

Exam Questions Data-Cloud-Consultant

Salesforce Certified Data Cloud Consultant(WI24)

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NEW QUESTION 1

Which two dependencies prevent a data stream from being deleted? Choose 2 answers

- A. The underlying data lake object is used in activation.
- B. The underlying data lake object is used in a data transform.
- C. The underlying data lake object is mapped to a data model object.
- D. The underlying data lake object is used in segmentation.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

To delete a data stream in Data Cloud, the underlying data lake object (DLO) must not have any dependencies or references to other objects or processes. The following two dependencies prevent a data stream from being deleted¹:

? Data transform: This is a process that transforms the ingested data into a standardized format and structure for the data model. A data transform can use one or more DLOs as input or output. If a DLO is used in a data transform, it cannot be deleted until the data transform is removed or modified².

? Data model object: This is an object that represents a type of entity or relationship in the data model. A data model object can be mapped to one or more DLOs to define its attributes and values. If a DLO is mapped to a data model object, it cannot be deleted until the mapping is removed or changed³.

References:

? 1: Delete a Data Stream article on Salesforce Help

? 2: [Data Transforms in Data Cloud] unit on Trailhead

? 3: [Data Model in Data Cloud] unit on Trailhead

NEW QUESTION 2

Cumulus Financial created a segment called High Investment Balance Customers. This is a foundational segment that includes several segmentation criteria the marketing team should consistently use.

Which feature should the consultant suggest the marketing team use to ensure this consistency when creating future, more refined segments?

- A. Create new segments using nested segments.
- B. Create a High Investment Balance calculated insight.
- C. Package High Investment Balance Customers in a data kit.
- D. Create new segments by cloning High Investment Balance Customers.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Nested segments are segments that include or exclude one or more existing segments. They allow the marketing team to reuse filters and maintain consistency in their data by using an existing segment to build a new one. For example, the marketing team can create a nested segment that includes High Investment Balance Customers and excludes customers who have opted out of email marketing. This way, they can leverage the foundational segment and apply additional criteria without duplicating the rules. The other options are not the best features to ensure consistency because:

? B. A calculated insight is a data object that performs calculations on data lake objects or CRM data and returns a result. It is not a segment and cannot be used for activation or personalization.

? C. A data kit is a bundle of packageable metadata that can be exported and imported across Data Cloud orgs. It is not a feature for creating segments, but rather for sharing components.

? D. Cloning a segment creates a copy of the segment with the same rules and filters. It does not allow the marketing team to add or remove criteria from the original segment, and it may create confusion and

redundancy. References: Create a Nested Segment - Salesforce, Save Time with Nested Segments (Generally Available) - Salesforce, Calculated Insights - Salesforce, Create and Publish a Data Kit Unit | Salesforce Trailhead, Create a Segment in Data Cloud - Salesforce

NEW QUESTION 3

What is the result of a segmentation criteria filtering on City | Is Equal To | 'San José'?

- A. Cities containing 'San José', 'San Jose', 'san jose', or 'san jose'
- B. Cities only containing 'San Jose' or 'san jose'
- C. Cities only containing 'San Jose' or 'San Jose'
- D. Cities only containing 'San José' or 'san José'

Answer: D

Explanation:

The result of a segmentation criteria filtering on City | Is Equal To | 'San José' is cities only containing 'San José' or 'san José'. This is because the segmentation criteria is case-sensitive and accent-sensitive, meaning that it will only match the exact value that is entered in the filter¹. Therefore, cities containing 'San Jose', 'san jose', or 'San Jose' will not be included in the result, as they do not match the filter value exactly. To include cities with different variations of the name 'San José', you would need to use the OR operator and add multiple filter values, such as 'San José' OR 'San Jose' OR 'san jose' OR 'san José'².

References: Segmentation Criteria, Segmentation Operators

NEW QUESTION 4

A user is not seeing suggested values from newly-modeled data when building a segment. What is causing this issue?

- A. Value suggestion is still processing and to be available.
- B. Value suggestion requires Data Aware Specialist permissions at a minimum.
- C. Value suggestion can only work on direct attributes and not related attributes.
- D. Value suggestion will only return result for the first 50 values of a specific attribute.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Value suggestion is a feature that allows users to see suggested values for data model object (DMO) fields when creating segment filters. However, this feature can take up to 24 hours to process and display the values for newly-modeled data. Therefore, if a user is not seeing suggested values from newly-modeled data, it

is likely that the value suggestion is still processing and will be available soon. The other options are incorrect because value suggestion does not require any specific permissions, can work on both direct and related attributes, and can return more than 50 values for a specific attribute, depending on the data type and frequency of the values. References: Use Value Suggestions in Segmentation, Data Cloud Limits and Guidelines

NEW QUESTION 5

Cloud Kicks received a Request to be Forgotten by a customer.

In which two ways should a consultant use Data Cloud to honor this request? Choose 2 answers

- A. Delete the data from the incoming data stream and perform a full refresh.
- B. Add the Individual ID to a headerless file and use the delete from file functionality.
- C. Use Data Explorer to locate and manually remove the Individual.
- D. Use the Consent API to suppress processing and delete the Individual and related records from source data streams.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

To honor a Request to be Forgotten by a customer, a consultant should use Data Cloud in two ways:

? Add the Individual ID to a headerless file and use the delete from file functionality. This option allows the consultant to delete multiple Individuals from Data Cloud by uploading a CSV file with their IDs¹. The deletion process is asynchronous and can take up to 24 hours to complete¹.

? Use the Consent API to suppress processing and delete the Individual and related records from source data streams. This option allows the consultant to submit a Data Deletion request for an Individual profile in Data Cloud using the Consent API². A Data Deletion request deletes the specified Individual entity and any entities where a relationship has been defined between that entity's identifying attribute and the Individual ID attribute². The deletion process is reprocessed at 30, 60, and 90 days to ensure a full deletion². The other options are not correct because:

? Deleting the data from the incoming data stream and performing a full refresh will not delete the existing data in Data Cloud, only the new data from the source system³.

? Using Data Explorer to locate and manually remove the Individual will not delete the related records from the source data streams, only the Individual entity in Data Cloud. References:

? Delete Individuals from Data Cloud

? Requesting Data Deletion or Right to Be Forgotten

? Data Refresh for Data Cloud

? [Data Explorer]

NEW QUESTION 6

Cumulus Financial created a segment called Multiple Investments that contains individuals who have invested in two or more mutual funds.

The company plans to send an email to this segment regarding a new mutual fund offering, and wants to personalize the email content with information about each customer's current mutual fund investments.

How should the Data Cloud consultant configure this activation?

- A. Include Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" as a related attribute
- B. Configure an activation based on the new segment with no additional attributes.
- C. Choose the Multiple Investments segment, choose the Email contact point, add related attribute Fund Name, and add related attribute filter for Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund".
- D. Choose the Multiple Investments segment, choose the Email contact point, and add related attribute Fund Type.
- E. Include Fund Name and Fund Type by default for post processing in the target system.

Answer: B

Explanation:

To personalize the email content with information about each customer's current mutual fund investments, the Data Cloud consultant needs to add related attributes to the activation. Related attributes are additional data fields that can be sent along with the segment to the target system for personalization or analysis purposes. In this case, the consultant needs to add the Fund Name attribute, which contains the name of the mutual fund that the customer has invested in, and apply a filter for Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" to ensure that only relevant data is sent. The other options are not correct because:

? A. Including Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" as a related attribute is not enough to personalize the email content. The consultant also needs to include the Fund Name attribute, which contains the specific name of the mutual fund that the customer has invested in.

