

## 300-410 Dumps

# Implementing Cisco Enterprise Advanced Routing and Services (ENARSI)

<https://www.certleader.com/300-410-dumps.html>



**NEW QUESTION 1**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
config t
flow record v4_r1
match ipv4 tos
match ipv4 protocol
match ipv4 source address
match ipv4 destination address
match transport source-port
match transport destination-port
collect counter bytes long
collect counter packets long
!
flow exporter EXPORTER-1
destination 172.16.10.2
transport udp 90
exit
!
flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
record v4_r1
exit
!
ip cef
!
interface Ethernet0/0.1
ip address 172.16.6.2 255.255.255.0
ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
!
```

Why is the remote NetFlow server failing to receive the NetFlow data?

- A. The flow exporter is configured but is not used.
- B. The flow monitor is applied in the wrong direction.
- C. The flow monitor is applied to the wrong interface.
- D. The destination of the flow exporter is not reachable.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 2**

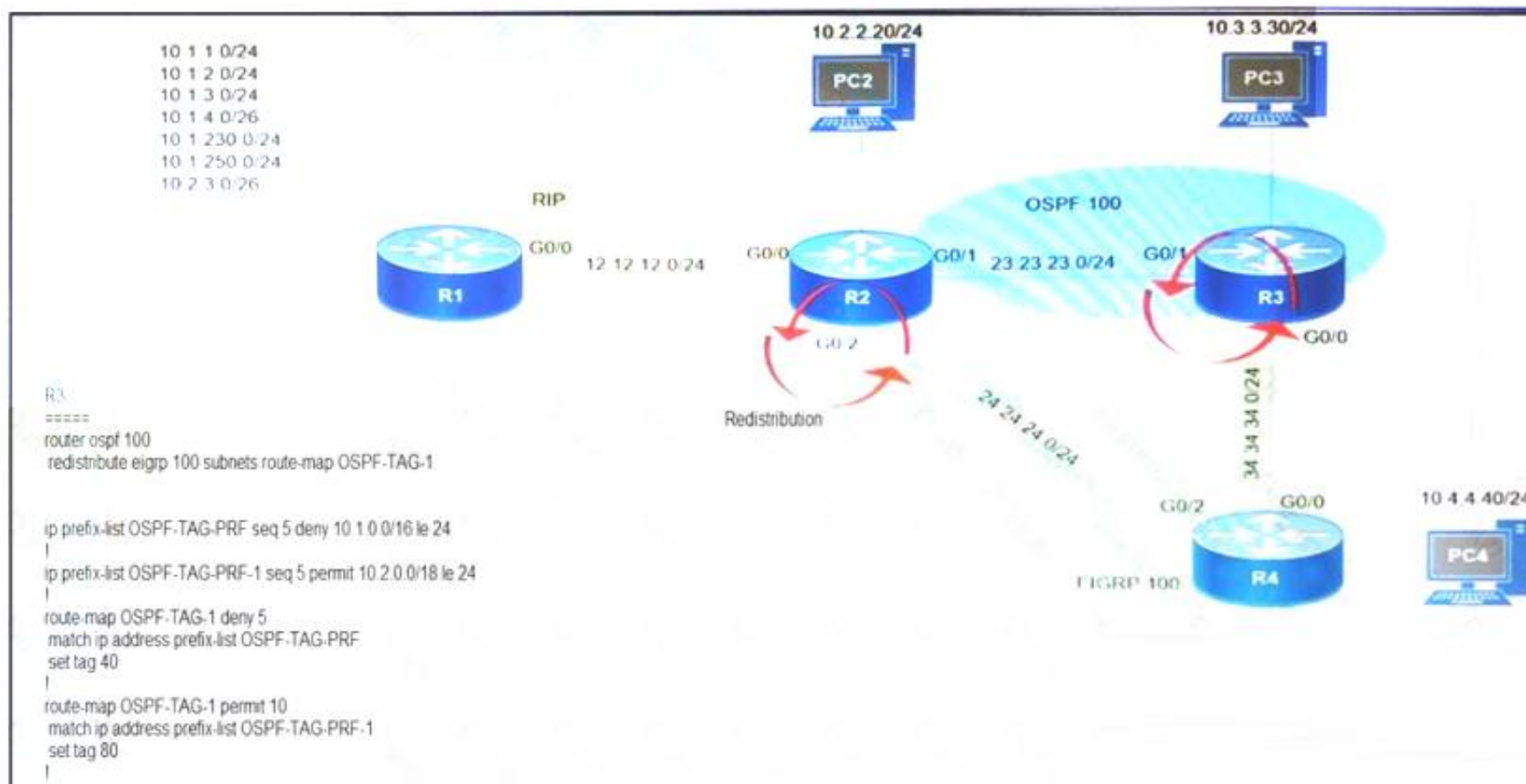
Which transport layer protocol is used to form LDP sessions?

- A. UDP
- B. SCTP
- C. TCP
- D. RDP

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 3**

Refer to the exhibit.



Which subnet is redistributed from EIGRP to OSPF routing protocols?

- A. 10.2.2.0/24
- B. 10.1.4.0/26
- C. 10.1.2.0/24
- D. 10.2.3.0/26

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 4

Which configuration enabled the VRF that is labeled "Inet" on FastEthernet0/0?

- A. R1(config)# ip vrf InetR1(config-vrf)#ip vrf FastEthernet0/0
- B. R1(config)#ip vrf Inet FastEthernet0/0
- C. R1(config)# ip vrf InetR1(config-vrf)#interface FastEthernet0/0 R1(config-if)#ip vrf forwarding Inet
- D. R1(config)#router ospf 1 vrf InetR1(config-router)#ip vrf forwarding FastEthernet0/0

