C. Data Governance Tools
D. Master Data Management
E. Data Dictionary

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 556
In data integration, the goal of data discovery is toc

A. Identify potential sources and assure data recovery processes are compliant
B. Identify key users and perform high level assessment of data quality
C. Assign data glossary terms and data formats
D. Identify potential sources and perform high-level assessment of data quality
E. Assien data plossary terms and canonical models

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 560
Advantages if a centralized metadata repository include:

A. Quick metadata retrieval
B. None of the above
C. Combining data from multiple other tables in advance to avoid costly run-time joins
D. All of the above
E. High availability
F. Low latency, since it is independent of the source systems

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 563
The failure to gain acceptance of a business glossary may be due to ineffective:

A. Metadata Management
B. Business Architecture
C. Content and Document Management
D. Data Governance

E. Data Security

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 565
Data Governance focuses exclusively on:

A. The management of data assets and of data as an asset
B. Alignment of IT strategies and investments with enterprise goals and strategies
C. Decisions about IT investments
D. Rules and regulations including GDPR
E. The COBIT (Control Objectives for Information and Related Technology) framework

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 567
CMA is an abbreviation for Capability Maturity Assessment.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 568
Test environments serve many uses:

A. Quality Assurance Testing (QA)
B. Integration Testing
C. User Acceptance Testing (UAT)
D. Performance Testing
E. All of the above
F. None of the above

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 573
Data handling ethics are concerned with how to procure, store, manage, use and dispose of data in ways that are aligned with ethical principles.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 575
Functionality-focused requirements associated with a comprehensive metadata solution, include:

A. Synchronization
B. Structure
C. None of the above
D. History
E. Volatility
F. Access rights

Answer: ABDEF

NEW QUESTION 576
A change management program supporting formal data governance should focus communication on:
Obtaining buy-in from all stakeholders

A. Implementing data management training
B. Monitoring the resistance
C. Promoting the value of data assets
D. Addressing all queries
E. Implementing new metric and KPIs

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 581
Governance ensures data is managed, but is not include the actual act of managing data.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 585
What is one of the most important things about collecting data?

A. To share the data across the organization
B. To keep data away from the public
C. To resolve many-to-many relationships
D. To collect as much data as possible into the data repository
E. To keep data for each department separate because no one needs all the data

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 588
An organization will create an uncover valuable Metadata during the process of developing Data Integration and Interoperability solutions.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 592
Content needs to be modular, structured, reusable and device and platform independent.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 597
When establishing an Organizational Change Management team, what responsibilities and skills should they possess?

A. Be an excellent program developer & develop a data quality program
B. Ability to plan, write excellent data requirements, read a data model
C. Policy implementation, good communication skills, and ability to give presentations
D. Ability to plan, influencing systems development, good communication skills
E. Programming skills, ability to work with business

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 599
The Data Warehouse encompasses all components in the data staging and data presentation areas, including:

A. Data Access Tool
B. Application Tool
C. Operational source systems
D. Data staging area
E. Data presentation area
F. All of the above

Answer: ACDE

NEW QUESTION 604
Reference and master data require governance processes, including:

A. The data sources to be integrated
B. Emotions matrix
C. Compliance framework
D. The priority and response levels of data stewardship efforts
E. The conditions of use rules to be followed
F. None of the above

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 609
Data replication is useful as it provides:

A. The ability to spread the workload across multiple databases
B. Opportunities to secure sensitive data
C. An alternative to backups
D. Enables different table structures to be built
E. Insights into customer retention

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 612
A staff member has been detected inappropriately accessing client records from usage logs. The security mechanism being used is an:

A. Access
B. Audit
C. Entitlement
D. Authorisation
E. Authentication

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 616
Gathering and interpreting results from a DMM or Data Governance assessment are important because:

A. Lack of results gathered can indicate a lack of assessment performance
B. The assessments are done by different teams within the organization and may have different results
C. Interpreting these results is difficult
D. Data Management and Data Governance results are gathered and interpreted differently, depending on the organization being evaluated
E. Performing these activities objectively can ensure the success of the assessment and affect the acceptance and implementation of the data management and/or Data Governance program

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 618
The dependencies of enterprise technology architecture are that it acts on specified data according to business requirements.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 619
In gathering requirements for DW/BI projects, begin with the data goals and strategies first.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 623
When assessing security risks it is required to evaluate each system for the following:

A. The current security protections in place
B. The requirements to protect the data
C. None of the above
D. All of the above
E. The complexity of the data stored or in transit
F. The sensitivity of the data stored or in transit

Answer: ABF

NEW QUESTION 627
The CAP theorem states that at most two of the three properties: consistency, availability and partition tolerance can exist in any shared data system.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 628
Three classic implementation approaches that support Online Analytical Processing include:

A. QOLAP
B. ROLAP
C. OLAP2
D. HOLAP
E. MOLAP
F. None of the above

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 629
SDLC stands for:

A. System development leverage cycle
B. System design lifecycle
C. System and design long cycle
D. System development lifecycle

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 634
XML is the abbreviation for standard mark-up language.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 638
Class operations can be:

A. General: Hidden
B. Public: Externally visible
C. Internally visible: Visible to children objects
D. Private: Hidden

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 642
An organization can enhance its Data Governance program and thereby improve its approach to enterprise data management. This is important for the following reason:

A. Since most organizations start Data Governance in silos and not at the enterprise level, it is important to be able to assess current state and determine desired targeted state that supports the overall vision
B. Often organizations have a data repository or dictionary that is just as good as Data Governance
C. Data Governance programs are rarely enhanced once they are launched
D. Assessing current state for Data Governance may not tell the organization the current state of other components
E. Starting a Data Governance program does not require that the organization start a data management program

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 647
Big data primarily refers specifically to the volume of the data.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 651
Triplestores can be classified into these categories:

A. Native triplestores
B. All of the above
C. None of the above
D. RDMS-backed triplestores
E. NoSQL triplestores
F. MapReduce triplestores

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 652
Assessment capabilities are evaluated against a pre-determined scale with established criteria. This is important because:

A. Each process that is being evaluated must show some financial justification.
B. It is difficult to be objective when using an internally developed assessment
C. Each process under evaluation must be rated objectively against best practices found in many organizations and industries.
D. Pre-determined scales give organizations a way to justify their weaknesses
E. Established criteria in an industry make each organization more likely to want to use the industry's assessment.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 655
Enterprise data architecture project-related activities include:

A. Define maturity assessment
B. Define scope
C. Design
D. Implement
E. None of the above
F. All of the above

Answer: BCD

NEW QUESTION 657
Bias refers to an inclination of outlook. Please select the types of data bias:

A. Data collection for pre-defined results
B. Hunch and search
C. Positive reinforcement
D. Context and Emotion
E. Biased use of data collected
F. Biased sampling methodology

Answer: ABEF

NEW QUESTION 661
Big data management requires:

A. No discipline at all
B. Less discipline than relational data management
C. More discipline than relational data management
D. Big ideas with big budgets
E. A certification in data science

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 662
SOA is an abbreviation for service orientated architecture.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 667
Information gaps represent enterprise liabilities with potentially profound impacts on operational effectiveness and profitability.

A. TRUE
B. FALSE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 669
What does Data Handling Ethics concern itself with?

A. Data Ethics is concerned with the right way of dealing with data throughout its lifecycle, ensuring that it??s in line with the organization??s policies and standards
B. Data Handling Ethics is concerned with how to procure, store, manage, use, and dispose of data that are aligned with ethical principles
C. Data Ethics is concerned about respect of persons, beneficence, and justice
D. Data Handling Ethics is concerned with protecting individuals and society from inappropriate processing of data
E. Data Ethics is concerned with applying ethical principles to data managemen
F. Data Management needs to be aligned to the ethical statements of the organization

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 671
Compound authorization groups provide a means to:

A. Effectively prepare for data security audits
B. Distract the data security officer
C. Encrypt sensitive transmissions of data
D. Precisely configure an individual's access to a system
E. Obfuscate a user's actual access to a system

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 676
Data Management maturity has many goals for accomplishment including having a positive effect on culture. This is important to a Data Governance program for the following reason:

A. It is important to be able to assess the level of current state for each component against the Data Governance best practices to determine how readily the culture has accepted Data Governance
B. Data Governance does not affect the culture of the organization directly
C. It is important to have many goals so that you can show progress on some of the goals even if you can't meet all of them
D. Data management maturity only has one goal
E. Best practices for data management are not the same as best practices for Data Governance

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 677
Technical metadata describes details of the processing and accessing of data.

A. FALSE
B. TRUE

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 680
It is recommended that organizations not print their business data glossaries for general use, why would you not want to print the glossary?

A. Because there is so much data in an organization's glossary that the report would be too big to handle
B. Because the glossary contains trade 'secrets' that the organization wants to protect
C. Because industry rules and regulation should not be printed because they vary by State
D. Because the data is not static but is being updated by stewards as they add new fields and definitions
E. Because the data is confidential and should not be given out in printed form

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 681
.....

Relate Links

100% Pass Your DMF-1220 Exam with Exambible Prep Materials

https://www.exambible.com/DMF-1220-exam/

Contact us

We are proud of our high-quality customer service, which serves you around the clock 24/7.

Viste - https://www.exambible.com/