? C. Adding related attribute Fund Type is not enough to personalize the email content. The consultant also needs to add the Fund Name attribute, which contains the specific name of the mutual fund that the customer has invested in, and apply a filter for Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" to ensure that only relevant data is sent.

? D. Including Fund Name and Fund Type by default for post processing in the target system is not a valid option. The consultant needs to add the related attributes and filters during the activation configuration in Data Cloud, not after the data is sent to the target system. References: Add Related Attributes to an Activation - Salesforce, Related Attributes in Activation - Salesforce, Prepare for Your Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Credential

NEW QUESTION 7

A consultant wants to build a new audience in Data Cloud.

Which three criteria can the consultant include when building a segment? Choose 3 answers

- A. Direct attributes
- B. Data stream attributes
- C. Calculated Insights
- D. Related attributes
- E. Streaming insights

Answer: ACD

Explanation:

A segment is a subset of individuals who meet certain criteria based on their attributes and behaviors. A consultant can use different types of criteria when building a segment in Data Cloud, such as:

? Direct attributes: These are attributes that describe the characteristics of an individual, such as name, email, gender, age, etc. These attributes are stored in the Profile data model object (DMO) and can be used to filter individuals based on their profile data.

? Calculated Insights: These are insights that perform calculations on data in a data space and store the results in a data extension. These insights can be used to segment individuals based on metrics or scores derived from their data, such as customer lifetime value, churn risk, loyalty tier, etc.

? Related attributes: These are attributes that describe the relationships of an individual with other DMOs, such as Email, Engagement, Order, Product, etc. These attributes can be used to segment individuals based on their interactions or transactions with different entities, such as email opens, clicks, purchases, etc. The other two options are not valid criteria for building a segment in Data Cloud. Data stream attributes are attributes that describe the streaming data that is ingested into Data Cloud from various sources, such as Marketing Cloud, Commerce Cloud, Service Cloud, etc. These attributes are not directly available for segmentation, but they can be transformed and stored in data extensions using streaming data transforms. Streaming insights are insights that analyze streaming data in real time and trigger actions based on predefined conditions. These insights are not used for segmentation, but for activation and personalization. References: Create a Segment in Data Cloud, Use Insights in Data Cloud, Data Cloud Data Model

NEW QUESTION 8

A consultant is helping a beauty company ingest its profile data into Data Cloud. The company's source data includes several fields, such as eye color, skin type, and hair color, that are not fields in the standard Individual data model object (DMO).

What should the consultant recommend to map this data to be used for both segmentation and identity resolution?

- A. Create a custom DMO from scratch that has all fields that are needed.
- B. Create a custom DMO with only the additional fields and map it to the standard Individual DMO.
- C. Create custom fields on the standard Individual DMO.
- D. Duplicate the standard Individual DMO and add the additional fields.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The best option to map the data to be used for both segmentation and identity resolution is to create custom fields on the standard Individual DMO. This way, the consultant can leverage the existing fields and functionality of the Individual DMO, such as identity resolution rulesets, calculated insights, and data actions, while adding the additional fields that are specific to the beauty company's data¹. Creating a custom DMO from scratch or duplicating the standard Individual DMO would require more effort and maintenance, and might not be compatible with the existing features of Data Cloud. Creating a custom DMO with only the additional fields and mapping it to the standard Individual DMO would create unnecessary complexity and redundancy, and might not allow the use of the custom fields for identity resolution. References:

? 1: Data Model Objects in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 9

During discovery, which feature should a consultant highlight for a customer who has multiple data sources and needs to match and reconcile data about individuals into a single unified profile?

- A. Harmonization
- B. Data Cleansing
- C. Data Consolidation
- D. Identity Resolution

Answer: D

Explanation:

The feature that the consultant should highlight for a customer who has multiple data sources and needs to match and reconcile data about individuals into a single unified profile is D. Identity Resolution. Identity Resolution is the process of identifying, matching, and reconciling data about individuals across different data sources and creating a unified profile that represents a single view of the customer. Identity Resolution uses various methods and rules to determine the best match and reconciliation of data, such as deterministic matching, probabilistic matching, reconciliation rules, and identity graphs. Identity Resolution enables the customer to have a complete and accurate understanding of their customers and their interactions across different channels and touchpoints. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Identity Resolution

NEW QUESTION 10

Luxury Retailers created a segment targeting high value customers that it activates through Marketing Cloud for email communication. The company notices that the activated count is smaller than the segment count. What is a reason for this?

- A. Marketing Cloud activations apply a frequency cap and limit the number of records that can be sent in an activation.
- B. Data Cloud enforces the presence of Contact Point for Marketing Cloud activation
- C. If the individual does not have a related Contact Point, it will not be activated.
- D. Marketing Cloud activations automatically suppress individuals who are unengaged and have not opened or clicked on an email in the last six months.
- E. Marketing Cloud activations only activate those individuals that already exist in Marketing Cloud. They do not allow activation of new records.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Data Cloud requires a Contact Point for Marketing Cloud activations, which is a record that links an individual to an email address. This ensures that the individual has given consent to receive email communications and that the email address is valid. If the individual does not have a related Contact Point, they will not be activated in Marketing Cloud. This may result in a lower activated count than the segment count. References: Data Cloud Activation, Contact Point for Marketing Cloud

NEW QUESTION 10

Which permission setting should a consultant check if the custom Salesforce CRM object is not available in New Data Stream configuration?

- A. Confirm the Create object permission is enabled in the Data Cloud org.
- B. Confirm the View All object permission is enabled in the source Salesforce CRM org.
- C. Confirm the Ingest Object permission is enabled in the Salesforce CRM org.
- D. Confirm that the Modify Object permission is enabled in the Data Cloud org.

Answer: B

Explanation:

To create a new data stream from a custom Salesforce CRM object, the consultant needs to confirm that the View All object permission is enabled in the source

Salesforce CRM org. This permission allows the user to view all records associated with the object, regardless of sharing settings¹. Without this permission, the custom object will not be available in the New Data Stream configuration². References:

? Manage Access with Data Cloud Permission Sets

? Object Permissions

NEW QUESTION 14

Cumulus Financial uses calculated insights to compute the total banking value per branch for its high net worth customers. In the calculated insight, "banking value" is a metric, "branch" is a dimension, and "high net worth" is a filter.

What can be included as an attribute in activation?

- A. "high net worth" (filter)
- B. "branch" (dimension) and "banking metric"
- C. "banking value" (metric)
- D. "branch" (dimension)

Answer: D

Explanation:

According to the Salesforce Data Cloud documentation, an attribute is a dimension or a measure that can be used in activation. A dimension is a categorical variable that can be used to group or filter data, such as branch, region, or product. A measure is a numerical variable that can be used to calculate metrics, such as revenue, profit, or count. A filter is a condition that can be applied to limit the data that is used in a calculated insight, such as high net worth, age range, or gender. In this question, the calculated insight uses "banking value" as a metric, which is a measure, and "branch" as a dimension. Therefore, only "branch" can be included as an attribute in activation, since it is a dimension. The other options are either measures or filters, which are not attributes. References: Data Cloud Permission Sets, Salesforce Data Cloud Exam Questions

NEW QUESTION 19

Northern Trail Outfitters uses B2C Commerce and is exploring implementing Data Cloud to get a unified view of its customers and all their order transactions.