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 5

An engineer is trying to copy an IOS file from one router to another router by using TFTP. Which two actions are needed to allow the file to copy? (Choose two.)

- A. Copy the file to the destination router with the copy tftp: flash: command
- B. Enable the TFTP server on the source router with the tftp-server flash: <filename> command
- C. TFTP is not supported in recent IOS versions, so an alternative method must be used
- D. Configure a user on the source router with the username tftp password tftp command
- E. Configure the TFTP authentication on the source router with the tftp-server authentication local command

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 6

A network engineer is investigating a flapping (up/down) interface issue on a core switch that is synchronized to an NTP server. Log output currently does not show the time of the flap. Which command allows the logging on the switch to show the time of the flap according to the clock on the device?

- A. service timestamps log uptime
- B. clock summer-time mst recurring 2 Sunday mar 2:00 1 Sunday nov 2:00
- C. service timestamps log datetime localtime show-timezone
- D. clock calendar-valid

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 7

Drag and drop the SNMP attributes in Cisco IOS devices from the left onto the correct SNMPv2c or SNMPV3 categories on the right.

community string

username and password

authentication

no encryption

privileged

read-only

SNMPv2c

SNMPv3

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

community string

username and password

authentication

no encryption

privileged

read-only

SNMPv2c

community string

no encryption

read-only

SNMPv3

username and password

authentication

privileged

NEW QUESTION 8

Refer to the exhibit.