What should the consultant keep in mind with regard to historical data ingesting order data using the B2C Commerce Order Bundle?

- A. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 12 months of historical data.
- B. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 6 months of historical data.
- C. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle does not ingest any historical data and only ingests new orders from that point on.
- D. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 30 days of historical data.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The B2C Commerce Order Bundle is a data bundle that creates a data stream to flow order data from a B2C Commerce instance to Data Cloud. However, this data bundle does not ingest any historical data and only ingests new orders from the time the data stream is created. Therefore, if a consultant wants to ingest historical order data, they need to use a different method, such as exporting the data from B2C Commerce and importing it to Data Cloud using a CSV file¹².

References:

? Create a B2C Commerce Data Bundle

? Data Access and Export for B2C Commerce and Commerce Marketplace

NEW QUESTION 22

A consultant is integrating an Amazon S3 activated campaign with the customer's destination system.

In order for the destination system to find the metadata about the segment, which file on the S3 will contain this information for processing?

- A. The .txt file
- B. The json file
- C. The .csv file
- D. The .zip file

Answer: B

Explanation:

The file on the Amazon S3 that will contain the metadata about the segment for processing is B. The json file. The json file is a metadata file that is generated along with the csv file when a segment is activated to Amazon S3. The json file contains information such as the segment name, the segment ID, the segment size, the segment attributes, the segment filters, and the segment schedule. The destination system can use this file to identify the segment and its properties, and to match the segment data with the corresponding fields in the destination system. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Amazon S3 Activation

NEW QUESTION 27

A customer has a requirement to be able to view the last time each segment was published within their Data Cloud org.

Which two features should the consultant recommend to best address this requirement? Choose 2 answers

- A. Profile Explorer
- B. Calculated insight
- C. Dashboard
- D. Report

Answer: CD

Explanation:

A customer who wants to view the last time each segment was published within their Data Cloud org can use the dashboard and report features to achieve this requirement. A dashboard is a visual representation of data that can show key metrics, trends, and comparisons. A report is a tabular or matrix view of data that can show details, summaries, and calculations. Both dashboard and report features allow the user to create, customize, and share data views based on their needs and preferences. To view the last

time each segment was published, the user can create a dashboard or a report that shows the segment name, the publish date, and the publish status fields from the segment object. The user can also filter, sort, group, or chart the data by these fields to get more insights and analysis. The user can also schedule, refresh, or export the dashboard or report data as needed. References: Dashboards, Reports

NEW QUESTION 31

To import campaign members into a campaign in Salesforce CRM, a user wants to export the segment to Amazon S3. The resulting file needs to include the Salesforce CRM Campaign ID in the name.

What are two ways to achieve this outcome? Choose 2 answers

- A. Include campaign identifier in the activation name.
- B. Hard code the campaign identifier as a new attribute in the campaign activation.
- C. Include campaign identifier in the filename specification.
- D. Include campaign identifier in the segment name.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

The two ways to achieve this outcome are A and C. Include campaign identifier in the activation name and include campaign identifier in the filename specification. These two options allow the user to specify the Salesforce CRM Campaign ID in the name of the file that is exported to Amazon S3. The activation name and the filename specification are both configurable settings in the activation wizard, where the user can enter the campaign identifier as a text or a variable. The activation name is used as the prefix of the filename, and the filename specification is used as the suffix of the filename. For example, if the activation name is "Campaign_123" and the filename specification is "{segmentName}_{date}", the resulting file name will be "Campaign_123_SegmentA_2023-12-18.csv". This way, the user can easily identify the file that corresponds to the campaign and import it into Salesforce CRM.

The other options are not correct. Option B is incorrect because hard coding the campaign identifier as a new attribute in the campaign activation is not possible. The campaign activation does not have any attributes, only settings. Option D is incorrect because including the campaign identifier in the segment name is not sufficient. The segment name is not used in the filename of the exported file, unless it is specified in the filename specification. Therefore, the user will not be able to see the campaign identifier in the file name.

NEW QUESTION 36

Which consideration related to the way Data Cloud ingests CRM data is true?

- A. CRM data cannot be manually refreshed and must wait for the next scheduled synchronization,
- B. The CRM Connector's synchronization times can be customized to up to 15-minute intervals.
- C. Formula fields are refreshed at regular sync intervals and are updated at the next full refresh.
- D. The CRM Connector allows standard fields to stream into Data Cloud in real time.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The correct answer is D. The CRM Connector allows standard fields to stream into Data Cloud in real time. This means that any changes to the standard fields in the CRM data source are reflected in Data Cloud almost instantly, without waiting for the next scheduled synchronization. This feature enables Data Cloud to have the most up-to-date and accurate CRM data for segmentation and activation¹.

The other options are incorrect for the following reasons:

? A. CRM data can be manually refreshed at any time by clicking the Refresh button on the data stream detail page². This option is false.

? B. The CRM Connector's synchronization times can be customized to up to 60-minute intervals, not 15-minute intervals³. This option is false.

? C. Formula fields are not refreshed at regular sync intervals, but only at the next full refresh⁴. A full refresh is a complete data ingestion process that occurs once every 24 hours or when manually triggered. This option is false.

References:

? 1: Connect and Ingest Data in Data Cloud article on Salesforce Help

? 2: Data Sources in Data Cloud unit on Trailhead

? 3: Data Cloud for Admins module on Trailhead

? 4: [Formula Fields in Data Cloud] unit on Trailhead

? : [Data Streams in Data Cloud] unit on Trailhead

NEW QUESTION 37

Northern Trail Outfitters is using the Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles to bring Marketing Cloud data into Data Cloud.

What are two of the available datasets in Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles? Choose 2 answers

- A. Personalization
- B. MobileConnect
- C. Loyalty Management
- D. MobilePush

Answer: BD

Explanation:

The Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles are predefined data bundles that allow you to easily ingest data from Marketing Cloud into Data Cloud¹. The available datasets in Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles are Email, MobileConnect, and MobilePush². These datasets contain engagement events and metrics from different Marketing Cloud channels, such as email, SMS, and push notifications². By using these datasets, you can enrich your Data Cloud data model with Marketing Cloud data and create segments and activations based on your marketing campaigns and journeys¹. The other options are incorrect because they are not available datasets in Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles. Option A is incorrect because Personalization is not a dataset, but a feature of Marketing Cloud that allows you to tailor your content and messages to your audience³. Option C is incorrect because Loyalty Management is not a dataset, but a product of Marketing Cloud that allows you to create and manage loyalty programs for your customers⁴. References: Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles in Data Cloud, Connect Your Data Sources, Personalization in Marketing Cloud, Loyalty Management in Marketing Cloud

NEW QUESTION 38

Northern Trail Outfitters uploads new customer data to an Amazon S3 Bucket on a daily basis to be ingested in Data Cloud.

In what order should each process be run to ensure that freshly imported data is ready and available to use for any segment?

- A. Calculated Insight > Refresh Data Stream > Identity Resolution
- B. Refresh Data Stream > Calculated Insight > Identity Resolution
- C. Identity Resolution > Refresh Data Stream > Calculated Insight
- D. Refresh Data Stream > Identity Resolution > Calculated Insight

Answer: D

Explanation:

To ensure that freshly imported data from an Amazon S3 Bucket is ready and available to use for any segment, the following processes should be run in this order:

? Refresh Data Stream: This process updates the data lake objects in Data Cloud with the latest data from the source system. It can be configured to run automatically or manually, depending on the data stream settings¹. Refreshing the data stream ensures that Data Cloud has the most recent and accurate data from the Amazon S3 Bucket.