```
R1(config)#route-map ADD permit 20
R1(config-route-map)#set tag 1

R1(config)#router ospf1
R1(config-router)#redistribute rip subnets route-map ADD
```

Which statement about R1 is true?

- A. OSPF redistributes RIP routes only if they have a tag of one.
- B. RIP learned routes are distributed to OSPF with a tag value of one.
- C. R1 adds one to the metric for RIP learned routes before redistributing to OSPF.
- D. RIP routes are redistributed to OSPF without any changes.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 9

Drag and drop the DHCP messages from the left onto the correct uses on the right.

DHCPACK	server-to-client communication, refusing the request for configuration parameters
DHCPINFORM	client-to-server communication, indicating that the network address is already in use
DHCPNAK	server-to-client communication with configuration parameters, including committed network address
DHCPDECLINE	client-to-server communication, asking for only local configuration parameters that the client has already externally configured as an address

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

DHCPACK	DHCPNAK
DHCPINFORM	DHCPDECLINE
DHCPNAK	DHCPACK
DHCPDECLINE	DHCPINFORM

#### NEW QUESTION 10

Which command displays the IP routing table information that is associated with VRF-Lite?

- A. show ip vrf
- B. show ip route vrf
- C. show run vrf
- D. show ip protocols vrf

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibit.

```
R1#show running-config | section dhcp
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.49
ip dhcp pool DHCP
  network 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
  default-router 192.168.1.1
  dns-server 8.8.8.8
  lease 0 12
```

Users report that IP addresses cannot be acquired from the DHCP server. The DHCP server is configured as shown. About 300 total nonconcurrent users are using this DHCP server, but none of them are active for more than two hours per day. Which action fixes the issue within the current resources?

- A. Modify the subnet mask to the network 192.168.1.0 255.255.254.0 command in the DHCP pool
- B. Configure the DHCP lease time to a smaller value
- C. Configure the DHCP lease time to a bigger value
- D. Add the network 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 command to the DHCP pool

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 14

Refer to the exhibit.

```
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime
clock timezone MST -7 0
clock summer-time MST recurring
ntp authentication-key 1 md5 00101A0B0152181206224747071E 7
ntp server 10.10.10.10

R1#show clock
*06:13:44.045 MST Sun Dec 30 2018

R1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config) #logging host 10.10.10.20
R1(config) #end
R1#
*Dec 30 13:15:28: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
R1#
*Dec 30 13:15:28: %SYS-6-LOGGINGHOST_STARTSTOP: Logging to host 10.10.10.20 port 514
started – CLI initiated
```

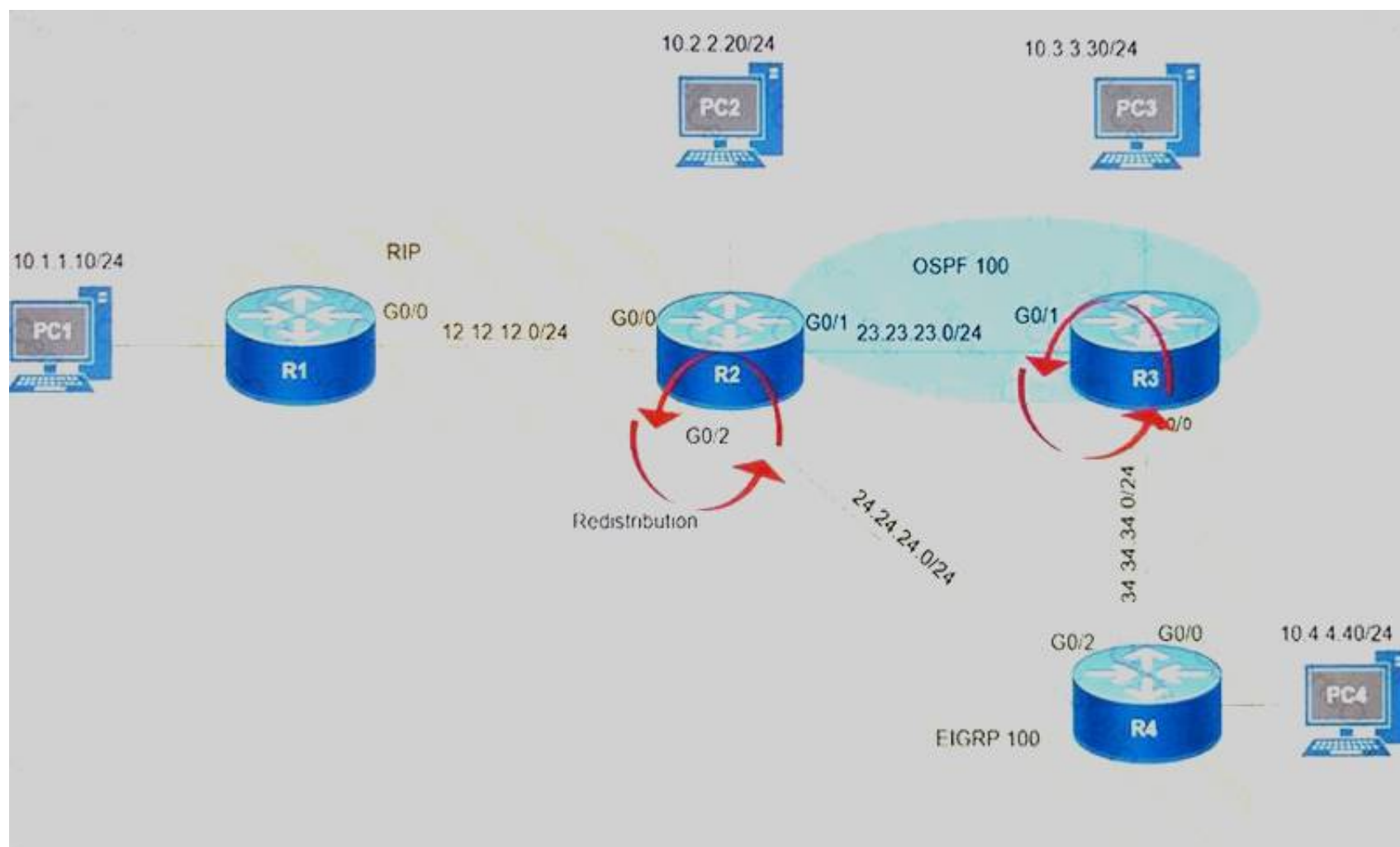
An administrator noticed that after a change was made on R1, the timestamps on the system logs did not match the clock. What is the reason for this error?

- A. An authentication error with the NTP server results in an incorrect timestamp.
- B. The keyword localtime is not defined on the timestamp service command.
- C. The NTP server is in a different time zone.
- D. The system clock is set incorrectly to summer-time hours.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 17

Refer to the exhibit.



After redistribution is enabled between the routing protocols; PC2, PC3, and PC4 cannot reach PC1. Which action can the engineer take to solve the issue so that all the PCs are reachable?

- A. Set the administrative distance 100 under the RIP process on R2.
- B. Filter the prefix 10.1.1.0/24 when redistributed from OSPF to EIGRP.
- C. Filter the prefix 10.1.1.0/24 when redistributed from RIP to EIGRP.
- D. Redistribute the directly connected interfaces on R2.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 20

Refer to the exhibit.