? Identity Resolution: This process creates unified individual profiles by matching and consolidating source profiles from different data streams based on the identity resolution ruleset. It runs daily by default, but can be triggered manually as well². Identity resolution ensures that Data Cloud has a single view of each customer across different data sources.

? Calculated Insight: This process performs calculations on data lake objects or CRM data and returns a result as a new data object. It can be used to create metrics or measures for segmentation or analysis purposes³. Calculated insights ensure that Data Cloud has the derived data that can be used for personalization or activation.

References:

? 1: Configure Data Stream Refresh and Frequency - Salesforce

? 2: Identity Resolution Ruleset Processing Results - Salesforce

? 3: Calculated Insights - Salesforce

NEW QUESTION 41

Cumulus Financial uses Data Cloud to segment banking customers and activate them for direct mail via a Cloud File Storage activation. The company also wants to analyze individuals who have been in the segment within the last 2 years. Which Data Cloud component allows for this?

- A. Segment exclusion
- B. Nested segments
- C. Segment membership data model object
- D. Calculated insights

Answer: C

Explanation:

Data Cloud allows customers to analyze the segment membership history of individuals using the Segment Membership data model object. This object stores information about when an individual joined or left a segment, and can be used to create reports and dashboards to track segment performance over time.

Cumulus Financial can use this object to filter individuals who have been in the segment within the last 2 years and compare them with other metrics.

The other options are not Data Cloud components that allow for this analysis. Segment exclusion is a feature that allows customers to remove individuals from a segment based on another segment. Nested segments are segments that are created from other segments using logical operators. Calculated insights are derived attributes that are created from existing data using formulas.

References:

? Segment Membership Data Model Object

? Data Cloud Reports and Dashboards

? Create a Segment in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 42

During an implementation project, a consultant completed ingestion of all data streams for their customer. Prior to segmenting and acting on that data, which additional configuration is required?

- A. Data Activation
- B. Calculated Insights
- C. Data Mapping
- D. Identity Resolution

Answer: D

Explanation:

After ingesting data from different sources into Data Cloud, the additional configuration that is required before segmenting and acting on that data is Identity Resolution. Identity Resolution is the process of matching and reconciling source profiles from different data sources and creating unified profiles that represent a single individual or entity¹. Identity Resolution enables you to create a 360-degree view of your customers and prospects, and to segment and activate them based on their attributes and behaviors². To configure Identity Resolution, you need to create and deploy a ruleset that defines the match rules and reconciliation rules for your data³. The other options are incorrect because they are not required before segmenting and acting on the data. Data Activation is the process of sending data from Data Cloud to other Salesforce clouds or external destinations for marketing, sales, or service purposes⁴. Calculated Insights are derived attributes that are computed based on the source or unified data, such as lifetime value, churn risk, or product affinity⁵. Data Mapping is the process of mapping source attributes to unified attributes in the data model. These configurations can be done after segmenting and acting on the data, or in parallel with Identity Resolution, but they are not prerequisites for it. References: Identity Resolution Overview, Segment and Activate Data in Data Cloud, Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets, Data Activation Overview, Calculated Insights Overview, [Data Mapping Overview]

NEW QUESTION 47

Which operator should a consultant use to create a segment for a birthday campaign that is evaluated daily?

- A. Is Today
- B. Is Birthday
- C. Is Between
- D. Is Anniversary Of

Answer: D

Explanation:

To create a segment for a birthday campaign that is evaluated daily, the consultant should use the Is Anniversary Of operator. This operator compares a date field with the current date and returns true if the month and day are the same, regardless of the year. For example, if the date field is 1990-01-01 and the current date is 2023-01-01, the operator returns true. This way, the consultant can create a segment that includes all the customers who have their birthday on the same day as the current date, and the segment will be updated daily with the new birthdays. The other options are not the best operators to use for this purpose because:

? A. The Is Today operator compares a date field with the current date and returns true if the date is the same, including the year. For example, if the date field is 1990-01-01 and the current date is 2023-01-01, the operator returns false. This operator is not suitable for a birthday campaign, as it will only include the customers who were born on the same day and year as the current date, which is very unlikely.

? B. The Is Birthday operator is not a valid operator in Data Cloud. There is no such operator available in the segment canvas or the calculated insight editor.

? C. The Is Between operator compares a date field with a range of dates and returns true if the date is within the range, including the endpoints. For example, if the date field is 1990-01-01 and the range is 2022-12-25 to 2023-01-05, the operator returns true. This operator is not suitable for a birthday campaign, as it will only include the customers who have their birthday within a fixed range of dates, and the segment will not be updated daily with the new birthdays.

NEW QUESTION 50

How does identity resolution select attributes for unified individuals when there is conflicting information in the data model?

- A. Creates additional contact points
- B. Leverages reconciliation rules
- C. Creates additional rulesets
- D. Leverages match rules

Answer: B

Explanation:

Identity resolution is the process of creating unified profiles of individuals by matching and merging data from different sources. When there is conflicting information in the data model, such as different names, addresses, or phone numbers for the same person, identity resolution leverages reconciliation rules to select the most accurate and complete attributes for the unified profile. Reconciliation rules are configurable rules that define how to resolve conflicts based on criteria such as recency, frequency, source priority, or completeness. For example, a reconciliation rule can specify that the most recent name or the most frequent phone number should be selected for the unified profile.

Reconciliation rules can be applied at the attribute level or the contact point level. References: Identity Resolution, Reconciliation Rules, Salesforce Data Cloud Exam Questions

NEW QUESTION 53

A consultant wants to ensure that every segment managed by multiple brand teams adheres to the same set of exclusion criteria, that are updated on a monthly basis. What is the most efficient option to allow for this capability?

- A. Create, publish, and deploy a data kit.
- B. Create a reusable container block with common criteria.
- C. Create a nested segment.
- D. Create a segment and copy it for each brand.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The most efficient option to allow for this capability is to create a reusable container block with common criteria. A container block is a segment component that can be reused across multiple segments. A container block can contain any combination of filters, nested segments, and exclusion criteria. A consultant can create a container block with the exclusion criteria that apply to all the segments managed by multiple brand teams, and then add the container block to each segment. This way, the consultant can update the exclusion criteria in one place and have them reflected in all the segments that use the container block.

The other options are not the most efficient options to allow for this capability. Creating, publishing, and deploying a data kit is a way to share data and segments across different data spaces, but it does not allow for updating the exclusion criteria on a monthly basis. Creating a nested segment is a way to combine segments using logical operators, but it does not allow for excluding individuals based on specific criteria. Creating a segment and copying it for each brand is a way to create multiple segments with the same exclusion criteria, but it does not allow for updating the exclusion criteria in one place.

References:

- ? Create a Container Block
- ? Create a Segment in Data Cloud
- ? Create and Publish a Data Kit
- ? Create a Nested Segment

NEW QUESTION 56

Which data model subject area should be used for any Organization, Individual, or Member in the Customer 360 data model?

- A. Engagement
- B. Membership
- C. Party
- D. Global Account

Answer: C

Explanation:

The data model subject area that should be used for any Organization, Individual, or Member in the Customer 360 data model is the Party subject area. The Party subject area defines the entities that are involved in any business transaction or relationship, such as customers, prospects, partners, suppliers, etc. The Party subject area contains the following data model objects (DMOs):

? Organization: A DMO that represents a legal entity or a business unit, such as a company, a department, a branch, etc.