```
* Jun 28 14:41:57: %BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 192.168.2.2 Down User reset
* Jun 28 14:41:57: %BGP_SESSION-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 192.168.2.2 IPv4 Unicast
topology base removed from session User reset
* Jun 28 14:41:57: %BGP-5-ADJCHANGE: neighbor 192.168.2.2 Up
R1#show clock
*15:42:00.506 CET Fri Jun 28 2019
```

An engineer is troubleshooting BGP on a device but discovers that the clock on the device does not correspond to the time stamp of the log entries. Which action ensures consistency between the two times?

- A. Configure the service timestamps log uptime command in global configuration mode.
- B. Configure the logging clock synchronize command in global configuration mode.
- C. Configure the service timestamps log datetime localtime command in global configuration mode.
- D. Make sure that the clock on the device is synchronized with an NTP server.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 23

Refer to the exhibit.

```
access-list 100 deny tcp any any eq 465
access-list 100 deny tcp any eq 465 any
access-list 100 permit tcp any any eq 80
access-list 100 permit tcp any eq 80 any
access-list 100 permit udp any any eq 443
access-list 100 permit udp any eq 443 any
```

During troubleshooting it was discovered that the device is not reachable using a secure web browser. What is needed to fix the problem?

- A. permit tcp port 443
- B. permit udp port 465
- C. permit tcp port 465
- D. permit tcp port 22



Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION 25

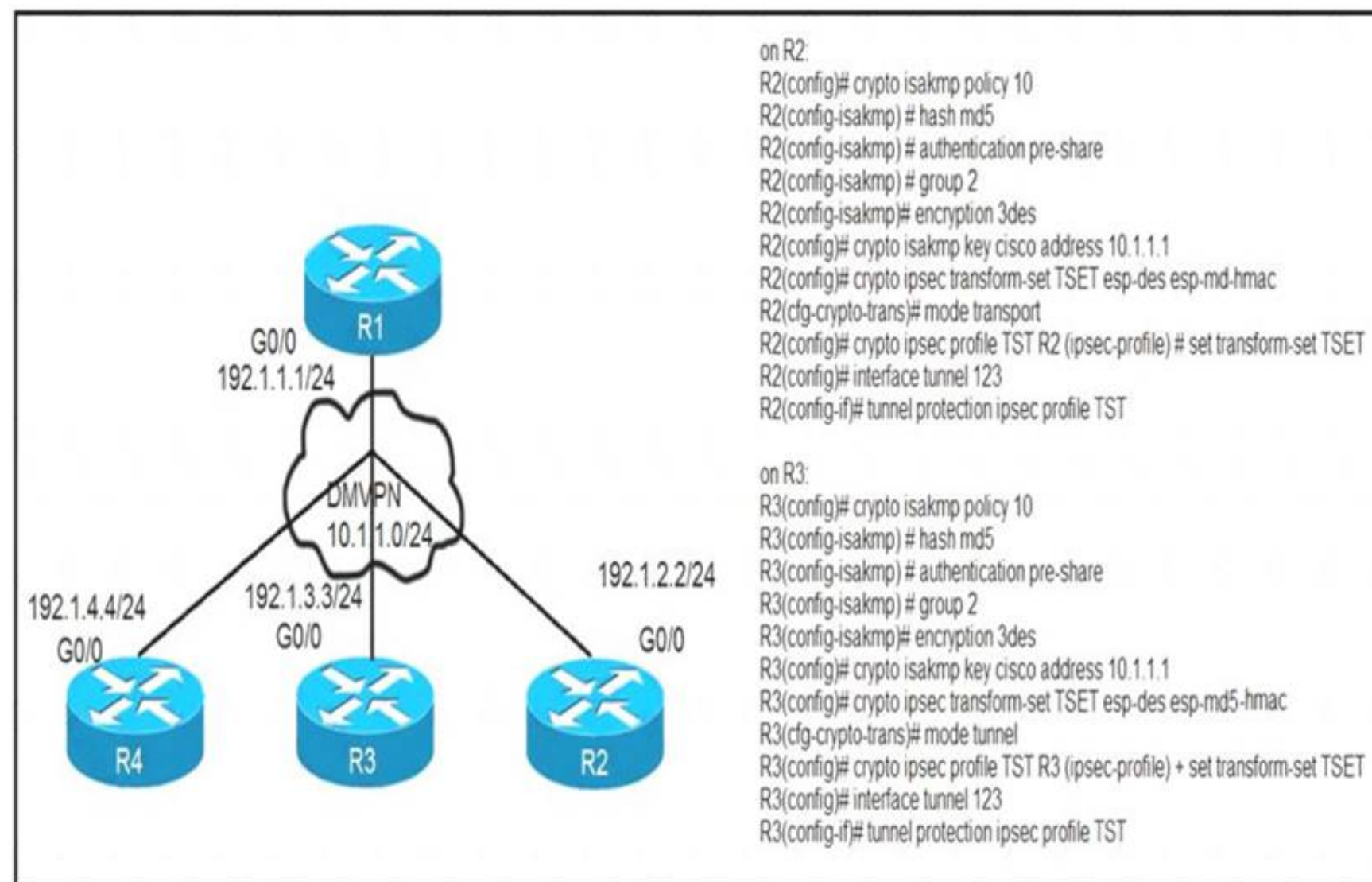
When provisioning a device in Cisco DNA Center, the engineer sees the error message "Cannot select the device. Not compatible with template". What is the reason for the error?

- A. The template has an incorrect configuration.
- B. The software version of the template is different from the software version of the device.
- C. The changes to the template were not committed.
- D. The tag that was used to filter the templates does not match the device tag.

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 26

Refer to the exhibit.



After applying IPsec, the engineer observed that the DMVPN tunnel went down, and both spoke-to-spoke and hub were not establishing. Which two actions resolve the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Change the mode from mode tunnel to mode transport on R3.
- B. Remove the crypto isakmp key cisco address 10.1.1.1 on R2 and R3.
- C. Configure the crypto isakmp key cisco address 192.1.1.1 on R2 and R3.
- D. Configure the crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 on R2 and R3.
- E. Change the mode from mode transport to mode tunnel on R2.

Answer: AD

#### NEW QUESTION 28

Refer to the exhibit.

```
R1#show ip ssh
SSH Disabled – version 1.99
%Please create RSA keys to enable SSH (and of atleast 768 bits for SSH v2).
Authentication timeout: 120 secs; Authentication retries: 3
Minimum expected Diffie Hellman key size: 1024 bits
IOS Keys in SECSH format (ssh-rsa, base64 encoded) : NONE
R1#
```

An engineer is trying to connect to a device with SSH but cannot connect. The engineer connects by using the console and finds the displayed output when troubleshooting. Which command must be used in configuration mode to enable SSH on the device?

- A. no ip ssh disable
- B. ip ssh enable
- C. ip ssh version 2



D. crypto key generate rsa

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 31**

Which attribute eliminates LFAs that belong to protected paths in situations where links in a network are connected through a common fiber?

- A. shared risk link group-disjoint
- B. linecard-disjoint
- C. lowest-repair-path-metric
- D. interface-disjoint

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 34**

Which statement about route distinguishers in an MPLS network is true?

- A. Route distinguishers allow multiple instances of a routing table to coexist within the edge router.
- B. Route distinguishers are used for label bindings.
- C. Route distinguishers make a unique VPNv4 address across the MPLS network.
- D. Route distinguishers define which prefixes are imported and exported on the edge router.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 37**

Drag and drop the addresses from the left onto the correct IPv6 filter purposes on the right.

permit ip 2001:d8b:800:200c::/117 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 443	Permit NTP from this source 2001:0D8B:0800:200c::1f
permit ip 2001:D88:800:200C::e/126 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 514	Permit syslog from this source 2001:0D88:0800:200c::1c
permit ip 2001:d8b:800:200c::800 /117 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 80	Permit HTTP from this source 2001:0D8B:0800:200c::0fff
permit ip 2001:D8B:800:200C::c/126 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 123	Permit HTTPS from this source 2001:0D8B:0800:200c::07ff

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

permit ip 2001:d8b:800:200c::/117 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 443	permit ip 2001:D8B:800:200C::c/126 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 123
permit ip 2001:D88:800:200C::e/126 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 514	permit ip 2001:D88:800:200C::e/126 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 514
permit ip 2001:d8b:800:200c::800 /117 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 80	permit ip 2001:d8b:800:200c::800 /117 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 80
permit ip 2001:D8B:800:200C::c/126 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 123	permit ip 2001:d8b:800:200c::/117 2001:0DBB:800:2010::/64 eq 443

**NEW QUESTION 38**

Which command allows traffic to load-balance in an MPLS Layer 3 VPN configuration?

- A. multi-paths eibgp 2
- B. maximum-paths 2
- C. maximum-paths ibgp 2
- D. multi-paths 2

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 43

Refer to the exhibit.

```
snmp-server community ciscotest1
snmp-server host 192.168.1.128 ciscotest
snmp-sever enable traps bgp
```

Network operations cannot read or write any configuration on the device with this configuration from the operations subnet. Which two configurations fix the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure SNMP rw permission in addition to community ciscotest.
- B. Modify access list 1 and allow operations subnet in the access list.
- C. Modify access list 1 and allow SNMP in the access list.
- D. Configure SNMP rw permission in addition to version 1.
- E. Configure SNMP rw permission in addition to community ciscotest 1.

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 47

Which method changes the forwarding decision that a router makes without first changing the routing table or influencing the IP data plane?

- A. nonbroadcast multiaccess
- B. packet switching
- C. policy-based routing
- D. forwarding information base

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 50

Refer to the exhibit.