? Individual: A DMO that represents a person, such as a customer, a contact, a user, etc.

? Member: A DMO that represents the relationship between an individual and an organization, such as an employee, a customer, a partner, etc.

The other options are not data model subject areas that should be used for any Organization, Individual, or Member in the Customer 360 data model. The Engagement subject area defines the actions that people take, such as clicks, views, purchases, etc. The Membership subject area defines the associations that people have with groups, such as loyalty programs, clubs, communities, etc. The Global Account subject area defines the hierarchical relationships between organizations, such as parent-child, subsidiary, etc. References:

? Data Model Subject Areas

? Party Subject Area
? Customer 360 Data Model

NEW QUESTION 59

What should a user do to pause a segment activation with the intent of using that segment again?

- A. Deactivate the segment.
- B. Delete the segment.
- C. Skip the activation.
- D. Stop the publish schedule.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct answer is A. Deactivate the segment. If a segment is no longer needed, it can be deactivated through Data Cloud and applies to all chosen targets. A deactivated segment no longer publishes, but it can be reactivated at any time¹. This option allows the user to pause a segment activation with the intent of using that segment again.

The other options are incorrect for the following reasons:

? B. Delete the segment. This option permanently removes the segment from Data Cloud and cannot be undone². This option does not allow the user to use the segment again.

? C. Skip the activation. This option skips the current activation cycle for the segment, but does not affect the future activation cycles³. This option does not pause the segment activation indefinitely.

? D. Stop the publish schedule. This option stops the segment from publishing to the chosen targets, but does not deactivate the segment⁴. This option does not pause the segment activation completely.

References:

? 1: Deactivated Segment article on Salesforce Help

? 2: Delete a Segment article on Salesforce Help

? 3: Skip an Activation article on Salesforce Help

? 4: Stop a Publish Schedule article on Salesforce Help

NEW QUESTION 60

A customer has a custom Customer Email c object related to the standard Contact object in Salesforce CRM. This custom object stores the email address a Contact that they want to use for activation. To which data entity is mapped?

- A. Contact
- B. Contact Point_Email
- C. Custom customer Email c object
- D. Individual

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Contact Point_Email object is the data entity that represents an email address associated with an individual in Data Cloud. It is part of the Customer 360 Data Model, which is a standardized data model that defines common entities and relationships for customer data. The Contact Point_Email object can be mapped to any custom or standard object that stores email addresses in Salesforce CRM, such as the custom Customer Email c object. The other options are not the correct data entities to map to because:

? A. The Contact object is the data entity that represents a person who is associated with an account that is a customer, partner, or competitor in Salesforce CRM. It is not the data entity that represents an email address in Data Cloud.

? C. The custom Customer Email c object is not a data entity in Data Cloud, but a custom object in Salesforce CRM. It can be mapped to a data entity in Data Cloud, such as the Contact Point_Email object, but it is not a data entity itself.

? D. The Individual object is the data entity that represents a unique person in Data Cloud. It is the core entity for managing consent and privacy preferences, and it can be related to one or more contact points, such as email addresses, phone numbers, or social media handles. It is not the data entity that represents an email address in Data Cloud. References: Customer 360 Data Model: Individual and Contact Points - Salesforce, Contact Point_Email | Object Reference for the Salesforce Platform | Salesforce Developers, [Contact | Object Reference for the Salesforce Platform | Salesforce Developers], [Individual | Object Reference for the Salesforce Platform | Salesforce Developers]

NEW QUESTION 61

A customer requests that their personal data be deleted.

Which action should the consultant take to accommodate this request in Data Cloud?

- A. Use a streaming API call to delete the customer's information.
- B. Use Profile Explorer to delete the customer data from Data Cloud.
- C. Use Consent API to request deletion of the customer's information.
- D. Use the Data Rights Subject Request tool to request deletion of the customer's information.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Data Rights Subject Request tool is a feature that allows Data Cloud users to manage customer requests for data access, deletion, or portability. The tool provides a user interface and an API to create, track, and fulfill data rights requests. The tool also generates a report that contains the customer's personal data and the actions taken to comply with the request. The consultant should use this tool to accommodate the customer's request for data deletion in Data Cloud.

References: Data Rights Subject Request Tool, Create a Data Rights Subject Request

NEW QUESTION 62

A customer has a Master Customer table from their CRM to ingest into Data Cloud. The table contains a name and primary email address, along with other personally Identifiable information (PII).

How should the fields be mapped to support identity resolution?

- A. Create a new custom object with fields that directly match the incoming table.

- B. Map all fields to the Customer object.
- C. Map name to the Individual object and email address to the Contact Phone Email object.
- D. Map all fields to the Individual object, adding a custom field for the email address.

Answer: C

Explanation:

To support identity resolution in Data Cloud, the fields from the Master Customer table should be mapped to the standard data model objects that are designed for this purpose. The Individual object is used to store the name and other personally identifiable information (PII) of a customer, while the Contact Phone Email object is used to store the primary email address and other contact information of a customer. These objects are linked by a relationship field that indicates the contact information belongs to the individual. By mapping the fields to these objects, Data Cloud can use the identity resolution rules to match and reconcile the profiles from different sources based on the name and email address fields. The other options are not recommended because they either create a new custom object that is not part of the standard data model, or map all fields to the Customer object that is not intended for identity resolution, or map all fields to the Individual object that does not have a standard email address field. References: Data Modeling Requirements for Identity Resolution, Create Unified Individual Profiles

NEW QUESTION 64

A consultant is working in a customer's Data Cloud org and is asked to delete the existing identity resolution ruleset. Which two impacts should the consultant communicate as a result of this action? Choose 2 answers

- A. All individual data will be removed.
- B. Unified customer data associated with this ruleset will be removed.
- C. Dependencies on data model objects will be removed.
- D. All source profile data will be removed

Answer: BC

Explanation:

Deleting an identity resolution ruleset has two major impacts that the consultant should communicate to the customer. First, it will permanently remove all unified customer data that was created by the ruleset, meaning that the unified profiles and their attributes will no longer be available in Data Cloud1. Second, it will eliminate dependencies on data model objects that were used by the ruleset, meaning that the data model objects can be modified or deleted without affecting the ruleset1. These impacts can have significant consequences for the customer's data quality, segmentation, activation, and analytics, so the consultant should advise the customer to carefully consider the implications of deleting a ruleset before proceeding. The other options are incorrect because they are not impacts of deleting a ruleset. Option A is incorrect because deleting a ruleset will not remove all individual data, but only the unified customer data. The individual data from the source systems will still be available in Data Cloud1. Option D is incorrect because deleting a ruleset will not remove all source profile data, but only the unified customer data. The source profile data from the data streams will still be available in Data Cloud1. References: Delete an Identity Resolution Ruleset

NEW QUESTION 65

A customer has outlined requirements to trigger a journey for an abandoned browse behavior. Based on the requirements, the consultant determines they will use streaming insights to trigger a data action to Journey Builder every hour. How should the consultant configure the solution to ensure the data action is triggered at the cadence required?