```
Router#sh ip route ospf
<output omitted>
Gateway is last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
      o E2   10.0.0.0 [110/20] via 192.168.12.2, 00:00:10, Ethernet0/0
      o     192.168.3.0/24 [110/20] via 192.168.12.2, 00:00:50, Ethernet0/0
Router#

Router#show ip bgp
<output omitted>
      Network          Next Hop      Metric      LocPrf      Weight      Path
>*   192.168.1.1/32     0.0.0.0        0           32768       ?
>*   192.168.3.0        192.168.12.2   20          32768       ?
>*   192.168.12.0       0.0.0.0        0           32768       ?
Router#show running-config | section router bgp
router bgp 65000
 bgp log-neighbor-changes
 redistribute ospf 1
Router#
```

An engineer is trying to redistribute OSPF to BGP, but not all of the routes are redistributed. What is the reason for this issue?

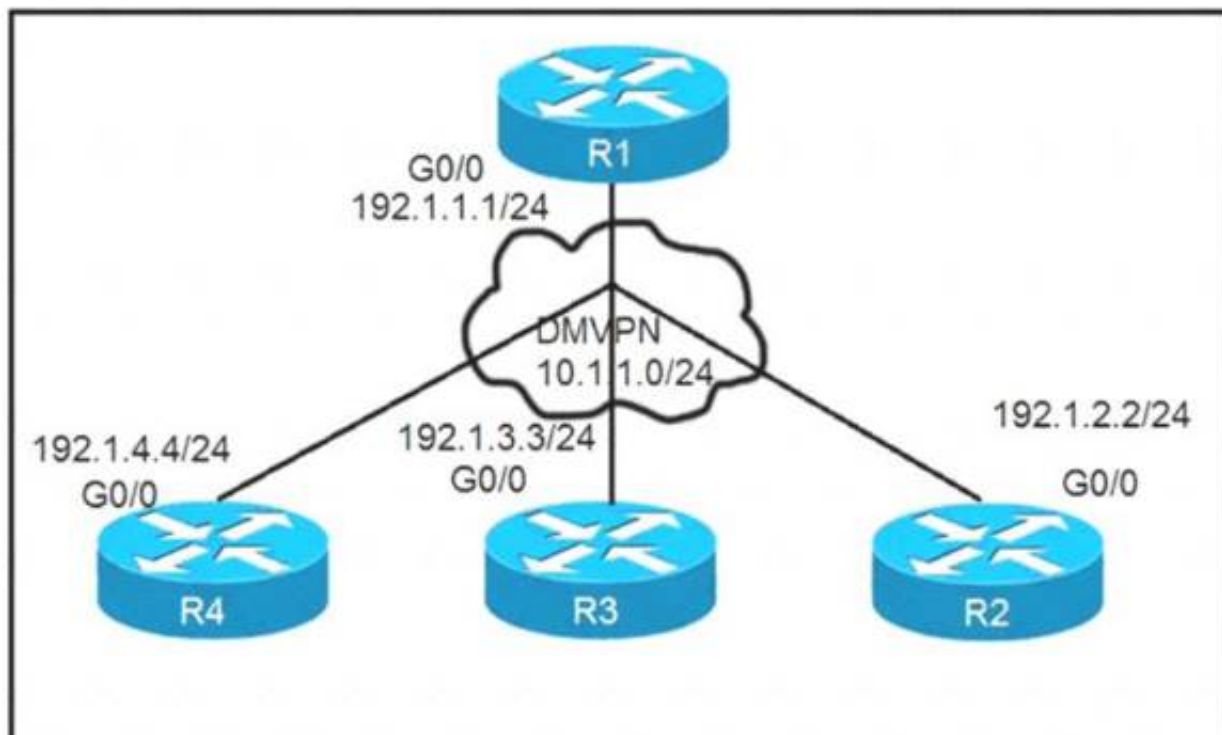
- A. By default, only internal routes and external type 1 routes are redistributed into BGP
- B. Only classful networks are redistributed from OSPF to BGP
- C. BGP convergence is slow, so the route will eventually be present in the BGP table
- D. By default, only internal OSPF routes are redistributed into BGP

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 54

Refer to the exhibits.