- A. Set the activation schedule to hourly.
- B. Configure the data to be ingested in hourly batches.
- C. Set the journey entry schedule to run every hour.
- D. Set the insights aggregation time window to 1 hour.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Streaming insights are computed from real-time engagement events and can be used to trigger data actions based on pre-set rules. Data actions are workflows that send data from Data Cloud to other systems, such as Journey Builder. To ensure that the data action is triggered every hour, the consultant should set the insights aggregation time window to 1 hour. This means that the streaming insight will evaluate the events that occurred within the last hour and execute the data action if the conditions are met. The other options are not relevant for streaming insights and data actions. References: Streaming Insights and Data Actions Limits and Behaviors, Streaming Insights, Streaming Insights and Data Actions Use Cases, Use Insights in Data Cloud, 6 Ways the Latest Marketing Cloud Release Can Boost Your Campaigns

NEW QUESTION 70

Northern Trail Outfitters (NTO) is configuring an identity resolution ruleset based on Fuzzy Name and Normalized Email. What should NTO do to ensure the best email address is activated?

- A. Include Contact Point Email object Is Active field as a match rule.
- B. Use the source priority order in activations to make sure a contact point from the desired source is delivered to the activation target.
- C. Ensure Marketing Cloud is prioritized as the first data source in the Source Priority reconciliation rule.
- D. Set the default reconciliation rule to Last Updated.

Answer: B

Explanation:

NTO is using Fuzzy Name and Normalized Email as match rules to link together data from different sources into a unified individual profile. However, there might be cases where the same email address is available from more than one source, and NTO needs to decide which one to use for activation. For example, if Rachel has the same email address in Service Cloud and Marketing Cloud, but prefers to receive communications from NTO via Marketing Cloud, NTO needs to ensure that the email address from Marketing Cloud is activated. To do this, NTO can use the source priority order in activations, which allows them to rank the data sources in order of preference for activation. By placing Marketing Cloud higher than Service Cloud in the source priority order, NTO can make sure that the email address from Marketing Cloud is delivered to the activation target, such as an email campaign or a journey. This way, NTO can respect Rachel's preference and deliver a better customer experience. References: Configure Activations, Use Source Priority Order in Activations

NEW QUESTION 75

A customer has multiple team members who create segment audiences that work in different time zones. One team member works at the home office in the Pacific time zone, that matches the org Time Zone setting. Another team member works remotely in the Eastern time zone.

Which user will see their home time zone in the segment and activation schedule areas?

- A. The team member in the Pacific time zone.
- B. The team member in the Eastern time zone.
- C. Neither team member; Data Cloud shows all schedules in GMT.
- D. Both team members; Data Cloud adjusts the segment and activation schedules to the time zone of the logged-in user

Answer: D

Explanation:

The correct answer is D, both team members; Data Cloud adjusts the segment and activation schedules to the time zone of the logged-in user. Data Cloud uses the time zone settings of the logged-in user to display the segment and activation schedules. This means that each user will see the schedules in their own home time zone, regardless of the org time zone setting or the location of other team members. This feature helps users to avoid confusion and errors when scheduling segments and activations across different time zones. The other options are incorrect because they do not reflect how Data Cloud handles time zones. The team member in the Pacific time zone will not see the same time zone as the org time zone setting, unless their personal time zone setting matches the org time zone setting. The team member in the Eastern time zone will not see the schedules in the org time zone setting, unless their personal time zone setting matches the org time zone setting. Data Cloud does not show all schedules in GMT, but rather in the user's local time zone. References:

? Data Cloud Time Zones

? Change default time zones for Users and the organization

? Change your time zone settings in Salesforce, Google & Outlook

? DateTime field and Time Zone Settings in Salesforce

NEW QUESTION 80

A user has built a segment in Data Cloud and is in the process of creating an activation. When selecting related attributes, they cannot find a specific set of attributes they know to be related to the individual.

Which statement explains why these attributes are not available?

- A. The segment is not segmenting on profile data.
- B. The attributes are being used in another activation.
- C. The desired attributes reside on different related paths.
- D. Activations can only include 1-to-1 attributes.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The correct answer is C, the desired attributes reside on different related paths. When creating an activation in Data Cloud, you can select related attributes from data model objects that are linked to the segment entity. However, not all related attributes are available for every activation. The availability of related attributes depends on the container path, which is the sequence of data model objects that connects the segment entity to the related entity. For example, if you segment on the Unified Individual entity, you can select related attributes from the Order Product entity, but only if the container path is Unified Individual > Order > Order Product. If the container path is Unified Individual > Order Line Item > Order Product, then the related attributes from Order Product are not available for activation. This is because Data Cloud only supports one-to-many relationships for related attributes, and Order Line Item is a many-to-many junction object between Order and Order Product. Therefore, you need to ensure that the desired attributes reside on the same related path as the segment entity, and that the path does not include any many-to-many junction objects. The other options are incorrect because they do not explain why the related attributes are not available. The segment entity can be any data model object, not just profile data. The attributes are not restricted by being used in another activation. Activations can include one-to-many attributes, not just one-to-one attributes. References:

? Related Attributes in Activation

? Considerations for Selecting Related Attributes

? Salesforce Launches: Data Cloud Consultant Certification

? Create a Segment in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 81

What does it mean to build a trust-based, first-party data asset?

- A. To provide transparency and security for data gathered from individuals who provide consent for its use and receive value in exchange
- B. To provide trusted, first-party data in the Data Cloud Marketplace that follows all compliance regulations
- C. To ensure opt-in consents are collected for all email marketing as required by law
- D. To obtain competitive data from reliable sources through interviews, surveys, and polls

Answer: A

Explanation:

Building a trust-based, first-party data asset means collecting, managing, and activating data from your own customers and prospects in a way that respects their privacy and preferences. It also means providing them with clear and honest information about how you use their data, what benefits they can expect from sharing their data, and how they can control their data. By doing so, you can create a mutually beneficial relationship with your customers, where they trust you to use their data responsibly and ethically, and you can deliver more relevant and personalized experiences to them. A trust-based, first-party data asset can help you improve customer loyalty, retention, and growth, as well as comply with data protection regulations and standards. References: Use first-party data for a powerful digital experience, Why first-party data is the key to data privacy, Build a first-party data strategy

NEW QUESTION 82

When creating a segment on an individual, what is the result of using two separate containers linked by an AND as shown below?

GoodsProduct | Count | At Least | 1 Color | Is Equal To | red

AND

GoodsProduct | Count | At Least | 1 PrimaryProductCategory | Is Equal To | shoes

- A. Individuals who purchased at least one of any red' product and also purchased at least one pair of 'shoes'
- B. Individuals who purchased at least one 'red shoes' as a single line item in a purchase
- C. Individuals who made a purchase of at least one 'red shoes' and nothing else
- D. Individuals who purchased at least one of any 'red' product or purchased at least one pair of 'shoes'

Answer: A

Explanation:

When creating a segment on an individual, using two separate containers linked by an AND means that the individual must satisfy both the conditions in the containers. In this case, the individual must have purchased at least one product with the color attribute equal to 'red' and at least one product with the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes'. The products do not have to be the same or purchased in the same transaction. Therefore, the correct answer is A. The other options are incorrect because they imply different logical operators or conditions.

Option B implies that the individual must have purchased a single product that has both the color attribute equal to 'red' and the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes'. Option C implies that the individual must have purchased only one product that has both the color attribute equal to 'red' and the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes' and no other products. Option D implies that the individual must have purchased either one product with the color attribute equal to 'red' or one product with the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes' or both, which is equivalent to using an OR operator instead of an AND operator.

References:

? Create a Container for Segmentation

? Create a Segment in Data Cloud

? Navigate Data Cloud Segmentation

NEW QUESTION 84

A customer notices that their consolidation rate has recently increased. They contact the consultant to ask why.

What are two likely explanations for the increase? Choose 2 answers

- A. New data sources have been added to Data Cloud that largely overlap with the existing profiles.
- B. Duplicates have been removed from source system data streams.
- C. Identity resolution rules have been removed to reduce the number of matched profiles.
- D. Identity resolution rules have been added to the ruleset to increase the number of matched profiles.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

The consolidation rate is a metric that measures the amount by which source profiles are combined to produce unified profiles in Data Cloud, calculated as $1 - (\text{number of unified profiles} / \text{number of source profiles})$. A higher consolidation rate means that more source profiles are matched and merged into fewer unified profiles, while a lower consolidation rate means that fewer source profiles are matched and more unified profiles are created. There are two likely explanations for why the consolidation rate has recently increased for a customer:

? New data sources have been added to Data Cloud that largely overlap with the existing profiles. This means that the new data sources contain many profiles that are similar or identical to the profiles from the existing data sources. For example, if a customer adds a new CRM system that has the same customer records as their old CRM system, the new data source will overlap with the existing one. When Data Cloud ingests the new data source, it will use the identity resolution ruleset to match and merge the overlapping profiles into unified profiles, resulting in a higher consolidation rate.

? Identity resolution rules have been added to the ruleset to increase the number of matched profiles. This means that the customer has modified their identity resolution ruleset to include more match rules or more match criteria that can identify more profiles as belonging to the same individual. For example, if a customer adds a match rule that matches profiles based on email address and phone number, instead of just email address, the ruleset will be able to match more profiles that have the same email address and phone number, resulting in a higher consolidation rate.

References: Identity Resolution Calculated Insight: Consolidation Rates for Unified Profiles, Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets

NEW QUESTION 88

Northern Trail Outfitters (NTD) creates a calculated insight to compute recency, frequency, monetary (RFM) scores on its unified individuals. NTO then creates a segment based on these scores that it activates to a Marketing Cloud activation target.

Which two actions are required when configuring the activation? Choose 2 answers

- A. Add additional attributes.
- B. Choose a segment.
- C. Select contact points.
- D. Add the calculated insight in the activation.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

To configure an activation to a Marketing Cloud activation target, you need to choose a segment and select contact points. Choosing a segment allows you to specify which unified individuals you want to activate. Selecting contact points allows you to map the attributes from the segment to the fields in the Marketing Cloud data extension. You do not need to add additional attributes or add the calculated insight in the activation, as these are already part of the segment definition. References: Create a Marketing Cloud Activation Target; Types of Data Targets in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 92

Northern Trail Outfitters (NTO), an outdoor lifestyle clothing brand, recently started a new line of business. The new business specializes in gourmet camping food. For business reasons as well as security reasons, it's important to NTO to keep all Data Cloud data separated by brand. Which capability best supports NTO's desire to separate its data by brand?

- A. Data streams for each brand
- B. Data model objects for each brand
- C. Data spaces for each brand
- D. Data sources for each brand

Answer: C

Explanation:

Data spaces are logical containers that allow you to separate and organize your data by different criteria, such as brand, region, product, or business unit¹. Data spaces can help you manage data access, security, and governance, as well as enable cross-cloud data integration and activation². For NTO, data spaces can support their desire to separate their data by brand, so that they can have different data models, rules, and insights for their outdoor lifestyle clothing and gourmet camping food businesses. Data spaces can also help NTO comply with any data privacy and security regulations that may apply to their different brands³. The other options are incorrect because they do not provide the same level of data separation and organization as data spaces. Data streams are used to ingest data from different sources into Data Cloud, but they do not separate the data by brand⁴. Data model objects are used to define the structure and attributes of the data, but they do not isolate the data by brand⁵. Data sources are used to identify the origin and type of the data, but they do not partition the data by brand.

References: Data

Spaces Overview, Create Data Spaces, Data Privacy and Security in Data Cloud, Data Streams Overview, Data Model Objects Overview, [Data Sources Overview]

NEW QUESTION 93

A Data Cloud consultant recently added a new data source and mapped some of the data to a new custom data model object (DMO) that they want to use for creating segments. However, they cannot view the newly created DMO when trying to create a new segment. What is the cause of this issue?

- A. Data has not yet been ingested into the DMO.
- B. The new DMO is not of category Profile.
- C. The new DMO does not have a relationship to the individual DMO
- D. Segmentation is only supported for the Individual and Unified Individual DMOs.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The cause of this issue is that the new custom data model object (DMO) is not of category Profile. A category is a property of a DMO that defines its purpose and functionality in Data Cloud. There are three categories of DMOs: Profile, Event, and Other. Profile DMOs are used to store attributes of individuals or entities, such as name, email, address, etc. Event DMOs are used to store actions or interactions of individuals or entities, such as purchases, clicks, visits, etc. Other DMOs are used to store any other type of data that does not fit into the Profile or Event categories, such as products, locations, categories, etc. Only Profile DMOs can be used for creating segments in Data Cloud, as segments are based on the attributes of individuals or entities. Therefore, if the new custom DMO is not of category Profile, it will not appear in the segmentation canvas. The other options are not correct because they are not the cause of this issue. Data ingestion is not a prerequisite for creating segments, as segments can be created based on the data model schema without actual data. The new DMO does not need to have a relationship to the individual DMO, as segments can be created based on any Profile DMO, regardless of its relationship to other DMOs. Segmentation is not only supported for the Individual and Unified Individual DMOs, as segments can be created based on any Profile DMO, including custom ones. References: Create a Custom Data Model Object from an Existing Data Model Object, Create a Segment in Data Cloud, Data Model Object Category

NEW QUESTION 96

A customer has a calculated insight about lifetime value. What does the consultant need to be aware of if the calculated insight needs to be modified?

- A. New dimensions can be added.
- B. Existing dimensions can be removed.
- C. Existing measures can be removed.
- D. New measures can be added.

Answer: B

Explanation:

A calculated insight is a multidimensional metric that is defined and calculated from data using SQL expressions. A calculated insight can include dimensions and measures. Dimensions are the fields that are used to group or filter the data, such as customer ID, product category, or region. Measures are the fields that are used to perform calculations or aggregations, such as revenue, quantity, or average order value. A calculated insight can be modified by editing the SQL expression or changing the data space. However, the consultant needs to be aware of the following limitations and considerations when modifying a calculated insight:

? Existing dimensions cannot be removed. If a dimension is removed from the SQL expression, the calculated insight will fail to run and display an error message. This is because the dimension is used to create the primary key for the calculated insight object, and removing it will cause a conflict with the existing data.

Therefore, the correct answer is B.

? New dimensions can be added. If a dimension is added to the SQL expression, the calculated insight will run and create a new field for the dimension in the calculated insight object. However, the consultant should be careful not to add too many dimensions, as this can affect the performance and usability of the calculated insight.

? Existing measures can be removed. If a measure is removed from the SQL expression, the calculated insight will run and delete the field for the measure from the calculated insight object. However, the consultant should be aware that removing a measure can affect the existing segments or activations that use the calculated insight.

? New measures can be added. If a measure is added to the SQL expression, the calculated insight will run and create a new field for the measure in the calculated insight object. However, the consultant should be careful not to add too many measures, as this can affect the performance and usability of the calculated insight. References: Calculated Insights, Calculated Insights in a Data Space.

NEW QUESTION 97

What does the Ignore Empty Value option do in identity resolution?