```
On R1:
R1(config)# interface tunnel 1
R1(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if)# tunnel source 192.1.1.1
R1(config-if)# tunnel mode gre multipoint
R1(config-if)# ip nhrp network-id 111

On R2:
R2(config)# interface tunnel 1
R2(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
R2(config-if)# tunnel source FastEthernet0/0
R2(config-if)# tunnel mode gre multipoint
R2(config-if)# ip nhrp network-id 222
R2(config-if)# ip nhrp nhs 10.1.1.1
R2(config-if)# ip nhrp map 10.1.1.1 192.1.1.1

On R3:
R3(config)# interface tunnel 1
R3(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.3 255.255.255.0
R3(config-if)# tunnel source FastEthernet0/0
R3(config-if)# tunnel mode gre multipoint
R3(config-if)# ip nhrp network-id 333 R3(config-if)# ip nhrp nhs 10.1.1.1
R3(config-if)# ip nhrp map 10.1.1.1 192.1.1.1

On R4:
R4(config)# interface tunnel 1
R4(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.4 255.255.255.0
R4(config-if)# tunnel source FastEthernet0/0
R4(config-if)# tunnel mode gre multipoint
R4(config-if)# ip nhrp network-id 444
R4(config-if)# ip nhrp nhs 10.1.1.1
R4(config-if)# ip nhrp map 10.1.1.1 192.1.1.1
```

Phase-3 tunnels cannot be established between spoke-to-spoke in DMVPN. Which two commands are missing? (Choose two.)

- A. The ip nhrp redirect command is missing on the spoke routers.
- B. The ip nhrp shortcut command is missing on the spoke routers.
- C. The ip nhrp redirect command is missing on the hub router.
- D. The ip nhrp shortcut command is missing on the hub router.
- E. The ip nhrp map command is missing on the hub router.

**Answer:** BC

#### NEW QUESTION 56

R2 has a locally originated prefix 192.168.130.0/24 and has these configurations:

```
ip prefix-list test seq 5 permit 192.168.130.0/24
!
route-map OUT permit10
match ip address prefix-list test
set as-path prepend 65000
```

What is the result when the route-map OUT command is applied toward an eBGP neighbor R1 (1.1.1.1) by using the neighbor 1.1.1.1 route-map OUT out command?

- A. R1 sees 192.168.130.0/24 as two AS hops away instead of one AS hop away.
- B. R1 does not accept any routes other than 192.168.130.0/24
- C. R1 does not forward traffic that is destined for 192.168.30.0/24
- D. Network 192.168.130.0/24 is not allowed in the R1 table

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 60



Refer to the exhibit.

```
TAC+: TCP/IP open to 171.68.118.101/49 failed --  
Destination unreachable; gateway or host down  
AAA/AUTHEN (2546660185): status = ERROR  
AAA/AUTHEN/START (2546660185): Method=LOCAL  
AAA/AUTHEN (2546660185): status = FAIL  
As1 CHAP: Unable to validate Response. Username chapuser: Authentication failure
```

Why is user authentication being rejected?

- A. The TACACS+ server expects “user”, but the NT client sends “domain/user”.
- B. The TACACS+ server refuses the user because the user is set up for CHAP.
- C. The TACACS+ server is down, and the user is in the local database.
- D. The TACACS+ server is down, and the user is not in the local database.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 61

Refer to the exhibit.

```
Cat3850-Stack-2# show policy-map
```

```
Policy Map LIMIT_BGP
```

```
Class BGP  
drop
```

```
Policy Map SHAPE_BGP
```

```
Class BGP  
Average Rate Traffic Shaping  
cir 10000000 (bps)
```

```
Policy Map POLICE_BGP
```

```
Class BGP  
police cir 1000k bc 1500  
conform-action transmit  
exceed-action transmit
```

```
Policy Map COPP
```

```
Class BGP  
police cir 1000k bc 1500  
conform-action transmit  
exceed-action drop
```

Which control plane policy limits BGP traffic that is destined to the CPU to 1 Mbps and ignores BGP traffic that is sent at higher rate?

- A. policy-map SHAPE\_BGP
- B. policy-map LIMIT\_BGP
- C. policy-map POLICE\_BGP
- D. policy-map COPP

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 64

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