- A. Ignores empty fields when running any custom match rules
- B. Ignores empty fields when running reconciliation rules
- C. Ignores Individual object records with empty fields when running identity resolution rules
- D. Ignores empty fields when running the standard match rules

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Ignore Empty Value option in identity resolution allows customers to ignore empty fields when running reconciliation rules. Reconciliation rules are used to determine the final value of an attribute for a unified individual profile, based on the values from different sources. The Ignore Empty Value option can be set to true or false for each attribute in a reconciliation rule. If set to true, the reconciliation rule will skip any source that has an empty value for that attribute and move on to the next source in the priority order. If set to false, the reconciliation rule will consider any source that has an empty value for that attribute as a valid source and use it to populate the attribute value for the unified individual profile.

The other options are not correct descriptions of what the Ignore Empty Value option does in identity resolution. The Ignore Empty Value option does not affect the custom match rules or the standard match rules, which are used to identify and link individuals across different sources based on their attributes. The Ignore Empty Value option also does not ignore individual object records with empty fields when running identity resolution rules, as identity resolution rules operate on the attribute level, not the record level.

References:

? Data Cloud Identity Resolution Reconciliation Rule Input

? Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets
? Data and Identity in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 100

The Salesforce CRM Connector is configured and the Case object data stream is set up. Subsequently, a new custom field named Business Priority is created on the Case object in Salesforce CRM. However, the new field is not available when trying to add it to the data stream. Which statement addresses the cause of this issue?

- A. The Salesforce Integration User Is missing Rad permissions on the newly created field.
- B. The Salesforce Data Loader application should be used to perform a bulk upload from a desktop.
- C. Custom fields on the Case object are not supported for ingesting into Data Cloud.
- D. After 24 hours when the data stream refreshes it will automatically include any new fields that were added to the Salesforce CRM.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Salesforce CRM Connector uses the Salesforce Integration User to access the data from the Salesforce CRM org. The Integration User must have the Read permission on the fields that are included in the data stream. If the Integration User does not have the Read permission on the newly created field, the field will not be available for selection in the data stream configuration. To resolve this issue, the administrator should assign the Read permission on the new field to the Integration User profile or permission set. References: Create a Salesforce CRM Data Stream, Edit a Data Stream, Salesforce Data Cloud Full Refresh for CRM, SFMC, or Ingestion API Data Streams

NEW QUESTION 104

A Data Cloud customer wants to adjust their identity resolution rules to increase their accuracy of matches. Rather than matching on email address, they want to review a rule that joins their CRM Contacts with their Marketing Contacts, where both use the CRM ID as their primary key. Which two steps should the consultant take to address this new use case? Choose 2 answers

- A. Map the primary key from the two systems to Party Identification, using CRM ID as the identification name for both.
- B. Map the primary key from the two systems to party identification, using CRM ID as the identification name for individuals coming from the CRM, and Marketing ID as the identification name for individuals coming from the marketing platform.
- C. Create a custom matching rule for an exact match on the Individual ID attribute.
- D. Create a matching rule based on party identification that matches on CRM ID as the party identification name.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

To address this new use case, the consultant should map the primary key from the two systems to Party Identification, using CRM ID as the identification name for both, and create a matching rule based on party identification that matches on CRM ID as the party identification name. This way, the consultant can ensure that the CRM Contacts and Marketing Contacts are matched based on their CRM ID, which is a unique identifier for each individual. By using Party Identification, the consultant can also leverage the benefits of this attribute, such as being able to match across different entities and sources, and being able to handle multiple values for the same individual. The other options are incorrect because they either do not use the CRM ID as the primary key, or they do not use Party Identification as the attribute type. References: Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets, Identity Resolution Match Rules, Data Cloud Identity Resolution Ruleset, Data Cloud Identity Resolution Config Input

NEW QUESTION 109

A consultant is discussing the benefits of Data Cloud with a customer that has multiple disjointed data sources. Which two functional areas should the consultant highlight in relation to managing customer data? Choose 2 answers

- A. Data Harmonization
- B. Unified Profiles
- C. Master Data Management
- D. Data Marketplace

Answer: AB

Explanation:

Data Cloud is an open and extensible data platform that enables smarter, more efficient AI with secure access to first-party and industry data¹. Two functional areas that the consultant should highlight in relation to managing customer data are:

? Data Harmonization: Data Cloud harmonizes data from multiple sources and formats into a common schema, enabling a single source of truth for customer data¹. Data Cloud also applies data quality rules and transformations to ensure data accuracy and consistency.

? Unified Profiles: Data Cloud creates unified profiles of customers and prospects by linking data across different identifiers, such as email, phone, cookie, and device ID¹. Unified profiles provide a holistic view of customer behavior, preferences, and interactions across channels and touchpoints. The other options are not correct because:

? Master Data Management: Master Data Management (MDM) is a process of creating and maintaining a single, consistent, and trusted source of master data, such as product, customer, supplier, or location data. Data Cloud does not provide MDM functionality, but it can integrate with MDM solutions to enrich customer data.

? Data Marketplace: Data Marketplace is a feature of Data Cloud that allows users to discover, access, and activate data from third-party providers, such as demographic, behavioral, and intent data. Data Marketplace is not a functional area related to managing customer data, but rather a source of external data that can enhance customer data. References:

? Salesforce Data Cloud

? [Data Harmonization for Data Cloud]

? [Unified Profiles for Data Cloud]

? [What is Master Data Management?]

? [Integrate Data Cloud with Master Data Management]

? [Data Marketplace for Data Cloud]

NEW QUESTION 114

A customer wants to create segments of users based on their Customer Lifetime Value. However, the source data that will be brought into Data Cloud does not include that key performance indicator (KPI). Which sequence of steps should the consultant follow to achieve this requirement?

- A. Ingest Data > Map Data to Data Model > Create Calculated Insight > Use in Segmentation
- B. Create Calculated Insight > Map Data to Data Model> Ingest Data > Use in Segmentation
- C. Create Calculated Insight > Ingest Data > Map Data to Data Model> Use in Segmentation
- D. Ingest Data > Create Calculated Insight > Map Data to Data Model > Use in Segmentation

Answer: A

Explanation:

To create segments of users based on their Customer Lifetime Value (CLV), the sequence of steps that the consultant should follow is Ingest Data > Map Data to Data Model > Create Calculated Insight > Use in Segmentation. This is because the first step is to ingest the source data into Data Cloud using data streams¹. The second step is to map the source data to the data model, which defines the structure and attributes of the data². The third step is to create a calculated insight, which is a derived attribute that is computed based on the source or unified data³. In this case, the calculated insight would be the CLV, which can be calculated using a formula or a query based on the sales order data⁴. The fourth step is to use the calculated insight in segmentation, which is the process of creating groups of individuals or entities based on their attributes and behaviors. By using the CLV calculated insight, the consultant can segment the users by their predicted revenue from the lifespan of their relationship with the brand. The other options are incorrect because they do not follow the correct sequence of steps to achieve the requirement. Option B is incorrect because it is not possible to create a calculated insight before ingesting and mapping the data, as the calculated insight depends on the data model objects³. Option C is incorrect because it is not possible to create a calculated insight before mapping the data, as the calculated insight depends on the data model objects³. Option D is incorrect because it is not recommended to create a calculated insight before mapping the data, as the calculated insight may not reflect the correct data model structure and attributes³. References: Data Streams Overview, Data Model Objects Overview, Calculated Insights Overview, Calculating Customer Lifetime Value (CLV) With Salesforce, [Segmentation Overview]

NEW QUESTION 117

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